The New-York Times.

VOL. XIII.—NO. 4050. NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1864. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

Files of Richmond Papers to Sept. 12.

Desperate Straits of the Rebel Armies.

The Office-Holders and Exempts to be Forced Into the Ranks.

THE WAILINGS OVER ATLANTA.

HEAVY LOSSES IN THE EVACUATION.

The Situation in Virginia, Georgia and Alabama.

We have received full files of Richmond papers covering dates to the 12th inst., inclusive, from which we make the following very interesting extracts:

THE REBEL ARMIES—THEIR DESPERATE NEED OF MEN.

From the Richmond Dispatch, Sept. 9.

We hold it to be as certain as any future event can be, that the enemy, between this day and the 4th of November, will make more strenuous exertions than he has ever yet made to destroy our armies and involve in their destruction the ruin of the Confederacy. Military success is absolutely essential to the success of Lincoln at the next election. With it, his reëlection is certain; without it, the probabilities of his defeat are very great. As, with him, and with his party, a triumph at the polls is an affair of much greater importance than the good of his country, he will think it cheaply purchased by the blood of fifty or an hundred thousand soldiers. Before that time shall have arrived his drafted men will have begun to pour in. They will be absorbed as fast as they arrive in the old regiments, and not undergo the previous ceremony of a drill at home. They will, therefore, be much the more readily turned into serviceable men, if they do not become exactly what may be called soldiers before the time above designated. *It will be necessary, on our part, to bring out the reserves, as far as possible, in order to reinforce Gen. Lee in Virginia and Gen. Hood in Georgia.* There is ample material for these purposes, if the proper steps be employed, out of the number of men who have already been returned by the Conscription Bureau, but have never served.

First—There are believed to be upward of 8,000 men, of conscript age, belonging to the State Government of Virginia alone. Fully as many are attached to each of the State Governments of North Carolina, Georgia and Alabama. Here are 32,000 men at once—a powerful army of themselves. If Gen. Lee had them well disciplined at this moment, he would settle with Grant before another week had passed over our heads. If Gen. Hood had them, Sherman would leave Atlanta much faster than he came to it. By some means or other these men should be come at. The Confederate Government cannot do it, but the State Government can, by the simplest process in the world. Let each State Legislature be assembled at once, and take measures to place all State officers, who are of the required age, at the disposal of the conscript officers. We especially recommend this policy to the Legislature of Virginia; and to the Governor we would venture to propound the question, whether the matter is not of a sufficiently serious nature to justify the call of an extra session. There can be no reason in the world why these men should not be subjected to the conscription as well as other persons; and the legislation which should make them so would be the most popular legislation it is possible to think of.

Second—We have no idea of the number of men detailed on special duty, or for special objects. Some of these details are absolutely necessary; but we have no doubt that if the system were revised the business would go on quite as well, and the army be greatly the gainer. It is necessary, for instance, to detail large numbers for agricultural purposes. The army and the population must be fed; crops must be planted; bread must be made. Yet we are satisfied that in the details for agricultural purposes great reforms might be made and a large accession of numbers gained by the army. In some places too many men have been taken off by the conscription. This is more especially the case in the mountain counties, where there are few negroes. In other parts of the country too many have been left, if the distribution of the burdens of war with impartiality be an object with those having authority, as we are sure it is. With regard to manufacturing, the case is somewhat different. Skilled workmen are not so numerous as we could wish them to be: and our army must have clothes, shoes, hats, arms and gunpowder. But in all these operations there are many persons employed who have little or no skill, and who might be substituted by older men, and, in many cases, by negroes. In fact, it is a great abuse, in any case, to employ white men of conscript age where negroes could do the work quite as well. There should not be a white driver, for instance, in the service, unless in cases in which uncommon intelligence is necessary.

Third—There is a large number of deserters in the counties lately occupied, but now abandoned by the enemy, who might, with a little exertion, be brought back to their colors. They, in general, never see the newspapers, and therefore do not know that Gen. Lee has offered them a free pardon on condition of their rejoining their ranks by a certain day. At present, the larger part are detained by a feeling of shame and the fear of being tried and shot as deserters. Many of them—we believe the majority—never meant to desert. They merely went to their homes on furlough, and while there, their return to camp was cut off by the enemy making a sudden movement and taking possession of their counties. Most of these men could be brought back if they could see the offer of pardon made to them in Gen. Lee's proclamation.

Fourth—*The conscription has been very general wherever the officers could reach.* But in some of the counties occupied until lately by the enemy, there are numbers of men of conscript age who have not been enrolled. In one county alone we have been assured that there were more than two hundred, and that we take to be hardly the average number. We doubt, indeed, if it be not the *minimum*, if we confine our investigations to the frontier counties. Means ought surely to be taken to bring in all these persons.

The duties of the Bureau of Conscription have been, and continue to be, discharged with great intelligence, industry and success. But they extend no further than to the ascertaining of the whereabouts and *status* of the conscript, and the turning of him over to the military authorities. What may then be done with him, it is no part of the business or duty of that officer to decide. If he be detailed, or desert, or be made a Justice of the Peace, or a mail carrier, it is certainly no fault of the bureau. In some one or other of these ways, and not because the proper return was not made, the country has been robbed of the services of a large army, which, properly employed, might have secured most important advantages. It's not too late now to secure the services of much the larger part of these men, and we hope those in whose power it lies—whether State Legislatures or the Confederate authorities—will do it.

ATLANTA.

THE SITUATION IN GEORGIA.

From the Richmond Examiner, Sept. 12.

The telegraph brings us information of the establishment of a truce of ten days between the opposing forces in Georgia, for the purpose of enabling the people of Atlanta, who desire to enter our lines, to do so in safety. The Macon *Telegraph* of the 6th inst., states that both armies are too thoroughly exhausted to renew the fighting for the present. The same journal learns that the reports of our losses in the recent engagements are gross exaggerations. Our total loss in killed, wounded and prisoners, will not exceed four thousand men, while that of the enemy is said to be not less than five to our one. An officer, who was in all the engagements, reports that the Federals were ten lines of battle deep in some places, and every time they charged our lines it was only to be slaughtered like sheep. Hardee's corps is said to have fought with the most unflinching determination, and only retired when the enemy commenced firing on its flanks. In the retreat we were obliged to abandon several pieces of artillery, not having any horses to haul them.

The situation is very grave, but it is not so dangerous as many would suppose. The troops, though very much humiliated at the necessity of abandoning Atlanta, are still in good spirits, and are as defiant as ever. The reports of their being demoralized are positively false. It is true they look for assistance, and if this is granted to them, they are confident of being able, not only to prevent Sherman from advancing any further, but to rout his army, and either force him to evacuate Atlanta, or to permit himself to be shut up in the city without any prospect of relief. We trust the Government will send every available man to reinforce Gen. Hood. It is of the greatest importance that Atlanta shall be recovered from the enemy, and his campaign defeated, and this can be done if a proper activity and sound policy are observed.

OUR LOSSES AT ATLANTA.

The statements of the extent of our losses of stores, ordnance and ammunition at Atlanta, are contradictory. The Columbus *Sun*, of the 6th instant, says that they were very heavy; that before Atlanta was lost, all our railroad stock that had been retained was destroyed. It amounted to more than one hundred and fifty cars, and several engines. Eighteen of the cars were heavily loaded with ordnance stores, among which were about 5,000 splendid Enfield or Tower muskets, entirely new, with all their equipments. A large number of bridles, saddles, canteens, with splendid web-slings, sword-bayonets, axes, shovels, and other hardware in large quantity. About 3,000,000 rounds of cartridges and ammunition of all kinds and of the very finest quality and character were fired.

That such an enormous amount of material which cannot be replaced, was permitted to accumulate and remain in Atlanta until it became completely isolated and eventually destroyed, exhibits (says the *Sun*) not only most culpable negligence, but the most reprehensible incompetency on the part of those who mismanaged the affair.

FROM ATLANTA.

From the Richmond Examiner, Sept. 10.

Gen. Hood sent no dispatch yesterday, a fact from which we infer the situation is unchanged in Georgia. Since the fall of Atlanta it has been the general belief that Gen. Beauregard was to be sent to take charge of the Army of Tennessee, but on yesterday the opinion in the best informed circles was that Gen. Hood was to be kept in command. Sherman boasted he would go to Andersonville when his army was rested. A skilful General at the head of the brave army of Tennessee, would, in a month, make him repent he had ever uttered this boast. It would become as much a jest and by-word as the old "On to Richmond." But unless he is met with generalship, as well as valor, he will go where he pleases, be the same Andersonville, Columbus or Augusta.

Macon, Saturday, Sept. 10.

Sherman has ordered all white women and children in the city of Atlanta to leave within two weeks. Those taking the oath are to go north of the Tennessee River, and the balance will be sent into our lines.

A flag of truce has been received by Gen. Hood from Gen. Sherman, in which the latter proposes an armistice of ten days, for the purpose of carrying out the order. Gen. Hood has accepted the proposition, but denounced it. The armistice commences next Wednesday.

Gov. Brown has gone to the front for the purpose of making preparations for the reception of the indigent families expected from Atlanta.

The Chattanooga *Gazette* has a dispatch from Sherman, in which he claims that Wheeler's force has been dispersed. (Bosh!)

FROM MOBILE.

Mobile, Friday, Sept. 9.

Gen. Dick Taylor is here at present. He has assumed command of the Department of Alabama and East Louisiana.

Gov. Watts is also in the city.

Four blockaders are now in sight. All quiet.

From the Mobile Register, Sept. 4.

The enemy seem to be busy at something down the bay. On Friday they commenced changing their camp by the evacuation of Cedar Point, and throwing their forces on the main land, at or near Navy Cove, which is in the rear of Fort Morgan. One of the monitors has the appearance of being aground in the upper bay.

The attention of the public is still devoted to military matters, and clumsy companies and battalions are beginning to show a proficiency in their drill, in the school of the company and of the battalion, that would do credit to any body of soldiers. Let the good work go on without any abatement in zeal or the diminution of numbers.

We have nothing to note this week of a strictly local nature of any particular interest. All of our markets have been tolerably well supplied with meats and vegetables, and we are pleased to say, at no advance in prices.

The weather has been excessively hot, with a shower every day.

The theatre opened on Monday evening. The attendance has been very fine.

BEFORE PETERSBTRGH.

ADDITIONAL PARTICULASS OF TPE PICKET SKIRMISH SATURDAY.

Petersburgh, Saturday, Sept. 10.

This morning, about 2 o'clock, the enemy massed eleven regiments in front of Gens. Finnegan's and Harris' picket lines, driving in two of our lines, and capturing some thirty prisoners.

Gens. Finnegan and Harris quickly rallied, retaking the inner skirmish line and capturing sixty prisoners, including one commissioned officer.

One skirmish line was reëstablished at the distance, at some points, of two hundred yards, at others not more than fifty yards in rear of the skirmish line yesterday.

Sharpshooting has been resumed on this part of the line. Heretofore a sort of truce existed.

The prisoners captured belong to the First Brigade, Third Division of the Second Corps.

Nothing of interest this afternoon.

GRANT AND HIS FAMILA—OPERATIONS ON JAMES RIVER, ETC.

Petersburgh, Sunday, Sept. 7.

Gen. Grant has his family now with him at City Point. They occupy the splendid mansion of Dr. Eppes, which has been thoroughly repaired for the Lieutenant-General.

The Yankee sanitary boats go down the James River always fully loaded with sick and wounded. Their transports, for the last several days, have been plying regularly between City Point and Old Point; some taking away troops, others bringing troops back. Grant appears at a loss to know what to do.

The lower country is overrun by bands of marauders from Newport's News, and the Yankee vandal's naval brigade, under the "Brandon" Graham, ply up and down the river, preying upon the farmers along its shore, making clean sweeps of horses, negroes and crops.

On Friday last, the 2d inst., two gunboats visited Smithfield, and landed a force. They carried off several citizens and all the negroes they could get hold of. At the same time a party made a dash on Day's Neck, and secured some horses, which they proposed embarking in flats they have for that purpose, but they were driven off by a detachment of men under Lieut. James R. Woodley, of the Signal Corps, and had to leave their plunder with precipitous haste. These predatory excursions of the enemy will come to grief yet.

From the Richmond Examiner, Sept. 10.

Nothing of interest has occurred at Petersburgh since the cannonading mentioned yesterday, which we administered the Yankees on Thursday. It is well to bombard the Yankees occasionally, if only to make them unhappy and keep them quiet.

Grant has made no new movement. His line is now twenty miles long, his right being at Deep Bottom, on the north side of the James, *his left resting heavily and firmly on the Weldon Railroad*, two miles south of Petersburgh. When old Butler shall have completed his canal across Dutch Gap we may look for a simultaneous movement at that point and from the Weldon Railroad. Until then "all quiet" will be the daily report from Petersburgh.

It is reported that there is little doubt that Grant is receiving reinforcements, and that he is conveying them to his left. Where they come from, or what the object of collecting them on our right can be, is a mere conjecture.

EARLY'S ARMY.

From the Richmond Examiner, Sept. 12.

There is a report, unconfirmed, however, by any official information, that Gen. Early has again beaten the enemy near Harper's Ferry. This is not in accordance with the Yankee statements that Early was retreating up the valley, unless, as is possible, he made a show of retreating to draw them out of their works and pound them as he did the unfortunate Sixth Corps once before. But the report, not agreeing with Yankee newspaper statements, is very far from being any reason why it should be discredited.

MORGAN'S COMMAND.

From the Richmond Examiner, Sept. 12.

Col. Basil W. Duke, formerly of Gen. John H. Morgan's staff, has been assigned to the command of the deceased chieftain's troops. Col. Duke is a dashing young officer, of daring courage and fine abilities.

In this connection we may say that Gen. Gillem's official report of the killing of Gen. Morgan was, like all Yankee army reports, studiously false. Morgan's command were outside of the town of Greenville, and were never engaged with the enemy.

The body of Gen. Morgan was brought to Abingdon, where it was interred to await the time when the soil of his loved Kentucky can receive into its bosom the remains of her gallant and heroic son.

FROM EAST TENNESSEE.

The Lynchburgh *Republican* says that since the late dash upon Greenville, in which Gen. Morgan was killed, the Yankees in East Tennessee have remained quiet in their position at Bull's Gap.

The *Republican* has cheering accounts of the manner in which the new Commander, Gen. Echols, is proceeding with the reorganization and discipline of the forces in his department, which was fast getting to be but lawless mobs, and the best results are anticipated from the energy with which he has entered upon the work.

In confirmation of the *Republican's* remark relative to the lack of discipline in this department, we find in the Wytheville *Banner* an editorial statement to the effect that "the conduct of many of the officers and men was disreputable and foreshadowed disaster. In less than two weeks we had two retreats from Blue Springs—the first to Carter's Depot, a distance of forty miles, the enemy pursuing *six*—the second to Jonesboro', the enemy not pursuing *at all*."

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN MANCHESTER.

From the Richmond Whig, Sept. 12.

About 12½ o'clock last night a fire occurred in Manchester, which resulted in the destruction of Gilmour's tobacco warehouse, the Messrs. Gary & Bro.'s factory, and Mrs. Fenna's residence. The warehouse and factory were very large buildings, and both of them, it is said, were packed with manufactured and unmanufactured tobacco, all of which was a total loss. A portion of the firemen from this city went over to the assistance of the Manchester fire companies, and succeeded in saving a great deal of property from destruction.

The fire originated in the back part of Messrs. Gary'l factory, and is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

All of the buildings belonged to Mr. John Gilmour, who is now residing in Scotland. The tobacco stored in the warehouse belonged to the firm of Messrs. John Gilmour & Co., and was mostly purchased two or three years since. The aggregate value of the tobacco, in present currency, was not less than $2,000,000. The warehouse occupied an entire square. Messrs. Gilmour & Co. are insured for $250,000 in the Richmond offices and agencies. The total loss by the fire is put down at $8,000,000. It is therefore the most destructive conflagration which has occurred here for years.

The Manchester reservoir was empty when the fire broke out, and the pumps were then put to work.

GEN. GRANT'S ARMY.

Picket and Artillery Firing—What Lee is Going to Do, according to Deserters.

Headquarters Army of the Potomac, Thursday, Sept. 13.

Picket and artillery firing has been kept up very briskly since Saturday, the ire of the rebels not seeming to have cooled off yet at being surprised and losing so many prisoners. The result is that some five or six of our men are brought into the hospitals, the majority badly wounded, and some few have died.

Yesterday a large mortar opened on the right, and threw a number of shells into Petersburgh with great precision.

A rebel sharpshooter, this afternoon stole across the Appomattox, and watching his chances, shot one of our men at a battery. He was soon discovered, and as he was making his way back across the river, a well-directed shot struck the boat tearing it to pieces, and it is supposed killing the occupant.

Deserters report that Gen. Lee announced to his troops on Sunday that he would give the Yankees fourteen days to get away from here, but he did not say what he would do if we refused to leave. These men also represent matters to be in a very bad way, over there. They have been on short rations, and those of a poor quality. The first thing they ask on reaching camp is: "Where are we to get rations? We were just going to draw them when we left."

Among the casualties in the Third Division, Second Corps, since Sunday, by picket firing are: Lieut. George Essler, 99th Pennsylvania, killed; Lieut. Benj. F. Morehouse, 11th New-Jersey, wounded in the face; Lieut. J. S. Hobbs, 17th Maine, wounded in the back; Sergt. P. Goldy, 11th Massachusetts, killed.

FROM CITY POINT.

Preparations—Reinforcements—Presentation to Gen. Patrick.

From Our Own Correspondent.

City Point, Va., Sunday, Sept. 11, 1864.

All remains quiet yet in front; but the most active preparations are going on to make our forces before Richmond irresistible. The railroad in course of formation hence to the Weldon road progresses rapidly; men unloading vessels, and trains dashing to and fro, night and day. Not a day passes without seeing the army reinforced by large accessions, and never did a healthier and more hopeful tone exist among our soldiers than at present. Unlimited confidence in a Commander is one-half the battle, and most assuredly Lieut.-Gen. Grant has succeeded in inspiring that feeling universally among his troops.

The ordinary routine of City Point life was enlivened yesterday by a very interesting event, viz.: the presentation of a splendid sword and pair of spurs to Brig.-Gen. M. R. Patrick, the efficient and much-respected Provost-Marshal-General of the armies operating against Richmond. It was the spontaneous gift of the enlisted men of the Twentieth New-York State Militia, aided by men of the Twenty-first, Twenty-third and Thirty-fifth New-York, who have so long and zealously fought under their beloved old General. The occasion for this manifesto was that a portion of the old regiment—nothing now but a glorious remnant of what it was—are about returning home at the expiration of their term, but many of them to return again to their comrades.

The scene was really most impressive, and at times affecting. At 11:30 A. M. the soldiers were drawn up in line in front of Col. Gates' headquarters, where Lieut.-Gen. Grant was present, surrounded by many distinguished officers. Soon a squad of horsemen were seen approaching at a canter, preceded by a noble-looking old man, sitting as upright in his saddle as a youth of 20, and with his long silvery white beard waving in the wind, so that any stranger might have supposed it was the venerable W. C. Bryant, turned Brigadier-General. It was Gen. Patrick accompanied by his staff. The General after saluting, rode singly around the symmetrical line of his gallant companions in arms, at a gentle canter, and then returned to his former position near the house. Here the gift was brought forth and placed in the open space, when Corporal Samuel Norfolk stepped forth, and in a modest but feeling speech begged the General to accept this tribute of gratitude, love and respect from the men who had so long and faithfully followed him in numberless battles.

The General—who is, by the way, no ordinary orator—then stepped forth and replied in a most thrilling and beautiful speech. I wish it could have been taken down entire, for, at this crisis of the nation, the solemn words of patriotism and warning which fell from his lips deserved a national audience. When he alluded to the many battle-fields on which they had shared a common danger—(embracing Chantilly, South Mountain, Antietam, Gettysburgh, Bull Run, Sulphur Springs, Fredericksburgh and every other great fight under McClellan, Pope and Burnside)—when he spoke of the fallen brave and of the thinned ranks he now saw before him, and called up the tender associations which exist between a loved Commander and his men who have shared together such sufferings and such glories, the old man was affected even to tears, and there was not a manly breast among his auditory that did not, more or less, share his emotions.

The present is, in itself, a magnificent affair, and cost, I was told, $1,200. The sword blade is most beautifully chased in gold, with a soldier on one side, and on the other U. S. The scabbard is equally rich with carved figures and a dedicatory inscription, and surmounted by a monogram of the General's name and brilliants. The spurs are of solid silver. The whole was inclosed in a splendid satin wood case, with a rich gold shield in the centre, having an engraved monogram of the General's initials.

Such things as these may appear trifles to the general reader, but they are no trifles in the army. It is such spontaneous manifestations as these between men and their commanders which keep up that love and respect, that *esprit du corps*, without which our armies would be dead and impotent machines. Coming from the rank and file of his men entirely, it had a deeper significance to the beloved recipient, and justified him in the eloquent remark that such a tribute, coming from such a source, and in such a manner, "was more costly by far than the regal, but slavish, testimonials laid at the feet of monarchs."

J. R. HAMILTON.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

The Quarrel Between the City Delegations.

TAMMANY INDORSED AS REGULAR.

Withdrawal of the Other Delegations.

Horatio Seymour Renominated for Governor.

D. R. Floyd Jones Nominated for Lieutenant-Governor.

The Chicago Nominations and Platform Indorsed.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

Albany, Thursday, Sept. 15.

The Copperhead State Convention this morning decided to recognize Tammany Hall as the regular exponent of Democracy in the City. One-half of the Tammany delegation was admitted, and the other half was divided up between Wood, McKeon, Mozart, Jr., and the "What is it." The McKeon delegation bolted at once, and the most responsible members are inquiring when the State ticket is to get over 15,000 in the City. The convention is in the hands of Cagger, Richmond and Tammany. It is "slashing round" at a rate that is perfectly destructive to Democratic china.

LEO.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

Albany, Thursday, Sept. 15.

The Democratic State Convention reassembled at 10½ o'clock this morning.

Mr. Abbott, of Livingston, from the Committee on Credentials, reported in favor of the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the organization known as the Tammany Hall organization is the regular organization of the Democracy of New-York, and that the delegates claiming seats here under that organization have been regularly elected as delegates to this convention.

Resolved, That inasmuch as the other delegations from the City of New-York represent patriotic democratic constituences pledged to the support of the Democratic National and State candidates, they be admitted, together with the Tammany Hall delegation, to seats in this convention, and that the delegations thus admitted be allowed to cast the vote of New-York as follows;

Tammany Hall, nine votes.

The delegation represented before the committee by Hon. John McKeon, two votes.

The delegation represented by Dr. R. B. Bradford, two votes.

The delegation represented by Benjamin Ray, Esq., two votes.

The delegations representing the two German organizations, one vote each,

Resolved, That each delegation admitted elect from its members already reported to the convention, a number of members corresponding to its number of votes, which delegates alone shall have voice and vote in the convention.

The committee further report that Lawrence Hardy is the regularly elected delegate from the Second District of Kings County.

Mr. Ira Shafer, of Albany, moved the previous question.

The motion was carried and the report of the committee adopted.

Mr. Cozans said that the organization with which he had the honor to act, begged leave to retire for consultation, while willing and anxious to do everything calculated to promote harmony in the party—but for his part he could never consent to sit in a convention with a delegation headed by a man whom he knew to be disloyal and untrue to his country.

The delegation headed by Mr. Cozans then withdrew.

Mr. John McKeon, of New-York, said he had listened with deep regret to the reading of the report of the committee. He and those with whom he had the honor to act felt that the report did great injustice to men who have devoted their best energies to the cause of the Democracy and the Union. They are true to their principles and will prove true in the coming election. He spoke for 29,000 Democrats who cast their votes in New-York last Fall. These men have a fight there against Tammany Hall and its corruption, which must go on, and feeling that a serious wrong has been done them in the matter of representation here, they cannot accept the conditions offered.

The McKeon delegation then retired.

Dr. Bradford, on behalf of the regular Wood-Mozart Hall delegation, said that on former occasions that organization had been awarded equal rights with Tammany Hall. The gentlemen representing Mozart Hall, at a meeting held here this morning, resolved that they could not consent to any abridgement of their rights.

Dr. Bradford and his delegation retired.

Mr. Samuel Hirsch, speaking for the German Democratic Delegation of New-York, said that they too regretted the conclusions of the committee because they could not regard them as fair. That delegation represents a very large body of German citizens who are determined to stand firm by the cause of the Democracy, true to McClellan and Pendleton and to the nominations of this convention, but they felt that they could not consent to participate in the doings of the convention on the terms of the report.

The German delegation then withdrew.

Mr. S. M. Show, of Otsego, moved to reconsider the vote, believing that this convention would act wisest if it followed the course marked out by previous State Conventions and the National Convention, namely, to recognize the Tammany oganization as regular, and give her the full represenation. This he believed would be the most effectual way to settle the matter definitely, as our friends in New-York will then understand they can hope for nothing by bringing their quarrels to our State Conventions. They will then understand that they must settle their differences among themselves.

Mr. Haskin moved to amend, by giving Tammany the votes of the retired delegations.

Mr. Farrell, of Niagara, opposed both motions. He held that all the delegations, each representing as they do large and powerful organizations, ought to be admitted on equal terms.

Mr. John T. Hoffman, of New-York, said that Tammany, although feeling that she alone is entitled to the representation here, assented, for the sake of harmony, to the report, and he, therefore, hoped that no further action would be had in the premises, but that the convention would now proceed with its other business.

Both propositions were then withdrawn.

Mr. Farrell, of Niagara, renewed the motion to reconsider, and it was lost.

E. H. Southworth, of Oneida, submitted the following report on permanent organization, which was adopted:

President—Daniel Pratt, of Onondaga.

Vice-Presidents—Aaron A. Degram, of Queens; William A. Fowler, of Kings; Andrew R. Culver, of Kings; Matthew D. Bogart, of Rockland; Enoch Carter, of Orange; King Chandler of Dutchess; George Chambers, of Ulster; Peter S. Danforth, of Schoharie; Albert Hall, of Rensselaer; Frederick Hubbell, of Warren; Ezra Stiles, of Franklin; William T. Odell, of Saratoga; Philo Webb, of Chenango; John W. Tamlin, of Jefferson; Joseph Benedict, of Oneida; Chas. A. Walrath, of Madison; Alvin Porter, of Cortland; Jared Sanford, of Seneca; David Pierrepont, of Ontario; Geo. E. Isbell, of Broome; James G. Bennett, of Steuben; D. B. Delany, of Monroe; Moses S. Hunting, of Niagara; Amen Porter, of Erie; E. T. Harmon, of Cattaraugus.

Secretaries—E. O. Perrin, of Queens; Thomas E. Davis, Jr., of Richmond; Francis Kierney, of Albany; James F. Pierce, of St. Lawrence; Henry W. Bentley, of Oneida; Mathew D. Freer, of Schuyler; E. Oasner, of Yates; Henry J. Glowackie, of Genesee.

After returning thanks for the honor conferred, Judge Pratt said that four years ago he was a member of a Democratic Convention called for a purpose similar to the object of this convention. Four years is but a short space in the history of a nation; yet what terrible events have crowded into it! Then we were a free, a happy and a prosperous people, at peace with all the world and at peace among ourselves. We were free from debt, comparatively free from taxation, and in the enjoyment of a material prosperity unparalleled in history. During the previous fifty years, under the benign influences of the Democratic party, we had become a great nation. But now how changed! We have upon us by far the most gigantic and vindictive war that ever distracted a country. Half a million of our young men have been sacrificed to the dread Moloch of war, and the appetite for blood is not appeased. The spirit of implacable hatred has been sown and fostered throughout the land. An enormous debt has been created which must rest for ages like an incubus upon the industry of the country. The national statute book has been filled with laws subversive of the Constitution and destructive of the principles of civil liberty; and the freedom of the press and of speech, and the writ of liberty, have been struck down. The Republican party is responsible for all these wrongs heaped upon a patient people. Many of our difficulties have grown directly out of their acts, and all of them might have been prevented by the exercise of discreet statesmanship. If Abraham Lincoln had fulfilled his early pledges to the Border States' men, secessionism would have gone to pieces in three months. If, even after blood had been shed, the principles embodied in the Crittenden resolution, to which Mr. Lincoln and his party were pledged, had been observed, peace would long since have been restored. But they have been false to their pledges, faithless to the people, and they must be deposed. The remedy lies in the union of all conservative men and the election of McClellan and Pendleton. All unconstitutional laws must be removed from the statute-book, and every honorable means must be exhausted, if needs be, for the sake of peace upon the basis of the Constitution and the Union. The Union cannot be restored under the present Administration. Subjugation or separation is inevitable under its policy. Its schemes of emancipation can never be successful. It is an insuperable obstacle to the restoration of the Union. Our opponents profess horror at the mere mention of peace. It seems to fill them with rage, and yet the very object of war is peace. Much, continued Mr. Pratt, depends upon our deliberations. For two years after the commencement of the war, the press was muzzled, and loyal citizens had to confer with each other in whispers. Then the people arose in their might and majesty and power, and rebuked the Administration and its tyrannous conduct, by the election of that noble patriot and statesman, Horatio Seymour. [Loud cheers.] We have only to speak with greater emphasis, the verdict rendered two years ago against this corrupt Administration, and all will come right again. The effect then seemed to fill the authorities at Washington with vengeance, and they struck back at the people, by removing from the army the next day, Gen. McClellan. It is now our duty to reinstate him—to place him in the highest position in the gift of the people, and if the people do this there will be hope for the country—for a united country. [Loud applause.]

Mr. Tweed, of New-York moved the appointment of a committee of two from each Judicial District to report the names of State Electors for the consideration of the convention. Carried.

Mr. Warren, of Erie, moved the appointment of a committee of one from each Judicial District to report resolutions. Carried.

Mr. Glowackie moved that the delegates of each Judicial District report the names of two persons to constitute the State Central Committee for the ensuing year. Carried.

Mr. G. H. Purser, of New-York, moved that the Committee on Permanent Organization be instructed to report officers to the convention for the Second Judicial District. Carried, and the following were reported for Vice-Presidents: Matthew T. Brennan, George H. Purser, Magnus Gross, Wm. Tweed, James Hayes and William J. Peck. For Secretary: Nathaniel Jarvis, Jr.

The President then announced the following committees:

On Electors—Messrs. Tweed, New-York; Brennan, New-York; Chapman, Queens; Thorn, Dutchess; Shafer, of Albany; Tuttle, Ulster; Carroll, Fulton; Hand, Essex; Perry, Oswego; Johnson, Lewis; Matteson, Chenango; Isbell, Broome; Bowman, Monroe; Stearns, Cayuga; Glowackie, Genesee; Stowell, Cattaraugus.

On Resolutions—Messrs. Warren, Erie; Hoffman, New-York; Harkness, Westchester; Cagger, Albany; Vibbard, Schenectady; Tamlin, Jefferson; Shaw, Otsego; Wright, Ontario.

On motion, the convention took a recess until 1 P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The convention was called to order at 2:30 P. M., when Mr. Tweed, of New-York, from the Committee on Electors, made the following report, which was adopted:

At Large—Wm. E. Kelly, of Dutchess, and Washington Hunt, of Niagara.

District Electors—First, Robt. Christie, Jr., Richmond; Second, Isaac Van Anden, Kings; Third, Wm. Marshall, Kings; Fourth, August Belmont, New-York; Fifth, Isaac Bell, New-York; Sixth, Chas. P. Daly, New-York; Seventh, Oswald Ottendorfer, New-York; Eighth, George Law, New-York; Ninth, Daniel Devlin, New-York; Tenth, A. E. Suffern, Rockland; Eleventh, Jas. E. Quinan; Twelfth, Moses T. Tilden, Columbia; Thirteenth, Jacob Hardenburgh, Ulster; Fourteenth, Samuel Ransom, Albany; Fifteenth, Wm. A. Russell, Washington; Sixteenth, Stephen Griffin, Warren; Seventeenth, David C. Judson, St. Lawrence; Eighteenth, Chauncey Vibbard, Schenectady; Nineteenth, Robt. Parker; Twentieth, De Witt C. West; Twenty-first, Henry D. Southworth, Oneida; Twenty-second, Delos De Wolf, Oswego; Twenty-third, Mathias Van Hoesen, Cortlandt; Twenty-fourth, Cullen Foster, Wayne; Twenty-fifth, Alonzo Bradner, Livingston; Twenty sixth, Henry D. Barlow, Tompkins; Twenty-seventh, Daniel C. Howell, Steuben; Twenty-eighth, Thos. Korns, Monroe; Twenty-ninth, Henry J. Glowackii, Genesee; Thirtieth, Solomon Schaw, Erie; Thirty-first, Benj. Chamberlain, Cattaraugus.

Mr. Warren, of Erie, Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, then submitted the following report, which was adopted by acclamation, the resolution referring to Gov. Seymour being received with a perfect storm of applause:

Resolved, That the Democracy of New-York, through their representatives in convention assembled, ratify and indorse the nomination of Gen. George B. McClellan for President, and George H. Pendleton for Vice-President of the United States, and that we pledge to them the electoral vote of the Empire State.

Resolved, That the patriotic principles declared by the National Democratic Convention, as nobly and eloquently expounded by its candidate for the Presidency, in his recent letter of acceptance, embody a line of public policy upon which alone the American people can restore the Union, reëstablish Constitutional liberty, give security to individual rights, and secure the return of a permanent and honorable peace.

Resolved, That we heartily respond to the pledge of our candidate, George B. McClellan, that he will, if elected, "exhaust all the resources of statesmanship to secure peace, reëstablish the Union, and guarantee for the future the rights of every State;" that with this pledge and the Jacksonian declarations that "The Union must be maintained at all hazards"—that "It is the one condition of peace"—that "Without it no peace can be permanent"—we present him for the suffrages of the Electors of New-York, confident they will accept him as the only candidate capable of restoring the Union under the Constitution.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the State of New-York is as it has always been, unalterably opposed to the rebellion, and that we recognize in the victories of the national army and navy, and in the manifest popular determination to change the present Administration and return to the policy to which the Executive, Congress and the people were solemnly pledged in the Crittenden Resolution, coöperative movements toward peace and Union.

Resolved, That the Administration of Abraham Lincoln, by its usurpations, its disregard of the Constitution, its violation of personal liberty and State Rights, its resort to military power to subvert civil authority, its temporizing and cowardly degradation of the nation in its foreign policy, its perversion of the war from its original object, and its avowed determination to prolong it—in the language of Abraham Lincoln—to compel "the abandonment of Slavery," has become revolutionary in its character, and that it is the duty of the conservative men of all parties to unite in substituting in its place an Administration which will seek, "in the Constitution of the United States, and the laws passed in accordance therewith, the rule of its duty and the limitations of its power."

Resolved, That the thanks of the people of New-York are tendered to the soldiers and sailors of this State and of the Union who have so nobly defended our flag and our nationality; that we will honor the living, liberally and generously care for the sick and wounded, and gratefully cherish the memory of the dead.

Resolved, That to Gov. Horatio Seymour the gratitude of the Democracy is ever due. They can never forget that it was he who in the midst of our disasters and in the face of an overbearing adversary, was foremost in uplifting the banner of Constitutional Liberty, which he has since born unsullied through every battle. That it was he who by his wisdom, arrested public discord, by his firmness repelled aggressions upon State rights and personal liberty, and by the purity of his public life and the elevation of his purposes, exhibited in the midst of general corruption and factiousness, the highest qualities of a statesman and a patriot.

The thanks of the Convention were then tendered to the Committee for their report.

The several judicial delegations reported the following selection of members for the State Central Committee:

First—Peter B. Sweeney and Charles G. Cornell, of New-York.

Second—Wm. M. Parker, of Kings, and H. A. Nelson, of Dutchess.

Third—Peter Cagger, of Albany, and F. L. Lafin, of Ulster.

Fourth—Wm. B. Odell, of Saratoga, and Edwin Dodge, of St. Lawrence.

Fifth—John A. Green, of Onondaga, and J. Spriggs, of Oneida.

Sixth—Duncan S. McGee, of Schuyler, and Dow Russell, of Otsego.

Seventh—Wm. Rowley, of Monroe, and E. P. Ross, of Cayuga.

Eighth—Dean Richmond, of Genesee, and A. P. Laning, of Erie.

Mr. De Graw, of Queens, now rose and moved that Horatio Seymour be nominated as the candidate for Governor by acclamation.

The motion was carried amid the greatest enthusiasm, the delegates rising to their feet, and giving round after round of cheers for the nominee.

Mr. Benedict said that Gov. Seymour is profoundly grateful for the confidence of the Democracy, and especially of the Democracy of the Empire State, but he had authorized him to say to the convention that he must positively decline a renomination. He therefore begged leave, with regret, to withdraw the name of Gov. Seymour as a candidate before the convention.

Vociferous cries resounded through the hall, "Too late!" "Too late!" "Seymour must stand." "We will have no other candidate."

Mr. Southworth, of Oneida, said that, in company with other delegates from Oneida, he had called upon Gov. Seymour, in the last hour, and he positively declined to allow the use of his name.

Mr. Benedict added, "That the Governor was asked whether, if the nomination were tendered by acclamation, he would accept, and he replied that even under that circumstance he could not do so, as the condition of his private affairs and other considerations forbade it.

It was then moved and carried that a committee be appointed to wait upon Gov. Seymour, and inform him of his nomination.

The President appointed Messrs. Farnell, Tweed, John M. Strong, Joseph Benedict and Joseph Warren, as such committee.

During the absence of the committee, Gen. McClellan's letter of acceptance was read and received with great enthusiasm.

John B. Haskin nominated for Lieutenant-Governor, Hon. David R. Floyd Jones, of Queens.

Mr. Odell said that he was with the mover in the support of the nomination of Mr. Jones, but he suggested that it would be more proper toa wait the report of the committee appointed to call on the Governor.

Mr. Haskin assented to the suggestion, and said that he would not press the motion now.

Subsequently, Mr. Farnell said that the committee had waited upon Gov. Seymour, who said to them that his health would not admit of his attending the convention. He said further that the party ought not to impose upon him a nomination at this time, as his health had been impaired by excessive labor during the past two years and a half, and that his private business, with that of other business of which he had the management, had suffered from want of his personal attention, and he therefore begged the committee to implore the convention to pass him by, and nominate somebody else. He also desired to tender the members of the convention his kindest and best wishes, and to assure them that he would give the nominees of the Chicago Convention, and our State nominations throughout the canvass, his earnest and most cordial support. But, said Mr. Farnell, he added that he felt that if the convention insisted upon his being the candidate of the Democracy, he did not feel at liberty, at this hour of our country's peril, to say that they should not use his name.

As the delegates caught the words of the last sentence of Mr. Farnell's remarks, the enthusiasm rose to the highest pitch, and vociferous cheers were given with warm and hearty earnestness, and the nomination of Horatio Seymour for Governor was made by acclamation.

The convention then proceeded with the other nominations.

The motion of Mr. Haskin to nominate David R. Floyd Jones for Lieutenant-Governor by acclamation then prevailed, and the nomination was greeted with enthusiastic cheers.

A delegate from Monroe moved the nomination of Jarvis Lord for Canal Commissioner, and it was carried by acclamation.

Ira Shafer, of Albany, moved that David B. McNeil, of Clinton, be nominated by acclamation as candidate for Inspector of the State Prison, and it was carried.

The convention then, with three tremendous cheers for the State ticket and for McClellan and Pendleton, adjourned *sine die*.

MASSACHUSETTS REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

Hon. Edward Everett and Hon. Whiting Griswold Nominated Electors at Large.

Worcester, Thursday, Sept. 15.

The Republican State Convention met here today. Nearly sixteen hundred delegates were present. Gov. Andrew and the rest of the State ticket were renominated by acclamation, with the exception of Attorney-General Foster, who declined, and Chester J. Reed, of Taunton, was nominated in his stead.

Hon. Edward Everett, of Boston, and Hon. Whiting Griswold, of Greenfield, were nominated as Electors at Large by acclamation.

Col. A. H. Bullock, of Worcester, made a patriotic and eloquent speech, contrasting the two platforms, and defending President Lincoln in a convincing manner.

THE MAINE ELECTION.

Gov. Cony's Majority About the Same as Last Year.

Augusta, Me., Thursday, Sept. 15.

Official returns have been received from two hundred and seventy-five cities and towns and plantations, showing a total vote of 85,052, and a majority for Gov. Cony of 15,316.

The total vote yet to be heard from will amount to about 25,000 and will increase Gov. Cony's majority to nearly 18,000, or about the same as last year.

The total vote of the State will be nearly 10,000 less this year than last.

Returns from 119 Representative Districts show the election of 102 Union and 17 Democratic Representatives to the Legislature.

The Senate is unanimously Union and every county in the State has been carried by the Union party.

Wisconsin Politics.

Milwaukee, Wednesday, Sept. 15.

The Democratic Convention at Racine, yesterday, nominated John W. Cary, of Milwaukee, for Congress for the First District, and C. A. Eldridge, of Fon du Lac, for the Fourth District.

The Arabia Inward Bound.

Halifax, Thursday, Sept. 15.

The steamship *Arabia* sailed at 4 o'clock this (Thursday) morning for Boston, where she will be due to-morrow afternoon. Among her passengers are Hon. E. M. Archibald, British Consul, and E. S. Sanford, Esq., President of the American Telegraph Company.

Marine Disasters.

Sydney, B. B., Thursday, Sept. 15.

During an easterly gale at Cow Bay, 13th, the brigs *Clyde*, of Digby; *Judge Hathaway*, of New-York; *Veteran*, of Liverpool; *N. S. J. Congdon*, of Halifax; and *Annie Graves*, of St. John, N. B., were driven ashore, and will be total wrecks.

The United States Steamer Kearsarge.

HER ARRIVAL AT FAYAL.

Boston, Thursday, Sept. 15.

The United States steamer *Kearsarge*, Commander Winslow, was at Fayal Aug. 28, bound to New-York.

Intended Union Demonstration in Jersey City.

We have been given to understand that after the McClellan Ratification Meeting in Jersey City on Saturday next, there will come off a similar demonstration to that which was held in Brooklyn City last evening, and that Hon. Dudley S. Gregory and other warm supporters of Mr. Lincoln will be present to give their countenance and support to such demonstration. Steps have been already taken for such a purpose.

Trade Sale of Books.—There was a large attendance from this City and abroad yesterday, at the rooms of Mr. J. E. Cooley, on the opening of the Fall trade sale of books. The sale opened with the invoice of Miles P. Hazard, of Philadelphia, which was followed by those of Clark & Maynard, John Bradburn and Dion Thomas, of New-York. In the evening the invoice of E. H. Butler & Co., H. Hooker and Messrs. Martin of Philadelphia, and W. Gowans of this City, were sold. The bidding was spirited, sales active and prices good. This morning the large invoice of D. Appleton & Co. will be offered.

An Englishman's View of the Presidential Election.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

I am an Englishman—indeed I have not been landed on your shores more than seven days—therefore I may be supposed to have some idea of the position taken by the English press. In addition to this I have had the honor of editing an English paper, notoriously favorable to the Federal cause. May I crave, therefore, a little space in your crowded columns. The London *Times*, the *Standard* and the *Daily Telegraph*, (the paper for which the eccentric G. A. SALA scribbles,) all unite in declaring their sympathy with the nomination of Gen. MCCLELLAN, the very man to whom but a year or so ago they pointed the finger of withering scorn. The London *Times* wants to hear of the election of a Peace candidate, and so, indeed, do the people of this Union. Between the two, however, there appears to me to be a gigantic difference. The *Times* would ask you to accept peace at the expense of honor, traditional rights and liberty. You are anxious for peace based upon victory over blood-bespattered traitors, and the integrity of the Union. The very fact that these London papers speak favorably of MCCLELLAN, ought to be considered a good reason for your fighting shy of him. These rebel sympathizers are keen enough to perceive that the election of MCCLELLAN (should he be true to the policy of his party) would be most injurious to the cause of liberty and peace. Nay, more than that—it would almost irretrievably ruin you. Any American who is familiar with the (as we term it in England) lying *Times*, will be aware that its desire for the cessation of this horrible strife is both selfish and hypocritical. But, Sir, there are papers in England which have strenuously, steadfastly—aye, and even enthusiastically supported the Federal cause and sought to counteract the evil designs of the London *Times* and its audacious copartners in guilt and falsehood. The *Daily News* and the *Morning Star* have, from the onset, been Federal to the backbone; yet what say they about this forthcoming election? Why, they say, if you study your own interest, your national honor and future peace, you will elect—Gen. G. B. MCCLELLAN? No, but ABRAHAM LINCOLN, of Illinois, the man who would not permit the "little Mac," the "Young Napoleon," the "*hesitater*," to trifle with a noble army, or play traitor in the face of an anxious people. The nomination of such a man as MCCLELLAN might be taken as an insult, especially when his military antecedents are analyzed. But it seems there are politicians in America, as in England, who have face enough for anything. If "Mac" is elected, the London *Times* will express its satisfaction, but will secretly laugh at you. If LINCOLN is your choice, it will howl forth its maledictions, for then it will know the Union is neither dead nor sleepeth.

Wishing prosperity to the Republic, I remain yours, &c. ROBERT PONTIFX MALLORY.

A Soldier on the Chicago Platform.

The subjoined passages from the letter of a private soldier to a friend in this City shows how little favor the peace and submission doctrines of the Democratic party find in the noble armies of the Union:

CITY POINT, Tuesday, Sept. 6, 1864.

When I first read the platform of the Chicago Convention I felt as if I could whip every enemy the country had, and as if I had been put in action the next minute I doubt very much if I would have shown a particle of quarter whatever.

Only to think of a cowardly set of villains and traitors gathering together and making proposals of peace with a gang of outlaws, when any man of common sense and courage (which I suppose this convention never heard of) can see that they are about giving up the contest, knowing themselves that they are beaten as badly as any people ever was in the whole world. I don't believe there is a soldier in the army willing to abide by a cessation of hostilities, unless it may be a few bounty jumpers, and I don't call them friends to the cause, nor even men, much less soldiers. If I had my way, JEFF. DAVIS would have to call for peace twice, at least, before I would listen to him, and then I would answer, "Peace and pardon to all except JEFF. DAVIS, and hemp for him and for all others who are found bearing arms against the Government ten days after the issue of the proclamation."

We have got them by the throat now, and with a little choking, they will give up the contest. *But no.* A party of rebel sympathizers must get together and save their friends from being disgraced, not even caring what becomes of the country as long as they can get control of the Government. They beg for peace first, so that it may appear to foreign nations that we were glad to give up the contest.

With a cessation of hostilities, the rebs, of course, will demand the withdrawal of our blockading fleet; for as long as that remains, there cannot be a cessation of hostilities. Now, I would like to know what would become of us all if we allowed such men as these Copperheads to get control of the country. For my part, I would rather my body should be laid under Virginia soil than to know that such a thing ever happened to my country. I often heard the old story that a man never went to Heaven from Chicago; and I wonder that the ground did not open under the convention and swallow them up.

Hoping ABRAHAM LINCOLN will be our President for the next four years, and that the rebellion will be crushed before the cold weather sets in, I remain your true friend and Uncle Sam's servant, G. F.

McClellan's Letter in the West.

OPINION OF THE CHICAGO PEACE ORGAN.

The Chicago *Times* has committed itself irretrievably to the support of Gen. MCCLELLAN. In its issue of Saturday it says:

"After three years of war, as desperate and extended as the world has known, threatening the national life, and with its varied changes driving the Administration into measures as vacillating and contradictory as they were corrupt, impolitic and unconstitutional, MCCLELLAN, the most prominent and responsible officer at the commencement of the contest, points back to the measures, civil and military, which he urged as the means of success, and appeals to the history of the war to vindicate his military skill and statesmanship. His letter of acceptance is essentially a reaffirmation of the principles and policies which he pressed upon the attention of Mr. LINCOLN in his letter from Harrison's Landing, July 7, 1862.

So he has vindicated himself. So is our cause made good. The comprehensive prescience which enabled him to realize the magnitude of the contest was Democracy. He had sat, not at the feet of Gamaliel, but of patriarchs and lawgivers as pure and with perceptions as far-reaching and accurate as those of the venerable Hebrew. From these he drew the inspiration guiding his judgment. The National Convention saw in his correct appreciation of Democracy, and his capacity practically to apply its principles, one worthy to bear its standard. He accepts the trust, and with it all the conditions named, and all the restrictions imposed by the cardinal principles of the party, and which have hitherto so righteously guarded, under Democratic Administrations, the bounds of authority and the liberties of the citizen.'

Jefferson Davis on Reunion.

We commend to the careful perusal of our Democratic friends the following extracts from the speech of JEFF. DAVIS, before the Legislature of Mississippi, on the 26th of December, 1862:

"Our enemies are a traditionless, homeless race. From the days of CROMWELL to the present day they have been the disturbers of the peace of the world. Gathered together by CROMWELL from the bogs and the fens of the north of Ireland and of England, they commenced by disturbing the peace of their own country. They disturbed that of Holland, to which they fled, and they disturbed England on their return. After what has happened the last two years, my only wonder is that we consented to live for so long a time in association with such miscreants. Were it ever proposed to enter again into a Union with such a people, I could no more consent to do it than to trust myself in a den of thieves."

RECRUITING IN THE REBEL STATES.—The Cleveland *Herald* says that Mr. CHARLES E. WILSON, who went down to Georgia and Alabama on behalf of the city, to obtain negro substitutes, returned on Monday last without having bagged a single "black-bird." He says the endeavor to obtain substitutes in those States is not only exceedingly unsuccessful but decidedly unthankful business. A man who goes down in the vicinity of our armies to obtain black substitutes for able-bodied men remaining at home, is looked upon by officers and soldiers as engaged in about the smallest business that can be found in the whole United States.

A BONDED WAREHOUSE ROBBED.—MICHAEL SHEEHAN, an Irish laborer, was arrested on Wednesday night by the Twenty-seventh Precinct Police, charged with having forced open the skylight of the United States Bonded Warehouse, No. 58 Greenwich-street, occupied by Mr. B. R. BIXBY, and stealing therefrom woolen goods valued at $260. Papers in which the goods had been wrapped were found in SHEEHAN's possession. He was committed for trial.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Sept. 15, 1864.

$10,000	U.S. 6s, '67	120	100	Consolidation Coal Co. of Md.	60
2,000	U.S. 5s, '68..R.	118	100	do.	61
9,000	U.S. 6s, '68..C.	121	50	N.Y. Cen. R.	125¾
85,000	U.S. 6s, '81...R.	108	100	do......s30	125¾
8,000	do.	107⅞	100	do......b30	126¼
100,000	U.S. 6s, 5-20s C.	110¼	1000	Erie Railway	105
5,000	U.S. 6s, 5-20s..R.	109⅝	300	do......b10	105¼
6,000	U.S. 5s, 10-40s..C.	97	300	do.	104⅞
8,000	Treas. 7 3-10 N. Oct. & April..	110½	600	Cleve. & Pitts..b30	111
18,000	do.	110⅝	300	do.	110⅜
46,000	U.S. 6s, 1-yr..C.	94⅛	300	do.	110⅜
60,000	do.	94	350	Hudson Riv. R.	117⅜
10,000	do......b10	94⅛	200	do......b34	118⅜
1,000	O. State 6s '86..	113½	25	do.	118
10,000	O. & M. Cer.	43	300	do......b10	118
15,000	do.	42⅞	600	do.	117¾
5,000	N.Y. Cen. 6s.	115	100	do......b34	118⅞
4,000	N.Y. Cen. 7s	130	100	Reading R.	129¾
4,000	Erie R. 3d M.	115	200	do.	129¾
2,000	Hud. 2d M. S.F.	117	1550	do.	130
20,000	M.C. 8s Co. 1st M.		1300	do......b10	130¼
	[illegible]	127	300	do......b15	130¼
8,000	C.&N.W. Sink. M.	96	200	do......b30	132
5,000	Gal. & Chi. 2d M.	109	200	do......b10	130½
1,000	N.J. Cen. 1st M.	120	200	Mich. Central R.	133
5,000	P., Ft. W. & C. 1st	119	1000	M.S. & N.I.	81½
3,000	P., Ft. W. & C. 2d.	115	400	do.	81¼
4,000	Chi. & Alt. 1st M.	109	300	do......b5	81½
1,000	Mariposa 1st M.	82	300	do.	81½
2,500	Amer. Gold	227½	50	Panama R.	232
50	Mer. Ex. Bank	100	100	Ill. C.R. Scrip..s30	127
5	Fourth Nat. Bk.	94	700	do.	127
500	Cum. Coal Pr.	62½	100	do......b30	127⅛
1000	do.	62⅜	25	do.	126¾
200	do.	62½	200	Chic. & N.W.	51½
200	do.	62⅝	200	do.	51¾
200	do.	62½	200	do.	52
500	do.	63	100	do......b30	52⅛
200	do......b5	63	400	do......b30	52¼
300	do......b30	63⅞	200	C. & N.W. Prf.	84¾
400	Quicksilv. M.	81¼	200	do......b30	85⅜
200	do.	81⅛	200	Chic. & R.I. R.	107¼
100	do.	81⅝	100	do.	107⅜
100	do.	82	50	do......b15	108
200	do......b30	82¼	600	P. Ft. W. & Chi.	107¾
100	Wyom. V. Coal	50	40	do.	107⅜
700	Bucks Co. Lead	½	100	Han. & St. J. R.	29
50	Erie R. Pref.	108			

SECOND BOARD.

$25,000	U.S. 6s, 5-20s C.	110⅛	550	Erie Railway	105⅛
1,000	U.S. 5s, 10-40s..C.	99	400	do.	105¼
25,000	Treas. N. 7 3-10 Oct. & Apl.	111	600	do......b10	106
4,000	U.S. 6s, 1-yr..C.	94½	100	do......b7	106
46,000	do.	94¼	500	do......s10	105¾
10,000	Mo. State 6s	65	100	Mil. & P. Du C. b30	60½
20,000	Ohio & M. C.	43½	1000	Reading R.	131
43,000	do.	43⅞	200	do......s10	135¾
5,000	do......b10	43⅜	600	do.	130⅝
30,000	do.	44	600	M.S. & N.I.	82⅛
100	N.Y. Cen. R.	126	500	do.	82
100	do.	126¼	1000	do.	81¾
35,000	Amer. Gold	228⅝	1100	Clev. & Pitts.	111
600	Cumb. Coal Pr.	65	1500	do.	110⅜
600	do......b15	65	1000	do.	110¼
800	do.	64	500	Chi. & N.W. Pr.	85⅛
15	Erie Pref	108¼	400	Chi. & R.I.	107¾
1400	Hudson R.R.	118½	100	do......s10	107¾
200	do......b30	119¼	1000	P., Ft. W. & C.	108

OPEN BOARD—1½ P. M.

200	Erie Railway......s3	105⅜	200	Clev. & Pitts. b3	111
300	do......b10	105⅜	300	Chi. & R. Island	108
1000	do......c	105⅜	200	do.	108¼
100	do.	106	200	do......s3	108¼
100	do......b3	105	100	Chic. & N.W. R.	52⅜
100	M.S. & N.I. R.	82¼	200	do.	52¼
200	do.	82⅜	200	Chi. & N.W. Prf.	85⅜
200	do.	82¼	100	do......b10	85⅜
300	do......c	82⅜	20,000	Ohio & M. C.	43⅜
300	do.	82¼	10,000	do.	43¾
300	do.	82⅜	100	Cum. Coal......s3	63⅜
200	do......b2	82⅜	700	do.	63⅜
200	Hud. Riv. R. ex-d.	118⅜	200	do.	63⅞
400	Reading R.	130¼	300	do.	64
100	do......s3	130⅜	100	do......b3	64⅜
200	Ill. Central	127⅜	300	Mariposa M. Co.	41⅜
100	do......s3	127⅜	200	do.	41⅛
200	do......s3	127¾	200	do......b3	41⅝

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

100	N.Y. Central......s3	126⅝	400	Cum. Coal Co.	64¼
100	Erie R......s3	105⅜	300	do......b3	64⅜
200	do......s3	105⅛	300	do.	64⅛
100	do......s3	105⅜	700	do......b5	64⅜
100	Hud. Riv. R. ex-d. s30	117⅜	100	do.	64⅜
200	do......s3	117⅜	100	Chi. & R.I. R.	107⅜
100	do......s5	117⅜	100	do.	107⅜
100	do.	117⅜	100	Quick. M. Co..s30	82
100	Reading R......s60	130	100	do.	82
100	M.S. & N.I.	82	100	Mariposa M. Co.	42½
100	do......b3	81⅝	300	do.	43
200	do.	81⅝	100	do......s3	43⅜
100	do......s3	81⅝	600	do.	43⅜
100	Ch. & N.W. R. P. b5	85⅜	800	do.	43⅜
300	do......s10	85⅜	100	do.	43⅜
25,000	Ohio & M. C..b5	44	600	do......s30	43

THURSDAY, Sept. 15—P. M.

The easier working of the Money market this week was more generally acknowledged as well as felt by the Stock Brokers to-day than at any time since the alarm was attempted to be raised about the New Loan awarded last Saturday. The consequence is a better Stock Market through the list generally, and a demand for the Railways and some of the Miscellaneous Shares which almost promises a revival of the *Bull* speculation. It is not improbable that the *Bear* account at the Board was partially reduced to-day by the purchase and delivery of some of the Railway Stocks, heavily oversold, of late. The business of the day is fairly active, though by no means amounting to a buoyant movement. The market still lacks the support of combined or concentrated buyers for the autumnal rise, while on the other hand the combinations inside the Stock Board are formidable against such a rise. The calculations of the latter, which rested a week or ten days ago on a threatened tight Money Market, are now turned upon the suspense of a Presidential election and the near prospect of decisive military events before Richmond and Petersburgh.

The demand for the Gold bearing Stocks of the United States and for Treasury paper made a further improvement to-day, and large Stock Exchange Board and Street transactions were made in each. The later advices from Europe report a renewed demand for United States 5-20s. The fresh orders to this side, however, are, to a considerable extent, based on higher rates for Gold and Exchange, than the present ruling, and it is only where the instructions are of a discretionary character, or on joint account with New-York, that purchases for Saturday's packet are made. These, however, are more than sufficient to keep the rates firm at the Stock Exchange. The new 6s of 1881, also advanced ¼@½ ₩ cent. on yesterday's sales.

The price of Gold ranged 227½@229½ ₩ cent. to-day, up to 3:30 P. M., when the Gold Room closes. The transactions in the Room are said to have been large early in the day, to cover certain heavy *short* accounts made near the close of last week. Exchange is in fair request for Saturday's mail, but the Currency rates so irregular, that only the basis of 109@109½ ₩ cent. on London for Gold can be relied upon from hour to hour.

At the Second Board the general market was firm, speculation running strongly on Ohio and Mississippi Certificates, Cumberland Coal, and several of the Railways, at rising prices. There was a large business in Treasury Certificates at 94½ ₩ cent.

At 4 o'clock the following quotations were made as compared with the same hour on Wednesday. The market generally firm. Gold on the Street, 228@228½ ₩ cent.

	Wed.	Thurs.		Wed.	Thurs.
U.S. 6s, 1881	107⅝	108	Mich. Central	133¾	134
U.S. 5-20's	110⅞	110⅝	Mich. Southern	80¾	81⅞
N.Y. Central	126⅜	126⅜	Illinois Cen.	126⅝	127⅜
Erie	104⅞	105⅞	Pittsburgh	110	110⅝
Erie Preferred	108⅜	108⅜	Fort Wayne	107⅜	108
Hudson	117	118	Rock Island	106⅜	107⅜
Canton	33¾	33¾	Reading	129⅜	130⅜
Treas. Cer., new	94⅛	94⅛	Quicksilver	80⅜	82
Toledo	122	122⅜	Cum'land Coal	63	64⅜
Northwest	51⅜	52⅜	Mariposa	41⅜	43⅜
Ohio & M. Certs	43	44	N. West Pref.	84	85

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank Shares:

New-York	115	Bank of the Republic	100
Merchants'	109	Bank of N. Amer.	105
Mechanics	115	Hanover	104
Phoenix	104	Irving	100
North River	105	St. Nicholas	98
Tradesman's	113	Commonwealth	100
Merchants' Exchange	100	Import. & Traders'	103
Commerce	105	Park	135
American Exchange	116½		

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N.Y. Cen. 6s	115½	Chi. & N.W. 1st	95½
N.Y. Cen. Real Est.	115	Chi. & N.W. 2ds	100
N.Y. C. 7s Con. '76	126	Del. L. & W. 2ds	115
Erie 2ds, '79	115	Tol. & Wab. Ext.	100
Erie 3ds, '83	115	Tol. & Wab. 2ds	88
Buff. N.Y. & E., '77	114	Gal. & Chi. 2ds	109
Hud. R. 1sts, '69	117	Chi. & R.I. 1sts	109
Hud. R. 2ds. S.F. '85	120	Clev. & Tol. S.F.	114
Mich. C. new 1sts	137	N.J. Cen. 1sts	120
Chi. B. & Quincy	125	Pitts., Ft. W. & C.	119
Mich. S. & N. Ind. S.F.	114	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 2ds	110
Pacific R.	85	Clev. & Pitts. 4ths	85
Ill. Central '75	130	Miss. & Mo. L.G.	60
Al. & T.H. 2d In.	83	Chi. & Alt. In.	90
Chi. & N.W. Int. B'ds	100	Atlantic & G.W.	104

The receipts of the Norwich and Worcester road were:

August, 1864	$68,410
August, 1863	42,579
Increase	$25,831
For eight months of 1864	$416,638
Same months 1863	259,534
Increase	$157,104

The Company is now free of debt, except $59,000 Bonds not due until 1874.

Our correspondent "Investor" mistakes the rule of sale at the Stock Board for 1881 United States Bonds. The price includes the Gold interest accumulated since July 1, as the price of the 5-20's includes the Gold interest from 1st of May last. Private sales of the new 1881's are being made at 105¼@105¾ ₩ cent. interest from 10th or 12th of September, in place of the Board sales at 108, interest from 1st of July.

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer, United States, New-York, was as follows: Receipts, $11,126,265 82, including for Customs, $140,000; payments, $12,858,827 16; on account Loan, $187,000; balance, $21,995,529 74.

Counterfeit $100 notes on the Shoe and Leather Bank, of this City, are in circulation. The counterfeit is in *green* tint, and appears to be the same counterfeit as that in circulation some time ago with a *red* tint. As this counterfeit is well calculated to deceive, the Bank has called in all its $100 notes, and there are now outstanding only four genuine bills of that denomination.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ THE FOURTH NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK DEPOSITARY,
AND
FINANCIAL AGENT OF THE UNITED STATES,
NOS. 27 AND 29 PINE-ST.,

Will receive subscriptions for the new 7 3-10 Treasury Notes. These notes will be convertible at maturity into Six Per Cent. *Gold bearing 5-20 Bonds.* Parties subscribing before August 15, will be allowed interest to that date. Those subscribing after that date will pay accrued interest.

Recognizing the importance of a general subscription to this *Popular Loan*, this Bank will allow all subscribers the *whole commission* of $2 50 on each $1,000 subscribed for.

MORRIS KETCHUM, President.
D. W. VAUGHAN, Cashier.

☞ NINTH NATIONAL BANK.
FISCAL AGENT FOR THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

Will take subscriptions, or deliver at once, the new 7-30 TREASURY NOTES, interest payable semi-annually for three years. Then the holder has the right to exchange them, DOLLAR FOR DOLLAR, for the popular and valuable 5-20 LOAN, which draws 6 per cent interest IN GOLD. We allow each buyer the Government commission of $2 50 on each $1,000.

We also buy and sell
United States 5-20 Bonds.
United States 12 months' Certificates of Indebtedness.
United States Quartermasters' Checks.
United States 2 year 5 per cent. Coupon Legal-Tender Notes, and take subscriptions for 10-40s.

We collect Certificates of Indebtedness, and convert THE OLD 7-30s with the 6 per cent. Bonds of 1881.

JOHN T. HILL, Cashier. J. U. ORVIS, President.

☞ TENTH NATIONAL BANK,
No. 240 Broadway.
CAPITAL $1,000,000.
FISCAL AGENT UNITED STATES.
FOR SALE—7-30 TREASURY NOTES
AND 10-40 BONDS.
Commission allowed buyers, ¼ per cent.
D. L. ROSS, President.
J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Thursday, Sept. 15—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been 35 bbls. Ashes, 2,438 bbls. Flour, 238 bbls. and 815 bags Corn Meal, 56 bushels Wheat, 375 bushels Corn, 273 bushels Rye, 24,560 bushels Oats, 125 bushels Malt, 105 pkgs. Provisions, and 207 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Are very quiet and quoted nominal, at $13 50 for Pots, and $15 50 for Pearls ₩ 100 lbs.

COFFEE—Continues quiet and unsettled; Java 56c. @58c.; Rio, 47c.@50c.; Laguayra and Maracaibo, 47c.@49c., and St. Domingo, 42c.@43c. ₩ lb.

COTTON—Is in limited request, at very irregular prices; Middlings, $1 75@$1 78 ₩ lb.; sales and resales since our last, 300 bales.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—State and Western Flour has been less freely offered, and has been quoted up about 10c. ₩ bbl., but the demand has been limited. Sales since our last amount to 13,250 bbls., including very inferior to choice Superfine State and Western, at $9 60@$9 95; poor to choice Extra State at $10@$10 60, chiefly at $10 15@$10 25; round hoop Extra Ohio, inferior to very good shipping brands, at $11@$11 40 ₩ bbl.

Superfine State and Western	$9 60	@$9 95
Extra State	10 00	@10 60
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	9 95	@12 00
Extra Ohio round-hoop, shipp'g b'ds	11 00	@11 40
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	11 45	@12 25
Extra Genesee	10 60	@12 00
Poor to choice Extra Missouri	10 60	@15 50

Southern Flour is in demand, and is again firmer, to day. Sales since our last, 1,080 bbls., at $11 10@$12 1 for poor to good, and $12 20@$14 50 for good to choice extra brands, and $15@$16 for Phoenix Mills, ₩ bbl. Canadian Flour is doing better; sales 600 bbls. extra at $10 10@$12 ₩ bbl. Rye Flour continues inactive, including fine and superfine, at from $8@$9 75 ₩ bbl. Sales 150 bbls. Corn Meal is in moderate demand, closing at $8 for Jersey, $8 40 for Caloric, and @$8 50 for Brandywine, ₩ bbl.; sales, 500 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has been more sought after, to-day, chiefly for export, and prices have advanced 2c. @5c. ₩ bushel. The improvement has been mainly in desirable lots of Spring, which description is scarce. Sales since our last 104,000 bushels, including White Michigan at $2 50, Amber Western at $2 31@$2 36, the latter an extreme; Red Western at $2 25@$2 31; Amber Iowa, Wisconsin and Green Bay at $2 20@$2 25; Milwaukee Club at $2 10@$2 19; Chicago Spring at $2 08@$2 18 ₩ bushel. Corn is in less demand and heavy; sales since our last, 13,000 bushels at $1 62@$1 63½ for Mixed Western, ₩ bushel. Rye continues dull and unsettled. Oats are in less request at drooping prices. We quote Canada at 88c.@89c.; Western at 88½c.@90c., and State at 88c.@89c., cash, ₩ bushel. 660 bushels new State Barley were sold at $2 25 ₩ bushel.

HAY—North River is in demand and steady at $1 25@$1 30 for Government and shipping, and $1 40 @$1 70 for small lots for City use, ₩ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Have been in request at 18c.@38c. for inferior to choice, one year old, and 42c.@53c. for new, ₩ lb.

MOLASSES—Is inactive at irregular quotations.

NAVAL STORES—Have been highly dwelt in, including Resin at $30@$45 ₩ 280 lbs. Tar at $15 50 @$17 ₩ bbl., and Spirits Turpentine at $3 05@$3 20 ₩ gallon.

OILS—Have been in limited demand and unsettled. Crude Whale at $1 50@$1 55; Crude Sperm at $2 25@$2 30; Bleached Winter Whale at $1 70@$1 75; Unbleached Sperm at $2 50@$2 55; Linseed Oil at $1 56@$1 60; No. 1 Lard at $1 85@$1 90; Crude Petroleum at 46c.@47½c.; Refined Petroleum at 85c.@87½c., free, and 74c.@76c, in bond, ₩ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been less sought after, especially for future delivery, at irregular prices, the market closing heavily. Sales since our last 6,100 bbls. at $42 62½@$43, closing at $42 62½@$42 75 for New Mess; $40@$41 for Old Mess; $42@$43 for Prime Mess; $32@$34 for sour do.; $41@$42 for Thin Mess; $38 50@$39 50 for Prime. Cut Meats continue in fair demand at 18c.@19½c. for Hams, 20c. @25c. for bagged do., 16½c.@18½c. for Shoulders, ₩ lb.; sales 235 pkgs. Bacon continues quite nominal. Lard is doing better; sales 3,250 tcs. and bbls. at 23½c.@24½c., the latter an extreme, and 350 pkgs. September delivery, buyers' option, at 24½c. ₩ lb. Beef is in demand and is buoyant at $21@$26 for Extra Mess; $16@$19 for Plain Mess; $12@$15 for Country Mess ₩ bbl.; sales of 450 bbls.; Prime Mess at $32@$35 ₩ tc. Beef Hams at $26@$29 ₩ bbl. Butter is inactive at 48c.@52c. for poor to prime, and 53c.@55c. for choice to fancy State, and 40c.@48c. for Western ₩ lb. Cheese continues in limited request at 19c.@27½c. ₩ lb. The week's movement in Butter and Cheese, Messrs. M. W. STARIN & Co., in their special report for the current issue of the WEEKLY TIMES review thus: "Since our last report, a heavy fall in the price of Gold and Sterling Exchange has again completely unsettled the value of nearly every article of produce on the market, has clearly demonstrated the entire lack of base in the present quoted prices, and has given a premonition that the time is near at hand when wild speculation at enormous prices in the necessaries of life may, and probably will, bring utter ruin to the operators. The rates of Exchange during last week enabled exporters to take freely of our dairy products at market rates, but this week no transactions can be made unless at a very serious loss to holders, as the markets in England (although 20s. sterling ₩ cwt. in advance of last year's current rates for the same period) cannot take our Butter unless considerable concessions are made. Our advices from the several dairy districts of this State and the West, from the most reliable sources, show conclusively that the effects of the drouth will be more than counterbalanced by the fine and large yield of Butter in September and October, and the short crop theory is "played out." The bulk of the crop of fine Butter is still unmoved, although heavy speculative transactions have been made, but the goods are stacked up in the country awaiting higher prices, while the heavy export demand is not met, and the stock of Butter which should be constantly diminishing, is accumulating heavily. Unlike most other articles of produce, Butter has to be consumed in a limited period, and if dairymen and others allow an immense stock to accumulate in the country instead of meeting the demand fairly, an overstocked market and extreme low prices are a certain result. At the close of the week's trade holders generally show more disposition to meet the requirements of buyers, and the range of prices may be considered fairly 4c. ₩ lb. average below the rates of last week, except fresh pail Butters, which are scarce. The advices from the European markets are still of a favorable character, and American Butter is wanted. The demand for California is checked by the decline in gold, and the imminent prospect of a further decline. The market closes dull and heavy at our quotations:

Orange and Sussex—fresh—pails—₩ lb.	50	@55
State and Pennsylvania—fresh—pails—₩ lb.	50	@55
State—firkins—Yellow	49	@51
State—half-firkin tubs—₩ lb.	48	@51
State—Welch tubs—₩ lb.	45	@50
Western firkins—Yellow—₩ lb.	42	@46
Pennsylvania—Yellow—firkins	48	@50
Pennsylvania—Yellow—half-tubs	—	@—
State firkins—Light colored	45	@48
Western firkins—Light colored	40	@42
State and Western firkins—Mixed colors	38	@40
Canada firkins—Extra	45	@48
Canada firkins—Ordinary	40	@43

The market for Cheese during the past week has been without action. The reports from the English markets are of a favorable character, but the high rates demanded by the holders of Cheese, and the great decline in gold and exchange has rendered business impossible for the present. The stock of Cheese held in the country is said to be very unusually great, and as the bulk of the stock must seek this market, much lower rates are confidently looked for, as soon as a movement takes place. Our nominal quotations are:

State Dairies—factory made—fine	25	@26
State Dairies—factory made—fair to good	22	@24
State Dairies—extra quality	22	@25
State Dairies—fair to good	18	@21
Western Reserve—good to prime	18	@20
English Dairy—Eastern	19	@21
English Dairy—Western	18	@20
Pine-Apple	18	@21
Orange County—flat skimmed	15	@16

SUGARS—Are in limited demand at irregular prices. Sales since our last, 350 hhds., including Cuba, &c., at 19½c.@22c., and 180 boxes Havana, part at 21c.@22c. ₩ lb. Refined continue inactive and nominal, at 23c.@28½c. ₩ lb.

TALLOW—Sales 84,000 lbs. at 18c.@19c.

WHISKY—Sales 950 bbls., in lots, at $1 80@$1 81½ ₩ gallon.

FREIGHTS—The market has been rather more active to-day, rates having been reduced. For Liverpool the engagements include 28,000 bushels Wheat at 3½d.@3¾d.; 30 tons Tallow at 15s.; 150 bbls. Clay at 1s. 6d.; also, by steamer, 7,000 bushels Wheat at 3d., with 2,000 boxes Cheese and 1,000 pkgs. Butter at 40s., and, by a British bark, a cargo of timber on private terms. For Bristol—100 bbls. Resin at 25s. For Antwerp—1,900 bbls. Petroleum at 6s.

Movements of European Steamers.

FROM AMERICA.

City of Wash'n.	Sept. 17.	New-York	Liverpool
Caledonia	Sept. 19.	New-York	Liverpool
Scotia	Sept. 21.	New-York	Liverpool
Pennsylvania	Sept. 21.	New-York	Liverpool
City of Manchester	Sept. 24.	New-York	Liverpool
New-York	Sept. 24.	New-York	Southampton
Arabia	Sept. 28.	Boston	Liverpool
City of London	Oct. 1.	New-York	Liverpool
Bremen	Oct. 8.	New-York	Southampton
Virginia	Oct. 8.	New-York	Liverpool
Washington	Oct. 17.	New-York	Havre
Hansa	Oct. 22.	New-York	Southampton
Erin	Oct. 22.	New-York	Liverpool

FROM EUROPE.

Pennsylvania	Aug. 30.	Liverpool	New-York.
City of Manchester	Aug. 31.	Liverpool	New-York.
New-York	Aug. 31.	Southampton	New-York.
Damascus	Sept. 1.	Liverpool	Quebec.
Arabia	Sept. 3.	Liverpool	Boston.
City of Dublin	Sept. 3.	Liverpool	New-York.
Sidon	Sept. 6.	Liverpool	Halifax.
City of London	Sept. 7.	Liverpool	New-York.
Persia	Sept. 10.	Liverpool	New-York.
Virginia	Sept. 13.	Liverpool	New-York.
Bremen	Sept. 14.	Southampton	New-York.
Asia	Sept. 17.	Liverpool	Boston.
China	Sept. 24.	Liverpool	New-York.
Hansa	Sept. 28.	Southampton	New-York.
America	Oct. 12.	Southampton	New-York.
New-York	Oct. 26.	Southampton	New-York.
Bremen	Nov. 9.	Southampton	New-York.
Hansa	Nov. 23.	Southampton	New-York.

For the Pacific Coast.

Golden Rule	Sept. 24.	New-York	Nicaragua

For New-Orleans.

Evening Star	Sept. 17.	New-York	New-Orleans
Yazoo	Sept. 16.	New-York	New-Orleans
Roanoke	Sept. 19.	New-York	New-Orleans
Morning Star	Sept. 24.	New-York	New-Orleans

Departure of Domestic Mails.

East Mails close at	5 A. M., 1:30 and 6:15 P. M.
Erie Mail	5 A. M. and 4:45 P. M.
Erie Mail, Way	5 A. M. and 3 P. M.
Long Island	5 A. M. and 2:15 P. M.
Newport and Fall River	4:00 P. M.
New-York Central Railroad	4 P. M.
North Mails	5 A. M. and 4:15 P. M.
North Mail, Way	5:00 A. M. & 3 P. M.
South Mail at	5 A. M., 4:30, 6 and 10:30 P. M.

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

STATED SESSION—MONDAY, Sept. 12, 1864. }
1 o'clock, P. M. }

The Board met pursuant to the following call:

NEW-YORK, September 10, 1864.

D. T. Valentine, Esq., Clerk of the Common Council:

SIR: You are respectfully requested to call a meeting of the Board of Aldermen for Monday, the twelfth instant, at one o'clock P. M., for the transaction of such business as may be brought before the board.

JOHN HARDY,
Alderman Eleventh District.
PETER MASTERSON,
Alderman Thirteenth District.
MORGAN JONES,
Alderman Second District.
CHALES J. CHIPP,
Alderman Seventh District.
JAMES MCMAHON,
Alderman Fourth District.
TERENCE FARLEY,
Alderman Sixteenth District.
JOHN D. OTTIWELL,
Alderman Fourteenth District.
JOHN MCCOOL,
Alderman Fifth District.
JOSEPH SHANNON,
Alderman Sixth District.
LEWIS R. RYERS,
Alderman Ninth District.
GEORGE A. JEREMIAH,
Alderman Tenth District.

Present—John T. Henry, Esquire, President; Aldermen Fox, Jones, McMahon, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—14.

The minutes of August eighteen and twenty-two were read and approved.

The President being absent at roll call, on motion of Alderman Chipp, Alderman Ryers was called to the Chair.

PETITIONS.

By Alderman Ottiwell—

Petition of blind person for a donation.

Which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

By the same—

Petition of owners on East Twenty-second-street for Belgian pavement.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

By the President—

Petition of Trustees of Five Points House of Industry for a donation.

Which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

By Alderman Masterson—

Petition of Charles H. Haswell and others, to have Forty-fifth-street paved with Belgian pavement.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

By the President—

Petition of Edward Wasburg, for remission of taxes for 1864.

Which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

By Alderman Ryers—

Petition of James P. Dunn, for remuneration for losses sustained in building sewer.

Which was referred to Committee on Finance.

By Alderman Fox—

Resignation of Anthony Miller as a Commissioner of Deeds.

Which was accepted.

Whereupon he presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That Gilbert S. Dye be and hereby is appointed as a Commissioner of Deeds in and for the City and County of New-York, in the place and stead of Anthony Miller, resigned.

Which was adopted.

By the President—

Bill of John McMahon, for coaches furnished for the reception of the Seventy-ninth and Sixty-sixth Regiments.

Whereupon he presented the following:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of John McMahon, for the sum of two hundred dollars, for coaches furnished on the occasion of the reception of the Seventy-ninth and Sixty-sixth Regiments, as per bill hereto annexed.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Masterson—

Petition of property owners in Fifty-fifth-street, between the Tenth-avenue and Hudson River, for a sewer and croton mains laid in said street.

Which was referred to the Committee on Sewers.

By Alderman Chipp—

Petition of property-owners for a sewer in West-street, between Horatio and Gansevoort streets.

Which was referred to Committee on Sewers.

By the President—

Petition of Frederick W. Coggill for a bay window.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Chipp—

Bill of William McClurkey for fitting up Eighth District, Ninth Ward.

Which was referred to the Comptroller, with power.

By Alderman Ottiwell—

Bill of John W. Tyler for decorating Jefferson Market Drill-room, amounting to two hundred and eighty-six dollars.

Whereupon he presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of John W. Tyler for materials furnished and services rendered in decorating Jefferson Market Drill-room, for the sum of two hundred and eighty-six dollars, as per bill hereto annexed.

Which was referred to Committee on Finance.

By the President—

Bill of the World newspaper for advertising for the reception of Russian officers.

Whereupon he presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of the World newspaper for the sum of thirty-one dollars and twenty cents for the reception of the Russian officers.

Which was referred to Committee on National Affairs.

INVITATIONS.

An invitation was read from the Musical Mutual Protective Union to attend the first annual festival and concert to take place at Jones' Woods, on Monday, September the nineteenth, at — o'clock A. M.

Which was accepted.

An invitation was received from the Plumbers' Protective Society to attend the annual excursion on Thursday, the eleventh day of August.

Which was accepted.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Chipp—

Resolved, That permission be and hereby is given to Otis & Co., to place a showcase in front of their premises, number five hundred and eighteen Broadway, the permission hereby granted to continue only during the will and pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Masterson—

Resolved, That the sidewalks of Forty-fourth-street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues, be flagged to their full width, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

By the same—

Resolved, That the vacant lots on the southerly side of Forty-fifth-street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues, be fenced forthwith, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to the Committee on Public Health.

By Alderman Jeremiah—

Resolved, That Daniel M. O'Brien be and hereby is appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in and for the City and County of New-York, in place of Edward Burger, who has failed to qualify, said Burger having been appointed in place of James M. Sheehan, whose term of office has expired.

Which was adopted.

By the President—

Resolved, That the Second-avenue Railroad Company be and they are hereby requested to inform this board why they leave the opening between the two tracks on the road in such a condition that the passengers on the road have to wade ankle deep in mud to cross to the sidewalks.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Hardy—

Resolved, That the Croton Aqueduct Board be and they are hereby authorized and directed to forthwith discontinue the work of constructing a sewer in Thirty-eighth-street, between the Eighth and Ninth avenues.

Alderman Jones moved to amend said resolution by adding thereto the words following: "Provided a satisfactory arrangement can be made between the Croton Aqueduct Department, the Comptroller and the contractor to protect the interests of the City."

Which was accepted by Alderman Hardy.

The resolution was then laid over.

By Alderman Chipp—

Resolved, That permission be given to Frederick W. Coggill to place bay-windows in his houses now building, known as numbers two hundred and fifty-two and two hundred and fifty-four Fifth-avenue, the same to be done under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Alderman Farley moved that said resolution be referred to the Committee on Streets.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Masterson, Farley—3.

Negative—Alderman Jones, McMahon, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Ottiwell, Long—10.

The resolution was then adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, McMahon, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Ottiwell, Long—11.

Negative—Alderman Masterson, Farley—2.

By the President—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals and contract for the excavation of a cellar and area under and around the south wing of the Rotunda Park.

Which was referred to Committee on Repairs and Supplies.

By Alderman Fox—

Resolved, That a street lamp be placed at the southeast corner of Park-row and Beekman streets, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted.

By the same—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to William Wise to keep a coffee and cake stand in Coenties-slip, near South-street, said permission to continue during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Masterson—

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Bleecker-street, between Hammond and Perry streets, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was referred to Committee on Sewers.

By Alderman McKnight—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Stanton, Sheldon & Company, to receive and deliver goods in front of their premises, number eighty-one Front-street, said permission to continue during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman McKnight—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Charles W. Jessup, to exhibit a sign across the sidewalk in front of his premises, number two hundred and forty-nine Division-street, during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Jones—

Resolved, That the Croton Aqueduct Department, be and they are hereby directed to pave Worth-street, fr Broadway to Elm-street, and that portion of Elm-strom that has been altered by change of grade, with traect block pavement, one-half of the cost to be paid by the property owners and one-half by the City.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By the same—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby directed to advertise for proposals to set curb and gutter stones and flag sidewalks, where not already done, in Worth-street and Elm street, from Broadway to Centre-street.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Alderman McKnight—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to James Colles, Junior, & Company, to receive and deliver goods in front of their place of business, number eighty-six Front-street, during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Long—

Resolved, That the Election Polls of the Twelfth Ward, Seventeenth Aldermanic District, be held at the following named places:

First Election District at the house of George W. Jenkins, Bloomingdale road.

Second Election District at the house of John Hare, Third-avenue, between Eighty-sixth and Eighty-seventh streets.

Third Election District at the house of John Halloran, One Hundred and Fourteenth-street and Third-avenue.

Fourth Election District at the house of James Hope, One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street and Third-avenue.

Fifth Election District at the house of Adam Allison, Broadway and Manhattan-street.

Sixth Election District at the house of Thomas Fenton, One Hundred and Sixty-first-street and Tenth-avenue.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Jones—

Resolved, That the Croton Aqueduct Department be and they are hereby directed to pave Twenty-second-street with Belgian pavement, between Broadway and Fifth-avenue.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Alderman McKnight—

Resolved, That the Election Poll of the Fourth Election District of the Eleventh Ward be held on the south-west corner of Stanton and Goerck streets.

Which was adopted.

By the President—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of David Groesbeck for the sum of two thousand four hundred and sixty dollars, to be in full for extra services rendered in the Auditing Bureau of the Finance Department during the years one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and for the payment of the above sum, the amount thereof, two thousand four hundred and sixty dollars, is hereby appropriated.

Which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

By Alderman McKnight—

Resolved, That the election poll of the Second Election District of the Eleventh Ward be held at number two hundred and twenty-nine Stanton-street.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Ottiwell—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to place an alarm telegraph in the house of Hook and Ladder Company number Nine, at an expense not to exceed two hundred and fifty dollars.

Which was referred to the Committee on Fire Department.

By Alderman Chipp—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Jos. P. Hackett to erect a coal box in front of number two hundred and sixty-six West Houston-street, the said permission to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Jones—

Resolved, That permission be and is hereby given to Doctor P. Preterre, of Number five hundred and fifteen Pearl-street, to exhibit a show-case and sign in front of his place of business, to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Fox—

Whereas, Intelligence has been received of the death of Col. William J. Grover, commanding the Seventeenth Regiment of New-York Veteran Volunteers, comprising a portion of the Army of Tennessee, which melancholy event took place on the second September, instant, in the attack on the enemy's works at Jonesboro'; and

Whereas, Colonel Grover was long and favorably known as a resident of this City, having been connected with the Continental Bank for a long period. At the outbreak of the rebellion he enlisted in the Seventeenth Regiment, was promoted to the rank of Major, and while acting in that capacity he commanded the corps at the second battle of Bull Run, where he was severely wounded. He was ever noted for warmth of heart and geniality of temperament, his bravery and genius as a soldier, his unyielding and unswerving attachment as a friend; and

Whereas, This sad bereavement has filled the hearts of his family and friends with deep and abiding sorrow and poignant grief for the loss of one whose joyous voice and genial smile ever added to the family circle a zest and cheerfulness that their absence will make more apparent; therefore

Resolved, That the Common Council, in bearing testimony to his worth and virtue as a private citizen and brave and accomplished soldier, also tender their sincere condolence to his afflicted family and friends in the deep affliction they have sustained, and we commend them to the great source of consolation, the God of mankind.

Resolved, That a copy of the foregoing preamble and resolution be duly authenticated, and presented to the family of the deceased.

Which was adopted.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Alderman Long moved that the Committee on Roads be discharged from the further consideration of resolution of Board of Councilmen, that permission be given to William A. Darling, to regulate and grade, set curb and gutter stones and flag sidewalks in front of his premises in Fifth-avenue, between One Hundred and Thirty-fifth and One Hundred and Thirty-sixth streets, also in One Hundred and Thirty-fifth-street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, also in One Hundred and Thirty-sixth-street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, the same to be done within three months.

Which was carried.

The resolution was then concurred in.

Alderman Chipp moved to discharge the Committee on Salaries and Offices from the further consideration of the petition of the Street Inspectors for an increase of thirty-five per centum in their salary, to take effect after July one, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

Which was carried.

And the paper was laid over.

Alderman Masterson moved that the Committee on Finance be discharged from the further consideration of the report of the same Committee of Board of Councilmen to increase the salary of Peter Rudd.

Which was carried.

And the same was laid over.

PAPERS HERETOFORE LAID OVER.

Resolution increasing the salary of the General Clerk Board of Councilmen.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Masterson, Farley, Long—8.

Negative—Aldermen Jones, McMahon, Jeremiah, Hardy—4.

Subsequently reconsidered and laid over.

Preamble reciting that Hook and Ladder Company number Four has been running for the last six months without a location, and is the only Hook and Ladder Company in the lower part of the City, with resolution that the Comptroller be directed to purchase or lease a location for said Company at his earliest convenience, to be within the following boundaries, namely: Broadway on the east, West-street on the West, Cortlandt-street on the north, and Albany-street on the south.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, McMahon, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—12.

Negative—Alderman Jeremiah—1.

(Alderman Masterson was here called to the chair.)

Resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Cornelius Mahoney for the sum of fifty dollars, said amount having been appropriated by a resolution making donations to blind persons, and having been drawn by another blind person having the same name.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Henry, McMahon, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—13.

Negative—Alderman Jones—1.

Resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of David T. Valentine for the sum of thirty-five hundred dollars, to be in full payment for services rendered in compiling and superintending the publication of the Manual of the Corporation for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, the amount to be charged by the Comptroller to the appropriation for City Contingencies.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, Henry, McMahon, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—14.

Report of Committee on Fire Department, in favor of concurring with the Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution to extend time on contract for building house for Engine Company number Twenty-four and Hose Company number Eleven.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Henry, McMahon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley—8.

Negative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, Shannon, Jeremiah, Hardy, Long—6.

Subsequently reconsidered and laid over.

MOTIONS AGAIN RESUMED.

Alderman Fox moved to take from the table the veto message of His Honor the Mayor of resolution that permission be given Bernard Kinney to keep a stand in Wall-street, near South-street, the permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was carried.

He then moved that the resolution be adopted, notwithstanding the objections of His Honor the Mayor.

Which was carried by the following vote, (two-thirds of all the members elected voting in favor thereof:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, McMahon, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—13.

Alderman Fox moved that the Committee on Printing and Advertising be discharged from the further consideration of preamble, with resolution, relative to printing, indexing, and binding proceedings of the Common Council.

Which was carried.

And the paper was laid over.

PAPERS HERETOFORE LAID OVER RESUMED.

Resolution from the Board of Councilmen, to pay the New-York World for advertising, amounting to three hundred and eighty-three dollars and seventy-five cents.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, Henry, McMahon, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of concurring with Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution to pave Fifty-ninth-street, between Second and Third avenues.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, McMahon, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Streets, in favor of adopting resolution that the sidewalks around the Northern Dispensary, located at the junction of Christopher-street and Waverly-place, be flagged the full width, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, McMahon, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Belgian Pavement of Board of Councilmen, with resolution that East Thirty-eighth-street, between Second avenue and the East River, be paved with Belgian or trap block pavement, under such directions as shall be given by the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted, one-half the expense thereof to be borne by the property owners, and the remaining half by the City.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Jones, Henry, McMahon, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—13.

Negative—Alderman Fox—1.

Report of Committee on Finance of Board of Councilmen, with resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of P. Garrick, for the amount of the annexed bill, (three hundred and sixty-nine dollars,) and charge the same to its appropriate account.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Henry, McMahon, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—11.

Negative—Alderman Jones, Jeremiah—2.

Which was subsequently reconsidered and laid over.

Resolution that the resolutions passed by the late Board of Aldermen, complimentary to the President, William Walsh, Esq., and the late Councilmen complimentary to the President, Morgan Jones, Esq., be engrossed and framed at an expense not to exceed three hundred and fifty dollars each, which sum is hereby appropriated therefor, and the Comptroller be directed to pay the same upon the presentation of the proper vouchers, and charge the same to its appropriate account.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Henry, McMahon, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—11.

Negative—Alderman Jeremiah—1.

Subsequently reconsidered and laid over.

Resolutions of Board of Councilmen, first, that the Comptroller be directed to advertise forthwith the ferry lease, for ten years, from the foot of Grand-street, Williamsburgh, to the foot of Grand-street, New-York, with the ferry-houses, docks and appurtenances connected therewith; and second, that the Comptroller be authorized, if he deem it necessary, to employ counsel, to enable him to collect the arrearages of rent due from the parties now occupying the above ferries.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, Henry, Shannon, Chipp, Ryers, Masterson, Long—8.

Negative—Aldermen McMahon, McKnight, Jeremiah, Hardy, Ottiwell—5.

Subsequently reconsidered and laid over.

Report of Committee on Assessments, in favor of adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of P. Fullmer, for the sum of sixteen dollars and sixty cents, with interest that may have accrued from the date of the confirmation of an assessment for paving Ninth-avenue, from Twenty-third to Thirty-fourth street, with Belgian pavement, said amount to be applied by said Fullmer in payment of the assessment levied against the property of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Twenty-fourth-street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues, for the paving of Ninth-avenue, from Twenty-third to Thirty-fourth street, with Belgian pavement, take his receipt therefor and charge the same to the account of Donations or any other appropriate account.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, Henry, McMahon, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

MOTIONS AGAIN RESUMED.

Alderman Ryers moved that, in future, the regular meetings of this board be held on Mondays and Thursdays, at one o'clock P. M.

Alderman McKnight moved as an amendment, that the hour of meeting be two o'clock P. M.

Alderman McMahon moved, as an amendment, that the hour of meeting be twelve o'clock M.

Which was lost.

By Alderman Masterson—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and is hereby authorized and directed to repair the planking on the pier at the foot of Fulton-street, North River, from West-street to Hudson River.

Which was referred to Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips.

By Alderman Hardy—

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be constructed in Thirty-eighth-street, between the Eighth and Ninth avenues, said sewer to connect with sewer in Eighth-avenue, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Masterson—

Resolved, That the poll of the Eleventh Election District of the Twenty-second Ward be held at the house of Andrew Hind, number six hundred and eighty-seven Ninth-avenue.

Which was adopted.

By the same—

Resolved, That the curb and gutter stones on the Eighth-avenue, from Eighty-second to Eighty-fourth street, be set, and a space four feet wide flagged through the sidewalks thereof, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Masterson—

Resolved, That the vacant lots on the south side of Fifty-fourth-street, between Broadway and Seventh-avenue, and on the west side of Seventh-avenue, between Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth streets, be fenced in, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to Committee on Public Health.

COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication was received from the Comptroller transmitting statement of disbursements to families of volunteer soldiers from the City of New-York, for the fortnight ending August six, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

Which was ordered on file.

A communication was received from the Street Commissioner, transmitting apportionment of assessment for regulating and grading First-avenue.

Which was ordered on file.

A communication was received from the Street Commissioner, transmitting apportionment of assessment for extension of Madison-avenue.

Which was ordered on file.

A communication was received from the Croton Aqueduct Department in answer to a resolution authorizing them to complete a survey for the establishment of a proper system of sewerage for this City.

Which was referred to the Committee on Sewers.

A communication was received from the Croton Aqueduct Department, in answer to a resolution of inquiry relative to the removal of iron pavements in Cortlandt-street.

Which was ordered on file.

A communication was received from the Croton Aqueduct Department, in answer to a resolution of inquiry relative to the erection of a building on the ground attached to the Old Reservoir, corner of Eighty-seventh-street and Seventh-avenue.

Alderman Jones moved its reference to the Committee on Law.

Which was carried.

A communication was received from the County Vote unteer Committee, relative to the passage of an ordinance entitled "An Ordinance for the protection of the citizens of New-York, and to facilitate the raising of the quota under the President's call for five hundred thousand men."

Which was laid over until paper from the Board of Councilmen should be considered.

A communication was received from His Honor the Mayor, transmitting a communication from the Chairman of the Committee on Volunteering of the Board of Supervisors, relative to establishment of recruiting agencies within the limits of New-York City.

Which was laid over until paper from Board of Councilmen should be considered.

A communication was received from His Honor the Mayor, transmitting a communication from the Metropolitan Gas-light Company.

Which was referred to the Committee on Lamps and Gas.

A communication was received from His Honor the Mayor, relative to the death of Honorable Isaac L. Varian.

Which was ordered on file.

A communication was received from the Board of Assessors, requesting the adoption by the Common Council of the following resolution to amend sundry ordinances by changing the names of the Assessors.

Whereupon the President presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That all ordinances heretofore adopted by the Common Council, directing work to be done under the supervision of the Croton Aqueduct Department, or under the Street Commissioner's Department, the expense whereof is to be paid by assessment upon the property benefited, are hereby amended by striking out the names of Charles McNeill, William A. Dooley, and Jacob F. Oakley, or any other person named as Assessor, and inserting therefor the words "The Board of Assessors."

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, Henry, McMahon, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—14.

A communication was received from the Comptroller, transmitting statement of payments for families of volunteers for the fortnight ending August twentieth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

A communication was received from the Comptroller, transmitting statement of payments to families of volunteers for the fortnight ending September three, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

Which was ordered on file.

A communication was received from the Comptroller, transmitting statement of Treasury balance September ten, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

Which was ordered on file.

A communication was received from the Fire Marshal, transmitting his semi-annual report for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

Which was ordered on file.

VETO MESSAGE FROM HIS HONOR THE MAYOR.

A veto was received from His Honor the Mayor, vetoing the resolution granting permission to the Fulton Railroad Company to lay rails through certain streets.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, Sept. 1, 1864.

To the Honorable the Common Council:

GENTLEMEN: The resolution authorizing the Fulton Railroad Company to build a railroad from Fulton Ferry through certain streets, is returned herewith unapproved.

The establishment of this line would be a great public accommodation, and there could be no objection to the resolution if it provided for a single track through the streets named therein. I consider that a double track would be ruinous to the property along the line, and so injurious to the occupants and owners as to justify them in tearing it up as a nuisance. I therefore return the resolution to be amended to conform to what, I have no doubt, was the intention of your honorable body.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.

Which was received, laid on the table, directed to be printed at length in the minutes, and published in all the Corporation papers employed by the City.

MOTIONS.

Alderman Masterson moved to take from the file a communication from the Board of Fire Commissioners nominating Henry Wilson as Clerk of the Board, in place of R. P. H. Abell, resigned.

Which was carried.

Alderman Masterson moved that the appointment of Henry Wilson be confirmed.

Which was carried by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Henry, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley—9.

Negative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, McMahon, Shannon, Long—5.

The Committee on Streets presented a report to lay a crosswalk in front of the Roman Catholic Church in Twenty-fifth-street, between the Eighth and Ninth avenues.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Streets presented a report permitting Mrs. A. L. Anderville to erect an awning on the corner of Oliver and South streets.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a report to build sewer in Bleecker-street, between Ferry and Hammond streets.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a report to build a sewer in First-avenue, from One Hundred and Eighteenth to One Hundred and Nineteenth street.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a report in favor of building a sewer in One Hundred and Twenty-eighth-street, between Second and Third avenues.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report in favor of laying crosswalks at the intersection of One Hundred and Sixteenth, One Hundred and Seventeenth, and One Hundred and Nineteenth streets, and Avenue A, and First and and Second avenues.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report in favor of curbing, &c., One Hundred and Twenty-third, One Hundred and Twentieth, and One Hundred and Nineteenth streets.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Finance presented a report to donate five thousand dollars in aid of the funds of the college of Saint Francis Xavier.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Finance presented a report rescinding resolution from the Board of Councilmen in relation to repairing the fire telegraph, &c.

Which was laid over.

The question recurring on the amendment of Alderman McKnight, the same was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Jones, Shannon, McKnight, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson—6.

Negative—Aldermen Fox, Henry, McMahon, Chipp, Ryers, Ottiwell, Long—7.

The question recurring on the original motion of Alderman Byers,

The same was carried.

PAPERS HERETOFORE LAID OVER AGAIN RESUMED.

Report of Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips, in favor of adopting resolution that the slip between Piers numbers Seventeen and Eighteen, North River, be dredged out, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Henry, McMahon, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—12.

Negative—Alderman Jones—1.

Report of Committee on Fire Department, in favor of concurring with Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution that the Street Commissioner be directed to advertise for proposals for a new ten thousand pound fire-alarm bell for the bell-tower in Mount Morris-square, the contractor to take old bell in part payment.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, Henry, McMahon, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that the curb and gutter stones be set and reset, and the sidewalks flagged a space four feet wide, where necessary and not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, McMahon, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—12.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that Fifty-seventh-street, from Eighth to Ninth-avenue, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, McMahon, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—12.

Report of the Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that the Counsel to the Corporation take the necessary legal measures to open Seventy-seventh-street, from Eighth-avenue to the Hudson River, according to law.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, McMahon, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—12.

MOTIONS AGAIN RESUMED.

Alderman Jones moved to suspend the present order of business for the purpose of taking up papers from the Board of Councilmen.

Which was carried.

PAPERS FROM BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

An ordinance making additional appropriations for the payment of interest on certain stock and bonds of the Corporation, becoming due and payable in one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

Which was laid over.

On motion the Board then adjourned, and the President pro tem. announced that the Board stood adjourned until Thursday next, the fifteenth instant, at one o'clock P. M.

D. T. VALENTINE, Clerk.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

STATED SESSION—MONDAY, Sept. 12, 1864, }
2 o'clock P. M. }

The Board met, pursuant to adjournment, in their Chamber, No. 16, City Hall.

Present—Councilmen Heffernan, Koster, Brandon, Russell—4.

A quorum not appearing on roll call, the board was declared adjourned until Thursday, September fifteen, at two o'clock P. M.

JAMES M. SWEENY, Clerk.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

STATED SESSION—THURSDAY, September 15, 1864, }
One o'clock P. M. }

Present—Aldermen McMahon, Chipp, McKnight, Jeremiah, Hardy and Masterson.

The President being absent at roll call, on motion of Alderman Jeremiah, Alderman McMahon was called to the chair.

The roll having been called, and a quorum not appearing, the President pro tem. announced that the board stood adjourned until next Monday, the nineteenth instant, at one o'clock P. M.

D. T. VALENTINE, Clerk.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

STATED SESSION—THURSDAY, Sept. 15, 1864, }
Two o'clock P. M }

The Board met, pursuant to adjournment, in their Chamber, number sixteen, City Hall.

Present—Councilmen Riley, Gross, Opdyke, Jaques, Schaefer, McGrath.

A quorum not answering to their names on roll-call, the Board was declared adjourned until Monday, nineteenth instant, at two o'clock, P. M.

JAMES M. SWEENY, Clerk.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MARBLE MANTELS.
The best place in the City to purchase cheap and well finished mantels is at
MARTIN OLSEN'S
MANTEL MANUFACTORY,
No. 326 Navy-st., and No. 66 Flatbush-av., Brooklyn on Island, N.Y.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.
AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black ink, flows freely and does not corrode. Sold at No. 5 Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally. JESSE G. KEYS

REYNOLDS TURBINE
WATER WHEELS
TALCOTT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y

SEWING MACHINES.
All the best Sewing-machines, (NEW,) for SALE and to RENT. Also, Machines bought, exchanged an drepaired. P. H. DIAMOND, No. 539 Broadway, N. Y.

HAY FOR SHIPPING.
The subscribers are now prepared to fill orders for hay baled by the celebrated Beater Press. Size of bales 22x34, and 47 inches long, with an average weight of over 400 pounds. For shipping, this is far the most desirable hay that can be obtained. It can be stowed in a vessel to as good advantage as flour or pork, and its solidity is such as to preclude damage to any extent by water.
CORNISH & CONGDON, No. 538 Pearl-st.

CORRUGATED AND RIDGED IRON HOUSES.—Notice is hereby given that the permission granted by me on the 10th day of September, 1863, to LAWRENCE B. VALK, to make contracts for and construct houses of corrugated or ridged iron, under my patents, has been revoked, and all his rights and privileges under that permission have ceased; and any person contracting with him or erecting buildings or edifices of corrugated or ridged iron through him, after this date, will be rigidly prosecuted for infringment upon the patents held by me.
SAMUEL J. SEELY, Patentee.
NEW-YORK, Aug. 8, 1864.
Persons desirous of erecting buildings on my patents, of any size or description, or parties wishing to purchase privileges for State, county or cities, will please apply to the inventor, SAMUEL J. SEELY, Reade-st., one door east of Centre, New-York.

BEAUTIFUL CLEAN LINEN.—W. G. NIXEY'S Crystalized Extract of Fuller's Earth is the cheapest and best article for washing and beautifying linen, woolen, lace, lawn, muslin, &c.; possesses unequaled efficacy in removing grease, stains, and the smoke-like color of linen produced from bad washing, the excessive use of soda, lime, and other preparations of caustic alkali, and requires only to be tried to be appreciated.
May be obtained through any respectable tradesman.
Sample packets, with full directions for use, price 1d. and 6d.
No. 12 Soho-square, London.

WANTED—A SMALL FARM OF FROM TEN to thirty acres of good land, in a healthy location; a good, comfortable dwelling-house and out-buildings, with plenty of fruit, in a respectable neighborhood, convenient to churches and schools, within three miles of railroad depot or steamboat landing preferred; price from $3,500 to $5,000. Address, stating full particulars and price, E., Box No. 177 Peekskill, N. Y.

LAW BUSINESS.—I TAKE GOOD CASES IN all courts, and have no fee until I gain the case. Divorces obtained in all cases allowed by law in any State. Advice free. M. HOWES,
Attorney and Counsellor, No. 78 Nassau-st.

SHOW CASES AT LOW PRICES.—SILVER plated, white metal, black walnut, &c. All kinds in stock. Old show cases taken in exchange.
HOFFMAN & FERSH, No. 132 Chatham-st.

KENNEDY'S EXTRA FINE CAMBRIDGEPORT CRACKERS, in barrels, half barrels and boxes, for sale at No. 10 Cortlandt-st., and at all first-class grocers. Something new. Tincans assorted.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY TWO RESPECTABLE young girls—one as cook and to assist in the washing, the other as first-class waitress or chambermaid; has no objection to assist with the washing; have the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days, at No. 232 15th-st., corner of 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION FOR A SMART PROTESTANT girl, respectably brought up; is an excellent washer and ironer, and nice plain cook; or would take a chambermaid and waitress' place; is a girl of excellent character and well recommended. Apply for BARBARA, at No. 15 Court-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—WORK BY A SEAMSTRESS, EITHER by the day or week; can do all kinds of family sewing; can do all kinds of sewing; can sew on Grover & Baker's sewing machine; can finish after a dressmaker. Call or address No. 165 West 41st-st., top floor, front room, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK, WASHER and ironer in a gentleman's family, by a most respectable and efficient girl; has had experience for many years in first-class Brooklyn families, to whom she refers, and is a steady and reliable servant. Apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS seamstress in private families, by the month or week; she understands her business fully; also cutting and fitting for ladies and children, and is a good operator. Can be seen for two days at No. 111 East 13th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress, or to care children and do plain sewing, by a genteel and highly recommended girl, who wishes to live in a Brooklyn family, and will be found of most obliging disposition. Apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GENERAL HOUSEwork servant, by a very trusty, neat and efficient girl; is a good plain cook, and excellent washer and ironer, and in willingness of disposition a most valuable servant; Brooklyn reference. Apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—SITUATIONS FOR SEVERAL FIRST class servants, suitable for private families and first-class private boarding-houses. Apply at the Private Servants' Institute, No. 103 West 36th-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway. J. E. WEIR, Proprietor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, in City or country, as down stairs' servant; is a first-rate cook and baker and excellent laundress. Call at No. 378 6th-av., first floor, front room.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTABLE Protestant girls—one as chambermaid and seamstress; the other as seamstress, or nurse and seamstress; good City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 212 Wooster-st., between Bleecker and Amity sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT English woman as first-class cook; understands her business in all its branches; no objections to the country; good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 132 Elizabeth-st., in the rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT girl as first-class laundress in a private family; has the best of City references from her last employer. Can be seen at No. 146 East 21st-st., between 2d and 3d avs., second floor, front.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as first-class cook in a private family; understands her business thoroughly in all its branches; good City reference. Call for two days at No. 111 West 25th-st., between 6th and 7th-avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXCELLENT cook, washer and ironer; well recommended; no objections to the country. Apply at No. 7 West 11th-st., between Broadway and University-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young woman as child's nurse; would like to go South. Can be seen at her present employer's until suited. Call at No. 106 Madison-av.

WANTED—BY A TIDY GIRL, WHO IS NOT afraid of work, a situation as plain cook or general servant; washes and irons well; a good baker; wages $8. Call at No. 192 East 21st-st.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN WOMAN, A SITuation as housekeeper; no objection to the light work of a house; country preferred. Address, for two days, Miss BROWLEY, Brooklyn Post-office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN GIRL, A situation as nurse and plain sewer, or would do chamberwork and waiting in a small family. The best of City references can be given. Call at No. 26 East 15th-st., near 5th-av.

WANTED—SITUATIONS FOR THE CITY OR country for a number of excellent cooks, cooks to wash and iron, experienced chambermaids, nurses, waitresses, laundresses, housekeepers and girls for housework, at RAYMOND'S, No. 61 Bleecker-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK, BY A MIDdle-aged woman, who has been in that capacity for the last 20 years; private family preferred. Apply for ROSE CONNELIA, No. 731 2d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman, to cook or do housework; prefers a steady place to high wages. Call at No. 46 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as cook, washer and ironer, or to do housework; no objection to the country. Call at No. 44 Forsyth-st., near Canal.

WANTED—BY A NEAT GIRL OF 19, A SITUAtion as chambermaid and seamstress, or as nurse to children; no objection to a boarding-house; wages $7. Call at No. 192 East 21st-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as waitress or chambermaid in a boarding-house. Call at No. 180 East 28th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, TO GO OUT by the day to operate on Wheeler & Wilson's sewin machine. Call for two days, at No. 69 5th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A PROTESTANT young woman, as chambermaid and waitress; understands her business, and can give good reference. Can be seen at No. 87 West 24th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG ENGlish Protestant woman as good cook and baker; assist in washing; City reference. Call at No. 378 7th-av., near 34th-st., top floor, for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A FIRST-CLASS cook; understands her business thoroughly; has good City reference. Can be seen at No. 108 West 23d-st., near 6th-av., for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN GIRL, A situation as child's nurse and to make herself generally useful; can be seen until engaged. Apply at or address No. 240 West 17th-st., basement.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK IN A PRIvate family, by a respectable young woman; best of City reference. Inquire at No. 222 West 15th-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman as cook in a private family; is a first-class cook and can give the best of City references as to character and capability. Can be seen for two days at No. 30 10th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—TWO RESPECTABLE GIRLS, ONE as cook, washer and ironer, the other as nurse; none need apply without City reference. Call at No. 181 West 37th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—BY A PROFESSED WAITER GIRL, A situation in a private family; has three years' reference from her last place. Apply at No. 45 32d-st., between 3d and Lexington avs.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT LAUNDRESS the washing of a few gentlemen or a small family. Apply at No. 331 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as first-class waitress; no objection to assist with the chamberwork if required; best of City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at 30 East 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as cook, washer, ironer or laundress, or will do the housework of a small family; good City reference. Call at No. 74 West 20th-st., in the rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG WOman, as chambermaid and waitress; good City reference. Call at No. 136 West 33d-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS, with a good family, by a respectable young person; no objection to a first-class hotel. Address H. S., Station G, 8th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as nurse; is competent to take the entire charge of an infant from its birth; can give good City reference. Call at No. 89 West 11th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young woman, as chambermaid and fine washing, or plain cook and assist with the washing; reference. Can be seen at No. 208 West 26th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN PROTESTANT woman, a situation as child's nurse; is fully competent to take charge of an infant from its birth. Can be seen for two days at No. 529 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, to do housework in a private family. Call at No. 111 Charlton-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A SITUation as chambermaid and waitress; good City references given. Call at No. 118 West 27th-st., near 7th-av.

SERVANTS FOR PLAIN HOUSEWORK can be obtained without charge, at the House of Industr Ny,o. 155 Worth-st.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom, in City or country, by a very experienced and trustworthy young man; is a superior driver, and fully experienced in the care of horses; of neat appearance and steady habits; will be found a valuable man; excellent references. Apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A SITUATION as coachman with a private family; best of City reference from his last employer. Address, for two days, JOHN REILLY, No. 956 Broadway, J. A. T. Madden, harness-maker's store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY A young man, a Canadian, who is a Protestant; has ten years' experience in the care of horses; no objection to town or country. Can be seen at No. 227 Lexington-av., near 35th-st., for two days.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A MAN AND wife, he as gardener, she as cook or dairywoman; no family; Protestants; would take charge of a gentleman's place; the best of references. Call or address to Smith's seedstore, No. 65 Liberty-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a young man, who has got the best of City reference, and is trustworthy and sober; has no objection to make himself generally useful. Call at BRADY'S livery stables, corner 18th-st. and 4th-av., for two days.

IMPORTANT TO TRADESMEN.—A YOUNG man of good business habits, wants a situation as clerk or book-keeper; is a first-class penman, quick and correct at accounts, and can bring good references. Address PERSEVERANCE, Box No. 173 *Times* Office.

WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN WOULD LIKE TO find a good situation for his coachman; he can recommend him as a good and careful groom and driver, and an industrious and capable man. Address H., Box No 505 Post-office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS gardener by a well-recommended German young man; has learned in the Hink Garden in Berlin; has lived twenty three years in his last place in this State; would be generally useful. Call at No. 378 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a single man, German, who thoroughly understands greenhouse, grapery, flowers, vegetables, and all that is necessary for a first-class place. Apply, for a few days, to A. F. H., Box No. 187 *Times* Office. Best of references given.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A MARRIED MAN and wife, in a gentleman's place; the man to take charge of a small place; his wife as chambermaid and seamstress; can give the best of reference. Address GARDENER, Box No. 215 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a single man; is willing to make himself generally useful; no objection to the country; satisfactory City reference will be given. Address C., Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN; thoroughly understands the care of horses, and is a good driver; good reference. Address HORAN, for two days, Box No. 215 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN AS coachman or groom, willing to make himself generally useful. Good references. City or country. Call at RAYMOND'S, No. 61 Bleecker-st.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION, BY A single man, aged 30, where is but two horses. Address J. J. J., Box No 194 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN ABOUT 20 years of age, a situation as clerk in a wholesale house. Address B. H., Box No. 2,226, Post-office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—AT THE NAVAL ORDNANCE Yard, Washington, D. C., twenty first-class Finishers, wages $3.25 per day. Application may be made to Lieut.-Com. W. N. JEFFERS, at the Yard, by letter or in person; but none but first-class workmen, and such as do not claim exemption from military service on account of alienage, need apply. H. A. WISE,
Chief of Bureau of Ordnance, Navy Department.
SEPT. 9, 1864.

WANTED—AN AMERICAN, SCOTCH OR ENGlish woman to take full charge of a child 3½ months old; must be willing and obliging; references required. Apply at No. 115 South 2d-st., Williamsburgh, or at No. 449 Broadway, third floor, on Friday, Saturday or Monday.

WANTED—A COMPETENT NURSE AND SEAMStress, for StatenIsland; one who thoroughly understands the care and management of children, and can cut and fit their clothes; may apply between the hours of 12 and 2, at No. 2 West 29th-st. No Catholics need apply.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT GIRL (GERMAN preferred) to cook, wash and iron, for a small family living in the country, a short distance from the City; one who can bring a City reference can have a good home and liberal wages. Call at store 97 Beekman-st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WOMAN AS COOK, and to assist in the washing of a small family. Apply at No. 46 West 26th-st.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork. Apply at No. 143 East 52d-st., between Lexington and 3d avs.

WANTED—A SALESMAN BY A LACE IMporting house. Address Box No. 3,893 Post-office.

INSTRUCTION.

CHARLIER FRENCH INSTITUTE
For young gentlemen, will reopen Sept. 20, Nos. 48 and 50 East 24th-st. Boarding and day school. A primary department. Pupils prepared for College, business, West Point and the Navy School. The prospectus of the school contains the names of the pupils and those of their parents for the past nine years.
Prof. ELIE CHARLIER, Director.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,
No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal-st., on Washington-square.
GEO. W. CLARKE, A. M., Rector.
REOPENS ON MONDAY, SEPT. 12.
Fits Students, of ALL AGES, for business, West Point, or any American college. Has four departments, twelve experienced assistants, and peculiar advantages for learning French, German, Spanish, Commercial Branches, Surveying, and a full course of Academic English.
Its large and attractive rooms occupying three stories of the building, (erected by the Principal expressly for it,) have been renovated, and are now open for the inspection of parents. Students are charged according to studies pursued as per new catalogue of terms, references, &c., to be had at the Institute, which, from its central position, is easily accessible from all parts of New-York, neighboring cities and villas, whilst the Square furnishes safe and delightful recreation for the pupils.

PACKER COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,
BROOKLYN HEIGHTS, L. I.
A. CRITTENDEN, A. M., Principal.
The twentieth annual session will commence on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 14.
This institution offers to young ladies unusual advantages for a complete and thorough education, both in the solid and ornamental branches.
Young ladies from abroad will find ample accommodations and a genuine home in the family of Prof. Eaton, adjoining the institution.
For circulars, giving full particulars, address A. CRITTENDEN or Prof. D. G. EATON.

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND SPANISH
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.
Mme. C. MEARS, No. 224 Madison-av., second door from 38th-st., will reopen TUESDAY, Sept. 20. Mme. M. will be at home after Sept. 6. All letters addressed to her prior to that date will be promptly answered.

MRS. J. W. BLIGH'S ENGLISH AND French School for 30 young ladies, No. 48 West 17th-st., will reopen September 26; Mrs. Bligh will be in New-York on the 15th of September, until which date letters addressed as above, or to Box No. 695, Newport, R. I., will have prompt attention.

INSTRUCTION.

IDLEWILD.
MRS. N. P. WILLIS is prepared to receive a few additional pupils, between the ages of 7 and 14, to be educated with her daughters at Idlewild. The school year will begin Sept. 15. Address MOODNA, Orange County, N. Y.

BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.
GOSHEN, ORANGE COUNTY, N. Y.
Mrs. M. L. READ, Miss M. E. BROWN, Miss M. L. McCLUER.
The School year will begin on MONDAY, Aug. 29. The location is unsurpassed for healthfulness and beauty.
REFERENCES—Right Rev. Horatio Potter, D. D., Rev. Robert S. Howland, D. D., Hon. Chas. P. Daly, Duncan McDougall, Esq., New-York; Capt. J. J. Comstock, Jersey City; Ashbel Welsh, Esq., Lambertville, N. J.; Dr. H. B. Tebbetts, Lake Providence, La.

MISS YOUNG AND MLLE. MULLER
WILL
Reopen their English, French and German Day School for Young Ladies and Children,
ON WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 21, 1864,
At No. 25 East 15th-st.,
One door west of Union-square.
Information respecting the school can be obtained at the rooms, Sept. 12, 14, 16, 19 and 20, between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock.

MRS. LEVERETT'S
FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
No. 32 West 18th-st.,
Will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 20. Applications may be made to Mrs. L., personally or by letter, at the above address.

THE RIVERDALE INSTITUTE,
A COLLEGIATE SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,
14 miles from New-York, on the Hudson.
This School will begin its second year on the 19th of September next.
Address the Rector, Rev. WM. C. LEVERETT, Riverdale, Westchester County, N. Y. Circulars may be had in New-York at Messrs. D. Appleton & Co.'s, No. 443 Broadway, or from Samuel D. Babcock, No. 3 Nassau-st., or Henry F. Spaulding, No. 53 Park-place.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS SEMINARY,
Nos. 86, 88 and 90 Montague-st.
CHARLES E. WEST, LL. D., Principal.
The fifty-third term of this French and English Day and Boarding School for young ladies, will commence on MONDAY, Sept. 12.
For board and tuition, apply to the Principal, at No. 88 Montague-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

BROOKLYN
YOUNG LADIES' PRIVATE SCHOOL.
Mr. GEORGE CALLENDER BRACKETT, a graduate of Harvard College, will open a school for young ladies at No. 146 Atlantic-st., in Brooklyn, on Thursday, Sept. 22, 1864.
It is his intention to limit his school to such a number that each pupil shall come under his personal supervision. Particular attention will be made to insure a thorough knowledge of the English branches and Latin, and competent teachers will be provided in the modern languages.
Mr. Brackett may be found at his rooms on and after Sept. 8, between the hours of 11 and 2.
REFERENCES.
Thomas Hill, D. D., LL. D., Pres. of Harv. Coll., Andrew P. Peabody, D. D., LL. D., Harv. Coll., Francis Bowen, A. M., Harv. Coll., Henry W. Torrey, A. M., Harv. Coll., Francis J. Child, Ph. D., Harv. Coll., Geo. M. Lane, Ph. D., Harv. Coll., F. A. Farley, D. D., Brooklyn, R. S. Storrs, Jr., D. D., Brooklyn, Rev. H. W. Beecher, Brooklyn, Rev. H. Blanchard, Brooklyn, Marcus Spring, Esq., New-York, A. A. Low, Esq., Brooklyn, Isaac H. Frothingham, Esq., Brooklyn, John W. Frothingham, Esq., Brooklyn, Walter S. Griffith, Esq., Brooklyn, Geo. C. Ripley, Esq., Brooklyn, Geo. S. Stephenson, Esq., Brooklyn.

M. W. LYON'S COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,
No. 926 Broadway, between 21st and 22d sts., now open, receives youth of all ages, and prepares them for college or business. For the past two years no pupil has been permanently transferred to any other city school. Several names of last year's patrons follow as references:

H. M. Alexander,	K. Couillard,	D. S. Schanck,
John Auchincloss,	Henry Day,	Robt. Schell,
John S. Boyd,	Geo. De Forest.	W. L. Skidmore,
Wm. A. Butler,	Edmund Dwight,	C. A. Smith,
B. F. Butler,	Alex. Knox,	C. N. Talbot,
A. W. Canfield,	C. E. Knox,	A. H. Trowbridge,
J. M. Cooper,	Thos. Leboutillier,	H. C. Van Vorst,
J. P. Crosby.	Jas. L. Phipps,	J. C. Work.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE LAW SCHOOL.
The seventh annual term of this institution will commence at the Law School Buildings, No. 37 Lafayette-place, New-York, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 5, 1864.
The course of study embraces two years. Graduates are admitted to the bar without further examination.
Catalogues can be obtained on application at the Law School Buildings, or by addressing
THEODORE W. DWIGHT,
Professor of Municipal Law.

MISS HAINES
AND
MADEMOISELLE de JANON
Respectfully inform their friends and the public that their English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 10 GRAMERCY PARK, will reopen TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20.

LAW SCHOOL OF NEW-YORK UNIVERSITY.—This school has been reorganized and will open on MONDAY, Oct. 3, 1864, at the University Building. For circulars, &c., application may be made at the University, or by letter to JOHN NORTON POMEROY, Dean of the Law Faculty.

MR. TYNG'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS WILL commence on Sept. 15, at rooms on the northwest corner of Broadway and 21st-st. Circulars may be obtained as above, or at Randolph's book-store, No. 768 Broadway.

DON BERNARD'S FRENCH INSTITUTE for Young Ladies, Boarding and Day School, reopens Sept. 20, at No. 147 Madison-av. Mme. DON BERNARD nee De ROCHEFERMOY, Principal.

EAGLESWOOD MILITARY ACADEMY, Perth Amboy, N. J. JARED REID, Jr., A. M., Principal. Fall term begins Sept. 14. MARCUS SPRING, Proprietor, No. 1 Park-place, New-York.

THE MISSES OAKLEY'S PRIVATE School, for young ladies, number strictly limited to twenty, will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 26, at No. 96 Madison-av.

TROY FEMALE SEMINARY.—THIS INstitution offers the accumulated advantages of more than fifty years' successful operation. For circulars apply to J. H. WILLARD, Troy, N. Y.

A FAMILY BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS—At Chilton Hill, Elizabeth, N. J.
J. YOUNG, Principal.
The Fall session begins Sept. 5. Terms $300 a year.

MISS MEEKER'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL, No. 32 West 40th-st., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 19. Application may be made at any time.

J. H. PATTON'S SCHOOL WILL REOPEN on MONDAY, Sept. 19, at No. 1,149 Broadway, between 26th and 27th sts.

THE MISSES SMITH WILL REOPEN THEIR School for Young Ladies, on TUESDAY, Sept. 20, at their residence, No. 42 West 19th-st.

MISS F. B. PRIEST WILL REOPEN her school on MONDAY, Sept. 19, at No. 203 (old No. 77) East 16th-st., near Stuyvesant-square.

MISS AIKEN'S SEMINARY, STAMFORD Conn., for young ladies. Will open Sept. 12 For, particulars apply to the Principal, C. AIKEN.

MRS. TUFFS' FRENCH AND ENGLISH boarding and day school, in West 84th-st., near Central Park, will be reopened Sept. 20. Circular sat Lockwood's, No. 411 Broadway, and Segee, No. 826.

BROOKLYN.—MISS STILLMAN'S ENGLISH and French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 278 Adelphi-st., will commence its fourth annual session Sept. 20.

MILITARY BOARDING-SCHOOL—White Plains, New-York, one hour's ride from the City. O. R. WILLIS, A. M., Principal.

A HOME FOR SIX BOYS, WITH INSTRUCtion for College or business. Rev. J. TUFTS, Monson, Mass.

THE MISSES GREEN WILL REOPEN their school on TUESDAY, Sept. 20, at No. 1 5th-av., first door from Washington-square.

MISS STONE'S BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL at No. 82 East 15th-st., will reopen Sept. 19. Number of pupils limited.

MISS SCHENKBERG'S FRENCH AND English School for Young Ladies will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 19, at No. 65 West 21st-st.

MR. McELLIGOTT'S SCHOOL, NO. 51 East 31st-st., between 5th and Madison av s, will be open on the 12th of September.

SUNNYSIDE SCHOOL, AT IRVINGTON-ON-HUDSON.—The next school year will commence Sept. 13. For particulars, see circular at APPLETON'S, or address the Principal. A. STEBBINS, A. M.

MISS BALLOW'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH School for Young Ladies, No. 24 East 22d-st., will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 20.

THE MISSES WALKER WILL REOPEN their day school for young ladies, No. 132 Madison-av., on TUESDAY, Sept. 20.

ERASMUS HALL ACADEMY, FLATBUSH L. I., opens MONDAY, Sept. 5.
E. T. MACK, Principal.

THE MISSES PALACHE WILL REOPEN their French and English Boarding and Day School on Monday, Sept. 12, at No. 174 West 37th-st.

NEWBURGH INSTITUTE FOR BOYS, Newburgh, N. Y.
HENRY W. SIGLAR, A. M., Principal.

THE MISSES MASON'S SCHOOL FOR young ladies will reopen on the 20th of September, at No. 74 West 21st-st.

MISS KENNEDY'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH School for a limited number of Young Ladies and Children, No. 12 Union-square, reopens Sept. 12.

MRS. GRIFFITTS WILL REOPEN HER classes for young ladies at No. 118 West 38th-st., on TUESDAY, Sept. 20.

MISS FRASER'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG ladies, 50th-st., first house west of 6th-av., will reopen on THURSDAY, Sept. 15.

REV. BENJAMIN W. DWIGHT'S SCHOOL for boys, at No. 1,144 Broadway, corner of 26th-st. will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 12.

UNION HALL, JAMAICA, L. I.—MISS STEVENS, PRINCIPAL.—The forty-sixth year of this Seminary will commence on TUESDAY, Sept. 20.

R. P. JENKS' SCHOOL WILL REOPEN at No. 1,182 Broadway, three doors above 28th-st. on MONDAY, Sept. 12.

INSTRUCTION.

THE NEW-YORK HIGH SCHOOL,
For Young Gentlemen, Nos. 55, 57, 59, and 61 West 32d-st., Ebbitt Hall, between 5th-av. and Broadway, will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 14. The Scientific and Classical Departments are under the charge of
Mr. P. M. W. REDFIELD.
The Department of Modern Languages under that of
Mr. A. BERNARD.

MRS. AND MISS STEERS'
French and English boarding and day school, No. 56 West 11th-st., will reopen Sept. 22.

THE GARDNER INSTITUTE.—ENGLISH and French Boarding and Day School, No. 16 East 28th-st., will reopen Sept. 20.
DR. and MRS. C. H. GARDNER, Principals.

SELECT FRENCH AND ENGLISH
PROTESTANT SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,
No. 30 West 25th-st., opposite Trinity Chapel.
This school, under the direction of Mlle. Rostan, of Paris, will be reopened on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 21. A punctual attendance is earnestly requested, as the pupils will find it for their advantage to be present the first day.
The course of instruction is thorough, comprehensive and systematic, and designed to combine an accomplished English education with the practical knowledge of the French and other modern languages.
Special attention is also given to music, drawing and painting, and all the classes are under the care of able and accomplished professors and teachers.
A limited number of young ladies are received in the family and welcomed to share in all the comforts and privileges of a pleasant home.
For further information, testimonials, &c., apply to Mlle. ROSTAN, No. 30 West 25th-st.
Circulars sent if desired.

THE COLLEGIATE SCHOOL,
No. 71 West 14th-st., corner 6th-av.,
Now in its forty-fifth year, reopens on MONDAY, Sept. 12, with every advantage for the education of youth in both the elementary and higher branches, in ancient and modern languages, book-keeping, and all the departments of a complete school course. Pupils are received at all ages and thoroughly prepared for college or business.
Reference is made to the Faculties of Columbia College and New-York University. Also, to the following gentlemen, whose sons have attended the school: Rev. Drs. Beach, Spencer, Hatfield, Dowling, Phillips, Isaacs, Imbrie, (of Jersey City,) Hornblower, (of Patterson,) Rev. E. E. Rankin, (of Newark,) Rev. I. D. Vermilye, Hon. W. F. Havemeyer, William H. Webb, Esq., and many others whose names and commendatory letters will be found in the circular.
G. P. QUACKENBOS, Rector.

GERMAN-AMERICAN INSTITUTE,
Nos. 445 and 447 West 22d-st., N. Y.
The two departments of this school reopen MONDAY, Sept. 12, and the undersigned are ready to receive applications on behalf of new day and boarding scholars, on and after Monday, Sept. 5. Programmes can be had at the Institute, and in the bookstores of B. Westermann & Co., No. 440 Broadway, and F. W. Christern, No. 763 Broadway. H. Gercke, Rosalie F. Heumann, E. Koessly.

MISS HAVENS
Will resume her French and English Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, at No. 250 Madison-av., on THURSDAY, Sept. 15.
Further information and circulars may be had on application at her residence.

THE FERRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE,
No. 135 Madison-av., corner of 32d-st.
Rev. ISAAC FERRIS, D. D., LL.D., President.
Mrs. M. S. PARKS and Miss C. E. FERRIS, Principals.
Will reopen TUESDAY, Sept. 13.

MISS COMSTOCK
will continue to receive a LIMITED NUMBER of pupils at her residence,
No. 7 East 27th-st.
Classes reopen Sept. 20.

YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE.
For circulars apply to W. H. ARTHUR & CO., No. 39 Nassau-st., or to BENJAMIN MASON, Principal, Yonkers, N. Y.

JOHN B. MOORE'S
MATHEMATICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH (limited) SCHOOL, No. 923 Broadway, reopens MONDAY, 19th inst.

MRS. SYLVANUS REED WILL OPEN her French and English Boarding and Day School for young ladies, at No. 11 West 36th-st., on the 24th inst. References: Bishop and Mrs. Potter, Rev. Dr. Sprague, Hon. M. and Mrs. Fillmore, Gen. and Mrs. Dix, Hon. W. H. Seward, Hon. Ira Harris, Rev. Dr. Osgood, Rev. Dr. Morgan, Hon. Erastus Corning, Hon. A. J. Parker, Prof. and Mrs. Botta, Messrs. Edwin Hoyt, J. H. Swift, E. F. Delancey, George W. Hatch, Gen. J. T. Sprague, Gen. S. V. Talcott.

CIRCULARS OF GOOD SCHOOLS ARE deposited for *free* use of parents in bookstore No. 130 Grand-st., near Broadway. A record of qualification of teachers is also kept here. This is invaluable to principals, school-officers and others who seek good teachers. Teachers who desire positions are invited to call or send for "Application Form."
SCHERMERHORN, BANCROFT & CO.

MISS H. M. PARKHURST'S BOARDING and Day School for young ladies, Newburgh, N. Y., will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 21. The school year is divided into three terms. Board and tuition in English per term, $100. The French department is under the care of Prof. J. B. E. CANTEL, late of New-York, who resides in the family.

FEMALE COLLEGE, BORDENTOWN, N. J.—This institution is pleasantly located on the Delaware River, about sixty miles by railroad from New-York, and thirty from Philadelphia. Thorough instruction is given in common and higher branches of English, and superior advantages are furnished in the ancient and modern languages, drawing, painting in all its branches, vocal and instrumental music. For catalogues, address Rev. JOHN H. BRAKELEY, A. M., President.

ENGLEWOOD GRAMMAR SCHOOL, ENGLEWOOD, N. J., NEAR NEW-YORK.—Preparatory school for colleges and scientific schools. Principals—AUGUSTUS KURSTEINER, M. D., GEORGE S. GRAY, A. M. For circulars apply to Horace Ripley, Esq., No. 244 Pearl-st., or to A. Kursteiner, Englewood, New-Jersey.

BROOKLYN.—MME. GIRAUD'S FRENCH AND English boarding and day school for young ladies will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 14. The building in Green-av., having been found insufficient, (152 pupils only could be received last year,) the school has been removed to No. 111 Oxford-st., a few doors south of Fulton-av., Brooklyn.

MAPLEWOOD YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE, Pittsfield, Mass., commences its forty-seventh semi-annual session Oct. 6, 1864, with important improvements in its buildings, added to the great beauty of its location and the well-known excellence of its permanent corps of instructors. For circulars, address Rev. C. V. SPEAR, the Principal

THE MISSES HALSEY, No. 233 WEST 50th-st., will reopen their English and French boarding and day school for young ladies and children, on MONDAY, the 12th day of September. For circulars, etc., apply at the school after Sept. 5.

MRS. OGDEN HOFFMAN'S FRENCH and English Boarding and Day School, No. 17 West 38th-st., will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 21. Mrs. H. will be at home after Sept. 8. Before that date, letters on business addressed as above will be promptly answered.

MR. CHARLES D. MORRIS, M. A., LATE Fellow of Oriel Cottage, Oxford, reopens his School for Boys at 53½ West 32d-st., north-east corner of Broadway, on Sept. 19, when he will be joined by his brother, Rev. A. P. MORRIS, M. A., of Worcester College, Oxford. Circulars at the School.

MISS S. J. RUSSEL'S SCHOOL AND kindergarten, No. 1,248 Broadway, will reopen Sept. 22. Letters directed to the school will be promptly attended to. Those desirous to enter scholars may find Miss RUSSEL at the school, from 10 A. M. to 12 M., after the 18th of September.

MISS BEAN'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES will reopen TUESDAY, Sept. 20. Communications addressed to Miss BEAN, No. 21 Brevoort-place, will receive prompt attention.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH INSTITUTE for Young Ladies, No. 184 Clinton-st., Brooklyn. Mme. NAPOLEON has the honor to inform the parents of her pupils that she will reopen her school on MONDAY, Sept. 12.

THE DIVINITY SCHOOL OF THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH, in Philadelphia, begins its year Sept. 15, 1864, at Divinity Hall, corner Walnut and 39th sts.
Applications may be made at the SCHOOL, or at the Episcopal Rooms, No. 708 Walnut-st.

WM. H. LEGGETT'S CLASSICAL, French and English School, No. 1,214 Broadway, one door below 30th-st., will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 12. Circulars at Lockwood's, No. 411 Broadway; Segee's, No. 826 Broadway; at the school, and 224 10th-st.

MRS. G. ANTHON CALLENDER'S French and English Boarding and Day School, No. 32 East 21st-st., will reopen on the 21st day of September.

MISS A. VAN WAGENEN'S BOARDING and Day School, No. 8 East 37th-st., will reopen on THURSDAY, Sept. 15. Applications for pupils may be made at any time.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A Boarding School for Boys. The fifty-fourth semi-annual session will commence on Tuesday, Nov. 1. For circulars, apply to the Principal,
D. S. ROWE, M. A.

THE MISSES BUCKNALL'S BOARDING and Day School for Young Ladies and Little Girls, at No. 3 West 37th-st., second door from the 5th-av., will reopen Sept. 15.

BALLSTON SPA ACADEMY, N. Y.—A COMmercial and Classical Family Boarding School for Boys. Open MONDAY, Sept. 5. Admission at all times. Send for circulars to Rev. JAMES GILMOUR, A. M.

MISS PORTER WILL REOPEN HER School at No. 412 4th-av., on MONDAY, Oct. 3. Forming classes for young ladies and children, taking a limited number.

THE MISSES MARSHALL'S SCHOOL, No. 141 West 38th-st., will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 12. They can receive from four to six pupils as boarders.

UNIVERSITY GRAMMAR SCHOOL—(Primary, Commercial and Classical,) reopens Sept. 12. Circulars at the University. 7th-av. cars pass the School.

KINDERGARTEN.—A PRIVATE SCHOOL for children, on the Kindergarten plan, will reopen Sept. 14, at No. 70 West 37th-st. Number limited. For particulars, please address Miss E. M. COE, as above

THE MISSES JONES WILL OPEN THEIR French and English boarding and day school on TUESDAY, Sept. 20, at No. 31 West 38th-st.

THE MISSES AUBERT'S FRENCH AND English boarding and day school for young ladies, No. 146 East 13th-st., will reopen TUESDAY, Sept. 20.

ISTRUCTION.

COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL,
Nos. 237 and 239 4th-av.,
REOPENS SEPTEMBER 12.
The rooms have been much enlarged and refitted, and a gymnasium has been added. The modern languages, drawing, &c., are taught without extra charge. There are three departments—Classical, Commercial and Preparatory.

MISS BRACE'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH Boarding and Day School for young ladies, Nos. 38 and 40 Elm-st., New-Haven, Conn., will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15, 1864. Circulars can be obtained on application to the Principal, and at the bookstore of D. Appleton & Co., No. 443 Broadway, New-York.

WILLIAM J. NEVIUS'
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
AT ORANGE, NEW-JERSEY,
Thirteen miles from New-York, will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 12.

MRS. Z. R. PLUMB'S
ACADEMY OF PHYSICAL CULTURE,
No. 59 West 14th-st.,
will open for classes in Light and Vocal Gymnastics, on the 3d of October. Ladies' Classes, 10½ A. M.; Misses and Masters', 3½ P. M.; Ladies and Gentlemen, 7½ P. M. For terms, apply at the Academy.

MR. GEORGE C. ANTHON'S
CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL AND GYMNASIUM,
No. 212 5th-av., corner 26th-st.
Open Sept. 12.

MRS. MACAULAY'S
FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY-SCHOOL,
No. 263 Madison-av.,
Will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 21.
For circulars or further particulars, please apply as above.

MAPLE HALL
FEMALE SEMINARY,
Jamaica, L. I.
P. A. ANDREWS.

THE FREEHOLD, (N. J.,) INSTITUTE FOR MALES.—The Fall term will begin Sept. 12. Special facilities offered in all the departments of a thorough education. There are spacious grounds, a gymnasium, a large chemical and philosophical apparatus, cabinet, &c. Circulars giving full information sent on application to CYRUS BALDWIN, A. M., Principal.

BEDFORD FEMALE INSTITUTE.—BEDford, Westchester Co., N. Y.—A Family Boarding school, under the charge of Mr. and Mrs. BOLTON, will open WEDNESDAY, Sept. 21. Terms, for board and tuition, [illegible] Circulars obtained of [illegible] Fonda, No. 28 Wall-st.; James M. Bates, No. 165 Broadway; James M. Rankin, No. 173 Broadway, corner Maiden-lane, or address the Principal.

LEXINGTON-AVENUE INSTITUTE.—French and English day school for young ladies, between 54th and 55th sts.) reopens MONDAY, Sept. 12, 1864. Special attention given to the Primary Department. Miss S. M. P. SCOTT and E. R. HADDEN, Principals. Miss CONKLING, Teacher of Music.

MR. LESPINASSE'S FRENCH INSTITUTE, Fort Washington, 170th-st. and Kingsbridge Road, reopens Sept. 12. French is the language of the school. English, Spanish, German, preparatory course to West Point and Naval School. Circulars at No. 71 Cedar-st. and Nos. 701 and 913 Broadway.

MRS. BROWN'S FRENCH AND ENGlish Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 71 West 23d-st. Mrs. Brown, formerly of No. 56 Varick-st., St. John's Park, will re-open her school at her new residence, No. 71 West 23d-st., Monday, Sept. 12.

FRENCH LITERATURE, RHETORIC, history, grammar and conversation, taught by Prof. L. MALEZIEUX, from the University of France, Academy of Paris, No. 81 East 14th-st. Private lessons. The highest references given.

A FIRST-CLASS INSTRUCTRESS OF music, French, Latin and English, desires a situation; salary less an object than a pleasant home; references given. Address PIANIST, Hoboken, N. J.

WANTED—IN A YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY, at a short distance from the City, a resident French governess. Salary moderate. Address SEMINARY, Box No. 184 *Times* Office.

INSTRUCTION IN PENMANSHIP, BOOKkeeping and business affairs, at GOLDSMITH'S Institute, No. 756 Broadway, corner of 8th-st.; separate rooms for ladies and for private instruction.
OLIVER B. GOLDSMITH.

COTTAGE HILL SEMINARY, POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y.—A limited and very select home-school (English and French) for young ladies reopens on the 14th of September. Catalogues at APPLETONS'. Address Rev. GEORGE T. RIDER, A. M., Rector.

THE MISSES DE BRUYN KOPS, WHOSE method of teaching French has proved very successful, in securing to their pupils the practical use of the language, in a comparatively short time, are ready to form classes for ladies as well as for misses, at their residence, 74 West 46th-st., or at the homes of their pupils.

CUMMINGS' SCHOOL OF DESIGN, Drawing and Painting, Department of Art of the New-York University, No. 56 East 13th-st., corner of Broadway, IS NOW OPEN. Classes for ladies and gentlemen as heretofore. Schools in or near the City attended.

JOHN MACMULLEN'S CLASSICAL, French and English School, No. 900 Broadway, corner of 20th-st., will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 5. Circulars at Christern's, No. 763, Crowen's, No. 843, Corwin's, No. 900, and Mitchell & Seixas', No. 852 Broadway.

THE MISSES HENDERSON WILL REopen their boarding and day school for young ladies, at New-Rochelle, Sept. 1. Circulars may be had at No. 4 Leroy-place, Bleecker-st., or by addressing Miss HENDERSON.

FAMILY BOARDING-SCHOOL AT HACKENSACK, N. J.—WM. WILLIAMS, Principal. Number limited to twelve. Will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 5. Superior advantages for civil engineering, &c.

MR. VAN NORMAN'S ENGLISH AND French Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 5 West 38th-st., will reopen on Sept. 22. The Principal will be at home during the Summer.

MRS. WILLIAMS' ENGLISH AND French Boarding and Day School, No. 20 West 39th-st., will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 21. Letters addressed as above will meet with prompt attention.

THE CLASSICAL, FRENCH, ENGLISH and Primary School of Dr. F. BERTHET and D. BRAMAN, No. 920 Broadway, will reopen Sept. 12. There is a Gymnasium. For circulars, inquire of LOCKWOOD, No. 411 Broadway.

CORNWALL'S CLASSICAL INSTITUTE, NO. 53½ WEST 29TH-ST.—The eighth year of this school for boys begins MONDAY, Sept. 19.

TEACHERS.

A YOUNG LADY, HIGHLY QUALIFIED, would like to enter a private school in this City as teacher of penmanship and the English branches. Address Miss K., Station D.

WANTED—BY A COLLEGE GRADUATE OF some years' experience in teaching, a situation in New-York or Brooklyn, as teacher of mathematics and classics, or of French and German, the latter acquired in Europe; best New-York and Brooklyn references. Address GRADUATE, Box No. 146 *Times* Office.

THE UNDERSIGNED, A GRADUATE OF a German university, and formerly Professor of languages in Kenyon College, Ohio, offers his services to institutes and private parties, as a teacher in German, French, Latin and Greek, also in mathematics. Most unexceptionable City references given. Address WM. GRAUERT, Box No. 476 Post-office, or Beer & Schirmer, No. 701 Broadway.

FRENCH LANGUAGE.—A FRENCHMAN, who has taught for several years in the South, having lately found that climate uncomfortably hot for him, has sought a more temperate region, and has come to this City; he will give lessons either in schools or private families; best testimonials. Address Prof. G. BRAUGEZ, No. 65 Laurens-st.

A LADY TEACHER DESIRES BOARD in a school or family, French preferred, where instruction in English, music, or drawing, will be taken in compensation; the highest references given if required. Address MUSIC TEACHER, Box No. 21 West Farms, Westchester County, N. Y.

A GERMAN LADY, OF SUPERIOR QUALifications, desires a reëngagement as resident governess in an American family; teaches, besides her own language, French, the usual English branches, music and drawing; unexceptionable City references. Address A. S., No. 66 4th-av.

A GENTLEMAN, A GRADUATE OF A New-England College, now a student in the Union Theological Seminary, desires a situation to teach one or two hours a day in a private family or school. Best of references given. Address C., No. 5 University-place.

WANTED—BY A GERMAN LADY, THOROUGHLY qualified to teach the French and German languages [illegible] a situation as teacher of these languages in a school or family. Address A. A., care H. Will, No. 299 Grand-st.

WANTED—A LADY TEACHER QUALIFIED by experience to impart instruction in the higher English branches. Address HENRY W. DUNSHEE, No. 36 West [illegible] capabilities, [illegible]

BOARD AND MUSIC.—A YOUNG LADY DEsires board in a respectable domestic family; will pay $6 weekly, beside furnishing a superior piano, and teaching a [illegible] References exchanged. Address ODEN, Box No. 148 *Times* Office.

A LADY, WHO HAS HAD EXPERIENCE in teaching [illegible], desires a situation. Address M. G. S., Box No. 1,214, New-York Post-office.

A YOUNG LADY GRADUATE DESIRES a situation to teach the English branches, French and Latin, [illegible] in a family or school. Address [illegible] Box No. 3,183 Post-office.

A LADY WHO HAS TAUGHT FOR MANY years with success, wishes a position to teach music and French; [illegible] Address MUSIC TEACHER, New-Rochelle, Westchester County, N. Y.

WANTED—BY A GRADUATE OF YALE OF the class of 1864, a situation as classical teacher; the best of references given. Address TEACHER, Box No. 5 Elizabethport, N. J.

WANTED—BY A LADY OF EXPERIENCE, A position as visiting governess or teacher of the higher English branches, French, [illegible] Address, for one week, A. B., Box No. 183 *Times* Office.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, SEPT. 16, 1864.

Amusements this Evening.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—GREAT FRENCH GIANT, GIANT GIRL, MAMMOTH CHILD, ALBINOS, TWO DWARFS, &c., at all hours; RAVEL PANTOMIME; Mlle. ERNESTINE; NEGRO MINSTRELS; MIRACULOUS CABINET—AFTERNOON AND EVENING—EXTRA PERFORMANCES 11 o'clock A. M.

WINTER GARDEN — EVERYBODY'S FRIEND — THE TOODLES.

BROADWAY THEATRE—THE VICTIMS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—CORIOLANUS.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—MIRIAM'S CRIME—JENNY LIND.

IRVING HALL—STEREOPTICON.

HELLER'S—(No. 585 Broadway)—MAGIC.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—DER FREISCHUTZ.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

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One copy 1 year	$3 00	Five copies 1 year.	$12 00
Two copies 1 year...	5 00	Ten copies 1 year..	22 50

THE WEEKLY TIMES.

One copy 1 year......	$2 00	Five copies 1 year..	$8 00
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And an Extra Copy to any Club of Ten.

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To Clergymen.—WEEKLY, $1 25; SEMI-WEEKLY, $2 25.

Fresh names may at any time be added to Clubs, both of the WEEKLY and SEMI-WEEKLY, at Club Rates.

Payments invariably in advance.

We have no authorized traveling Agents.

To any person sending us a Club of Twenty, the SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES will be sent gratuitously for one year. To any one sending us a Club of Fifty, the DAILY TIMES will be sent gratis for one year. Address

H. J. RAYMOND & CO., Publishers.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 7½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

From the armies in the field there is nothing of special importance. Since the rebels were so completely surprised on Saturday last, they have kept up a constant picket firing, as if apprehensive that something of a like nature might occur again. The Richmond journals gravely announce that GRANT is receiving heavy reinforcements, and sending them to his left, which portion of his line, they say, he is slowly but steadily extending.

Gen. SHERMAN has decided to make Atlanta a purely military post, and to that end has ordered all citizens to go either north or south, as they may choose; and to give them a passage through the lines he has arranged a truce for ten days with the rebel Gen. HOOD, which began on Wednesday last. The rebel papers, of course, are very indignant at this order, and indulge in a great deal of extravagant and foolish rage about it.

We have received full files of Richmond papers to Sept. 12, from which we give copious extracts elsewhere. The military news through this source is not very important. The truth about the immense losses of the rebels at the evacuation of Atlanta are now being disclosed, and there is great mourning over them. HOOD is condemned without stint. The situation before Petersburgh, in the Valley and at Mobile, is unchanged. Gen. DICK TAYLOR now commands the Department of Alabama. The Richmond papers are now calling, with all the vigor they can command, for the immediate impressment into the ranks of all detailed and exempt men, no matter for what cause, even those detailed for agricultural purposes, and especially those connected with the Governments of the various States.

The Manchester (Eng.) *Examiner*, copies the following curious paragraph from the Montrose (Scotland) *Review*, without comment: "We learn from a quarter quite reliable that the Earl of Airlie, who has gone to the United States, carries with him the views of the Government on the present aspect of affairs, and will offer himself to the Confederacy as a medium of communication with the British Government."

GENERAL NEWS.

A communication in the *Express* clears up the mystery which has hung over the fate of the *Electric Spark*, recently captured by the *Florida* off the Capes of the Delaware: *Shortly after her capture by the Florida, she, with the Florida, proceeded to one of the small keys, not over fifty-four miles from Nassau*, where her cargo, which was a very valuable one, and especially adapted for the rebels—there being a large quantity of Winter clothing, and shoes and boots on board—was reshipped on a blockade-runner, and has long ere this been safely in Dixie. The vessel was then to be put in order to carry guns, and to be altered as much as possible for a cruise, so that ere long, most likely, she will be prowling along the coast. The *Electric Spark* also had a very large mail on board, with a considerable sum in greenbacks, all of which was nabbed by the rebels. As there is a prospect ere long of a visit in force from another fleet of fast-sailing cruisers, it would be well for New-York merchants, and particularly the pilots, to run their vessels and boats with 20-pound pivot rifle guns. Any of the pilot-boats can carry one on her bow, and as the range of these guns are over 2½ to 3 miles, it will be the best safeguard for them, and more particularly as the principal portion of these cruisers will be of iron. A good shell out of one of these guns will almost cripple any of these iron blockade-runners, like the *Tallahassee*.

The Commissioners of Health met yesterday, when Dr. SWINBURNE, Health Officer, reported two violations of the Quarantine regulations. The brig *Henry*, from Matanzas, and the brig *Resolute*, from Cumberland Harbor, both broke Quarantine and came up the bay, the *Henry* going to Hoboken, and the *Resolute* to Brooklyn. The *Henry* had quite a clean bill of health, but was ordered to be cleansed and fumigated before leaving Quarantine, and the *Resolute*, having had yellow fever on board, was to be detained below a certain period. The Board ordered the return of the vessels to their former station at Quarantine, to remain there until they can come up the bay with proper permission, and directed the Mayor to enforce this order. The duty of prosecuting the offenders for their violation of law (the penalty of which is heavy fine and imprisonment) devolves upon the Health Officer.

Neither Board of the Common Council had a quorum yesterday, a good many of the members being absent attending the Democratic State Convention. Both boards stand adjourned to Monday, the Aldermen at 1 and the Councilmen at 2 o'clock P. M.

There was an improved market for Stocks yesterday, and some speculation in the Railway and Miscellaneous Shares for the rise. Government Stocks and Treasury Certificates were also largely dealt in at firm rates. Money easy. Gold, 228@228¼; market free from excitement.

Two ladies were recently banished from Jackson, Miss., and sent to Vicksburgh. Gen. DANA immediately sent the wife of the Chief of the Mississippi Conscript Bureau out of the Union lines, gave the two ladies thrown upon his protection the house of a noted rebel to live in, and assessed three others in the sum of $200 to assist in their support. The ladies were banished from Jackson because their husbands were disloyal to the Confederacy. A little retaliation of this kind will have a good effect.

Business was devoid of animation yesterday, as buyers were not disposed to pay asking prices for produce and merchandise. Flour and Wheat were quoted higher, with moderate sales. Corn, Oats, Ashes, Cotton, Tallow, Oils and Naval Stores were quiet and heavy. Provisions were held firmly, but were not very freely dealt in. Freights were more active, rates having declined.

Preliminary arrangements were made yesterday, with a view to the organization of a permanent "Petroleum Stock Exchange" in this City. Mr. HALTHAUSEN was appointed Treasurer, and empowered to receive subscriptions to the capital stock of the new association.

The total number of arrivals at this port from foreign ports, for 1864, to the 14th inst. inclusive, was 3,642, as follows: steamers, 285; ships, 459; barks, 922; brigs, 1,179; schooners, 797. This is in excess of the average number. The number of passengers arrived during the same period was 156,646, or an average of 652 daily.

The Fall trade book sale commenced yesterday morning at the rooms of Mr. J. E. COOLEY. About all the publishing houses in this and other States were represented, and the sale for the opening day was in all respects most satisfactory.

Gov. SMITH, of Vermont, received the following congratulatory dispatch from the Secretary of War:

To Gov. Smith:

I congratulate you on the result of your State election. All hail to the Green Mountain boys! They have smote the rebel sympathizers at home, as their gallant brothers smite the foes of their country on the field of battle.

E. M. STANTON.

The Democratic State Convention at Albany yesterday renominated HORATIO SEYMOUR for Governor. DAVID R. FLOYD JONES was nominated for Lieutenant-Governor. The resolutions adopted by the convention indorse the Chicago nominations and the platform, and denounce the present Administration.

The United States Mail steamer *Liberty*, from Havana, arrived at this port yesterday morning. She brings a large mail.

The steamship *Northern Light*, from Aspinwall Sept. 6, arrived at this port last evening. She brings $369,522 in specie.

An Armistice—What it Signifies—New and Dangerous Trick to Secure a Final Rebel Triumph.

There could not be a better specimen of the devices on which the Copperhead party rely to bamboozle the country as to the real nature of their designs against its safety and honor, than the following, which we cut from their organ in this City:

> "The TIMES, with less candor than the rebel organs themselves exhibit, strives to confound an 'armistice' with a 'cessation of hostilities,' having in view an ultimate convention and peace; but peace on the indispensable basis of the federal Union. The TIMES says of Gen. MCCLELLAN, and therefore says without accuracy of truth: 'He will grant the conspirators an armistice,' and then bases on its own fiction a picture of the damage to us of opened rebel ports, a suspended blockade, and the import into the Confederacy of all sorts of supplies. These supposititious advantages to the rebels would not follow upon even an 'armistice,' much less would they follow upon a 'cessation of hostilities on the sole basis of Union.' Even an armistice would leave the status quo undisturbed. Neither fleets nor armies would be withdrawn."

We hope there are not many of our readers who need to be told that armistice means "*a cessation of hostilities*," and *nothing else*; that there is no such thing as an armistice which is not "a cessation of hostilities," and that the only "cessation of hostilities" to which the term armistice is not properly applicable, are what are generally called truces, or brief suspensions of hostilities by particular bodies of the belligerent forces, for the purpose of burying the dead, and the like; and the final and total cessation which is brought about by the signing of a treaty of peace. When two belligerents agree to desist either for a definite or an indefinite period from all hostile acts everywhere, but do not at the same time sign a treaty of peace, they are said to have concluded an armistice. There is no other meaning for the word in any dictionary or text-book, or in the usage of any civilized country. So that when the Chicago Convention calls for a "cessation of hostilities," it either means that the cessation shall be temporary or final. If temporary, it calls for an armistice; if final, it calls for the close of the war and recognition of the Confederacy. It is humiliating to have to waste so much space over so simple a matter. It is about as absurd to talk of a person's "confounding an armistice with a cessation of hostilities," as to talk of confounding a "fugitive" with a "run away." They are both simply different modes of expressing the same idea.

Nor are the probable consequences of an armistice between us and the rebels surrounded by any mist or uncertainty. These are just as well known as the probable consequences of jumping off a housetop into the street. An armistice failing, all stipulations to the contrary—and it is not for the party asking for it, and confessing in the same breath that his fighting has been "a failure," to impose conditions—leaves the belligerent forces in precisely the same position as that in which it finds them. Their armies remain where they were, their lines follow the same course. Whatever they actually controlled by the actual exercise of force, they continue to control. A blockade is not raised, unless the fleet is withdrawn, because the right of blockade is based on the theory that the blockader has made a conquest of the entrance to the harbor which he closes, and as long as he holds it, either in spite of his adversary or with his consent, the blockade is good. But a belligerent may at all points not commanded by the other's guns, or menaced by the actual presence of his troops, *do whatever he might lawfully do in peace*. He may erect fortifications, raise and organize troops, accumulate food and munitions of war, build and equip fleets, and, in fact, act in all respects as if the war was over, so that the Southerners might, during our "cessation of hostilities" withdraw their whole army, and employ it in fortifying, making or repairing railroads, collecting provisions, or enforcing their conscription law more rigidly than is now possible. They might add to the number of railway lines between Richmond and the South, for Richmond is not besieged. They might build forts on the Mississippi, for we do not hold the whole river bank. They might bring DICK TAYLOR's army across it, for we do not pretend to command the entire stream. They might construct flotillas of gunboats up the Red River, up the Yazoo, and up the Alabama, and though we knew it ever so well, we could not interfere, for we could not ascend these waters with hostile intentions. We should have to look on at all these movements and preparations with folded arms, and we know by bitter experience what devilish energy they can put into even a month of preparation. We say nothing of the fact that during all this time our expenses would be going on, our debt accumulating, and our credit failing, owing to the dread uncertainty that would surround our future, our armies diminishing and becoming disheartened; that we should be all the while treating with the much-abused, but now triumphant Confederacy, *as the Confederacy*; and that, though last of all—hardest to bear—we should stand before Europe as beaten and cowed, and exposed humbugs and braggarts—beaten by "rebels"—beaten by a population one-fourth of our own, and that during the "Ultimate Convention," if it was ever held, every mail would bring us the jeers and pæans of millions of enemies over our ruin and disgrace. There are surely plenty of Americans still left to whose cheeks the mere contemplation of a prospect such as this brings a blush of honest shame!

So much for the effect of an armistice on the belligerents. What would it be on neutrals? There's the rub. "It would leave things in *statu quo*," says the *World*. Would it? Listen to what HAUTEFEUILLE says:

> "When the two belligerents have agreed upon the basis of peace, they sign a treaty, which is the signal for the close of the war. It often happens that during the negotiations, often very long, which precede the treaty, it is agreed to suspend hostilities; these truces or suspensions of arms are really provisional peace. And in a great number of treaties, it is stipulated that prizes and conquests made after the signing of the treaty in distant regions shall hold good as regards the contracting parties. Consequently no doubt can ever arise as to the precise moment at which the state of war ceases.
>
> "But this is not quite the same as regards neutrals. The duties imposed on them by the state of war depend essentially upon its continuance. *The moment it ceases, from whatever cause,* EVEN TEMPORARILY, *peace is completely restored as regards them, during the cessation of hostilities. They resume then all the rights which had been modified by the war, and can exercise them in their full extent during the whole time fixed for the duration of the truce*, if this time has been limited by the agreement, and until the resumption of hostilities has been officially announced to them, if it has not been limited."

This, we believe, settles this part of the question. Now one of the duties imposed on neutrals by the state of war, is the duty of not fitting out or selling armed ships of war for the belligerents. It is this, and this only, which has prevented the South having a fleet furnished it by France and England, powerful enough, if not to raise the blockade, at least to render its continuance very difficult, and to ravage the Northern coast, bombard our maritime towns, and burn our shipping in harbor. We all know with what anxiety we have watched the efforts of the LINDSAYS and LAIRDS to evade the law. We can, therefore, have no difficulty in imaging what the result would be, when an armistice released, as it would release, the British Government from all neutral obligations, and left the Confederate agents free to buy and equip all the rams, iron-clads and fast steamers they could lay hands on—to arm and equip them in British ports, boldly and openly, and to muster and organize a veritable fleet, to fall on us the minute the "Ultimate Convention" had uttered its last blasphemy, discharged its last quid. We may imagine how likely the Southern leaders would be to come to terms, to come back submissively to the Union, bow the knee "to the hero of Harrison's Landing," when they knew full well that their armies at home were resting, or recruiting, or reorganizing, that their stores were being replenished, that the world outside looked on their cause as won, and that every port of Europe was ringing with the preparation of a fleet that would enable them to give the finishing touch to their triumph and our dishonor. In short, the whole scheme of an armistice sought by us is simply a snare laid for our ruin and confusion; the last resource of the discomfited and despairing defenders of the worst cause in which ever sword was drawn.

Of course the Richmond *Examiner* writes articles to show that an armistice would be of more gain to the North than the South. We shall see plenty of articles like this. They are arranged and perhaps written at the Clifton House, and are intended to befool the worshipers of "Little Mac." But it is, we trust, useless "to lay a snare in the sight of any bird," even of Democratic geese.

From Mobile Bay.

Admiral FARRAGUT is not disposed to rest upon his oars. Although the main channel near the head of the bay, across Dog River bar, is still blockaded by a sunken rebel iron-clad, four vessels of the Union fleet have run over, or through, the obstructions, and are now anchored within three miles, or easy shelling distance of the City. The vessels that have made this advance are the *Winnebago*, (double-turreted monitor,) the *Metacomet*, the *Sebago*, and the *Kennebec*. The *Winnebago* has reached a point where she can throw 11 and 15-inch shells into the heart of the city. The place is simply as good as captured. A few hours' shelling would leave it a mass of ruins. Probably, the municipal authorities will be able to compel Gen. GARDNER to accept, on their behalf, terms of surrender, which will save the painful necessity of reducing the city. And if so, the completion of the task to which the gallant Admiral and Gen. GRANGER set themselves on the 5th of August, will be reported probably before many more days elapse.

In any case, Mobile is practically no longer either a rebel emporium or stronghold. Its commercial consequence to the rebels was finally lost from the hour that our fleet passed the forts at the entrance of the bay. Its military consequence was gone with the failure of the obstructions at Dog River bar to prevent the passage of the monitors into the inner bay. As a place of rendezvous for what is called the rebel fleet, it might have been of some value, had there been any fleet—after the capture of the *Tennessee*—courageous enough to rendezvous in the neighborhood But it would seem as if the few craft that are still supposed to be afloat in the inner bay, and which have made no sign or token of resisting the progress of our light-draft vessels, were merely got up to save appearances, and that they have already served all the purpose they are good for.

One by one the great shams of the Confederacy are being brought to light. Shortly, the sham of the Confederacy itself will be equally transparent. Such as it is, the rebel fleet, we are told, occupies a safe position in the Alabama River, *above the city*. and entirely out of the range of our guns. The vessels composing this non-militant naval force, are the "rams" *Alabama*, *National* and *Tuscaloosa*, and the gunboat *Morgan*. Besides these, there are vague reports in the rebel organs of sundry launches, which are said to be drifting round the bay in a promiscuous but rather threatening way. These launches, we are advised, are surmounted with howitzers, and other warlike appliances. Their precise object might have been better ascertained, but for the fact that before they came into play one of them was captured, and the rest seem to have got out of the way. We are thus cheated out of some experiments of a valuable kind, which might have much enlarged our views of naval science. The launches will now be probably stowed away with the rebel fleet, in the Alabama River, to await the tide of events.

McClellan the Rebels' Candidate.

Of all the leaders of the Army of the Potomac, not one was so acceptable to the rebels as Gen. MCCLELLAN. That fact is beyond dispute. He was habitually spoken of by the rebel journals with complaisance and professions of respect. While they exhausted the slang vocabulary for epithets against every other leader of that army, and even then apparently could find nothing abusive enough to satisfy the spite and gall within them, they always used none but gracious language toward Gen. MCCLELLAN. In this simple distinction thus made by them, there was a volume of meaning. Why should it have been made but for a feeling on the part of the rebels that it was a good thing for them that Gen. MCCLELLAN should be at the head of our armies? They rave like demons against GRANT. "Butcher GRANT" is their ordinary designation of him, but that is only their childish prattle when compared with some of their billingsgate. No Northern Copperhead dares say that Gen. GRANT is not every whit the equal of Gen. MCCLELLAN in personal respectability. The difference in rebel treatment can be owing to nothing else than to the fact that MCCLELLAN's generalship was of a character to please them, and GRANT's is not. There is no other possible explanation of it.

A similar partiality is displayed by the rebel journals toward MCCLELLAN as a Presidential candidate. The Chicago nomination suits them completely. It could not have given them livelier gratification, had the nominee been VALLANDIGHAM himself. Even the rebel armies, it is said, cheered it when they heard of it. This feeling, of course, does not spring from any supposition that he has any positive principles or traits that would actively operate on their side. It was not that which made him their military favorite, but his passive, yielding nature. Just so, it is the assurance that he is a man who can be easily adapted to any pacific policy that makes him so acceptable politically. The Richmond *Examiner* expresses it clearly in an article of the 8th inst., in which it says, "Every defeat of LINCOLN's forces, even holding them steadily at bay, inures to the advantage of MCCLELLAN, or rather to that of *the dextrous manipulators in whose hands he is a puppet*, and accumulates for them the much desired political capital." And thereupon it adds, with perfect reason, "the influence of the South, more powerful in the shock of battles than when throwing our minority vote in an electoral college, will be cast in favor of MCCLELLAN." He is, to all intents and purposes, the accepted candidate of the South—as much so as if a ratification meeting had been held in every county within the rebel lines.

What gives the greater significance to this rebel friendship for MCCLELLAN, is the fact that its indulgence does not interfere in the least with the most stubborn hostility to any reconstruction of the Union. Side by side with the articles that evince the keenest anxiety for MCCLELLAN's success, are other articles that seek to inflame the people to the last pitch of resistance, and that predict the inevitable success of the Confederacy. Most clearly it is not because the rebels desire a peaceful return to the Union that they desire the election of MCCLELLAN. Precisely the contrary. It is because they have their hearts set on independence, and mean to carry the rebellion through to its full consummation. In other words, *it is for the rebellion's sake, and not for the Union's sake, that they are McClellan men.*

Now we say that there could not possibly be a more damning fact against any Presidential candidate. Whatever his professions, or whatever his personal character might be, the single circumstance that all traitors are anxious for his elevation to office, is a proof positive that patriots ought not to support him. It is morally impossible that the sort of loyalty with which treason finds such ready affinity can be trustworthy. It is a glory to ABRAHAM LINCOLN that from the beginning the rebels have made him the object of their most rabid hate and foulest blackguardism. It is a decisive testimony that he was exactly the opposite of what they were; and that he stood directly athwart all their plans. There could be no better commendation to loyal men than this. And it is precisely because MCCLELLAN has credit with the rebels, and their best wishes for his success, that no loyal man could give him confidence, even if none of the other thousand reasons against it existed.

In saying this, we do not mean to impute anything like positive disloyalty to Gen. MCCLELLAN. We have not a doubt that he honestly desires to keep this nation unbroken. The rebels themselves would readily enough concede him that. Their point is, as we have already said, not that he has any positive identity of spirit with them, but that he has no positive spirit at all—that in the hands of bolder men who do agree with them, he can be made to serve their ends. Their calculation is that they could make the same use of his weakness to end the war to suit themselves, that they did of JAMES BUCHANAN's weakness to start the war to suit themselves. JAMES BUCHANAN was never a traitor at heart, and yet through his lack of high resolution, through his natural aptitude to be manipulated, he did the work of a traitor. He was, in fact, more useful to the incipient rebellion than if he had been an outright bold-handed partner in it. Any palpably traitorous act on his part would have roused the nation at once to a realization of its dangers. What the Jeff Davis crew wanted of BUCHANAN was simply a blind trust and a passive acquiescence. He gave it to them not because he had determined to betray the country, but simply because he had not the strength of character to stand out against them. He yielded, while all the while making fair professions to the people of his devotion to the Union and the Constitution. Thus every practical purpose of the traitors was served, and the people of the North, at the same time, were kept in a false security. There could not possibly have been a more dangerous public character than the nerveless man who was in the White House when this rebellion was organized. How then can it be strange that the enemies of the country are so very anxious that another man of similar cast shall be there when the fortunes of the rebellion shall be decided?

There is no safety for the country but in again placing at its head the man who, of all others, least suits the rebels. The Copperheads have vented all sorts of abuse against ABRAHAM LINCOLN, but they have never yet ventured to say that he was a man that could be moulded to suit the designs of traitors. Upon that matter the whole world knows that he is as firm as adamant. For that reason above all others, loyal men should support him, just as for that reason above all others rebels oppose him. Do not vote as traitors would have you.

Death of Rev. Dr. Potts.

Notwithstanding the statement in the TIMES that Rev. Dr. POTTS was seriously ill, his numerous friends in this City and elsewhere will be painfully surprised at the announcement of his death, which occurred at his residence, in this City, yesterday morning. The funeral services will be held at 4 o'clock on Monday afternoon next, in the Presbyterian Church on University-place, of which Dr. POTTS was for so many years the pastor.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Sept. 15.

RICHMOND EXPERIENCE OF CAPT. SLOAN.

Capt. B. P. SLOAN, Second Pennsylvania Cavalry, who was captured Aug. 17, 1864, at White Oak Swamp, on HANCOCK's line, has just returned from Richmond, having left the Libby Prison on Monday, Sept. 12. He states that 230 of our officers are imprisoned in Richmond, and about 4,500 men. The officers are confined in the Libby; the men are all sent to Belle Isle; that Richmond has not been for some time the depot for prisoners, all being sent into interior towns; but that since GRANT has held the Weldon Railroad, and the Danville Railroad, the only remaining outlet, is subject to be cut by frequent raids by United States cavalry, the rebel authorities do not dare to transport officers and men captured from the armies operating before the rebel capital beyond that city, and hereafter, until opportunity serves for their transfer to other points, they will all be held there.

SENTIMENT OF UNION PRISONERS.

Capt. SLOAN was treated with kindness by the residents of Richmond with whom he was brought in contact, and his personal appearance, so far as his prison life is concerned, indicates the fact. The sentiment of all our captured men, so far as he came in contact with them, was a willingness to suffer to any extent the hardships of imprisonment, rather than enable the rebels, by an exchange, to fill up their armies with forty or fifty thousand fresh troops; and that all these prisoners understand that recruiting from such a source is the only chance left to the rebels to reinforce their armies and to enable them much longer to prolong the war.

The rebel Commissioner OULD claims to hold two thousand of our officers as prisoners; but admits that we have four thousand of theirs. On the subject of men he was silent.

In regard to the political contest going on in the North, the rebels expressed freely a hope that MCCLELLAN would be elected; not so much on his account; as because, in the event of the election of the Chicago ticket, by some dispensation of Providence, PENDLETON might be placed at the head of affairs, and would forthwith concede to them all they demand.

GEN. HAYS IN DEFENCE OF HIS BRIGADE.

Capt. SLOAN says he is authorized by Brig.-Gen. JOSEPH HAYS, commanding regulars, who was captured in the fight of Aug. 19 on the Weldon road, to state that great injustice has been done him in newspaper accounts of the conduct of his brigade on that occasion, and claims that if his Division Commander had properly advised him of the movements of the enemy upon his right, he could have about-faced his command and captured the rebels, instead of being taken, and that his loss by capture was only between one hundred and fifty and two hundred men.

The conduct of Col. WALKER, Adjutant-General to Gen. HANCOCK, is spoken of with great praise. He, too, was captured on the 19th of August, but succeeded in destroying his papers, and endeavored to escape by swimming the Appomattox. Unfortunately, however, he landed too far up the river, and was retaken by the enemy within thirty yards of the Union pickets, and although confronted and threatened by both Gens. LEE and BEAUREGARD, refused to disclose aught of our numbers or position.

STATE GOVERNORS IN WASHINGTON.

Govs. ANDREW of Massachusetts, NEWELL of New-Jersey, and SMITH of Vermont, are here, and have been in consultation with the President on the subject of the impending draft.

SENTENCED FOR TREASON.

Gen. DOUBLEDAY's court-martial has sentenced FRANK RUSSELL READING and JAMES H. VEATCH, of this city, to five years' imprisonment at hard labor on the Dry Tortugas, for treasonable utterances during the recent rebel raid upon Washington. Both claimed British protection from Lord LYONS without avail.

DEATHS OF NEW-YORK SOLDIERS REPORTED TO-DAY.

Salin Lisher, Company C, Seventh Infantry; Edgar L. Wainer, Company L, Second Artillery; Geo. L. Ellis, Fiftieth Engineers; Benj. Porter, Company E, Seventh Artillery; Daniel Carnor, Company I, Fourteenth Artillery; D. A. Gifford, Company K, One Hundred and Eleventh Infantry; John Hardy, Company H, Ninety-fifth Infantry.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Sept. 15.

A REBEL SURGEON TAKES THE OATH.

An Assistant Surgeon of the rebel army, who came into Gen. BUTLER's lines on Monday and took the oath of allegiance, arrived here to-day, and was furnished with transportation to Louisville.

RETURNED LIBBY PRISONERS.

Lieut. A. G. SEDGWICK, of the Twentieth Massachusetts Volunteers, and Lieut. A. M. STARK, of the One Hundred and Tenth New-York Regiment, are registered to-day as returned Libby prisoners.

DESERTERS FROM EARLY.

Ten deserters from EARLY's command arrived here this morning from Harper's Ferry, eight of whom were immediately released and furnished with transportation to Philadelphia, whither they deserted to go for the purpose of seeking employment.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE 7-30 LOAN.

The subscriptions to the 7-30 loan for the last three days, as reported to the Treasury Department, amount to $1,500,000; total subscriptions to date $33,063,000. Those to the 10-40 loan thus far are, in the aggregate, $81,036,000. The bonds of the new loan continue to be furnished within twenty-four hours after the receipt of certificates.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

Official statements of the public debt are to be made monthly instead of weekly, as heretofore.

THE HAMBURG PROPOSITION.

The chief officer of the Treasury Department never attached any special importance to the inadmissible proposition of a Hamburg house to loan this Government a thousand millions, and publicity was given to it without their approbation or knowledge.

FATAL EXPLOSION.

Three pickets near Fort Slocum, about four miles north of the city, this morning gathered several shells, of which they made supports for their cooking apparatus, supposing, from examination, that they were empty of combustible matter. One of them, however, exploded, and so severely wounded HARRY BOUQUET and B. F. MARSHALL, that each was obliged to undergo the amputation of a leg by Dr. BONTECOU of Harewood Hospital. DENNIS HARE was also severely wounded in the left arm. The injured men belonged to Company A, First New-Hampshire Heavy Artillery. They say that they had frequently before made use of shells for similar purposes.

FROM FORTRESS MONROE.

A Row at Norfolk—Capture of Another Blockade Runner—Additional Southern News.

FORTRESS MONROE, Wednesday, Sept. 14.

A disturbance took place yesterday afternoon in Norfolk between some sailors and the colored guard doing duty on Main-street. Two sailors and one of the guard were shot. One of the sailors died, and the other lost a leg. The guard will die.

The United States steamer *Keystone State* captured the fine blockade-running steamer *Elsey*, and sent her into Beaufort on Thursday last.

The flag-of-truce steamer *New York* arrived last evening from James River, with 400 returned prisoners of war from the South, including 40 officers, in charge of Major MULFORD.

The Richmond *Sentinel* has an article on Gen. SHERMAN's depopulation of Atlanta, calling it "an event unparalleled in the American war, and without an example in modern times." It calls Gen. SHERMAN "the chief among savages, the Captain among pirates, the leader among highwaymen, the prince among scoundrels and brutes, the foremost villian of the world.

"SHERMAN," it says, "has given the war a new feature. Stern as it has been, it is henceforth to be sterner. Horrible as it has been, it is henceforth to be more so. The people are ready. If the President will call us, let him call for us, no matter about age now! If this is the kind of warfare we are to resist, we will strip to fight. Better for halting age, or lisping innocence, to die in defence of home than to be driven out in herds to languish in exile. The last man and the last boy among us must take his musket sooner than endure such outrages as that at Atlanta."

The Richmond *Sentinel* of the 12th has the following:

MACON, Sept. 9.

The prisoners captured yesterday say SHERMAN will now reinforce GRANT, take Richmond, and finish the finish the rebellion. They also state that one-half of his army will go out of service this month. The enemy are closely massed about Atlanta. There is not the slightest prospect of an early resumption of hostilities.

MACON, Sept. 10.

WHEELER's forces have been dispersed, near Tullahoma, by STEADMAN.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 7.

Our prisoners were landed on Morris Island to-day, and marched in the rear of Battery Wagner, guarded by a large body of sentinels.

The enemy brought two new guns to Bragg, this afternoon, drawn by twelve or fourteen horses.

There is no news from City Point.

FROM HAVANA.

Arrival of the Liberty.

The United States Mail steamer *Liberty*, THOS. W. WILSON, Commander, four days and — hours from Havana, with merchandise and passengers, to Messrs. HARGOUS & Co., arrived at this port yesterday morning.

The *Liberty* has experienced head winds and heavy seas during the passage. She left at Havana the steamer *Havana* to sail for New-York.

Business in Havana is quite dull. No local news of importance.

Sugar market quiet. Quotations for basis numbers —Dutch Standard, Nos. 11 and 12, 4⅜ to 4⅝ per 100 pounds. Shipped the past week from Havana, 8,930 boxes; from Matanzas 1,192 boxes, out of which only 20 boxes were shipped for the United States.

Freights—very little doing. Falmouth orders, 45s. to 55s. No business with or for the United States, except what is done by the regular packet traders. Exchanges improved; London 12¼ to 12⅜ per cent. premium, sixty days' sight.

United States Northern cities 51 to 52 per cent. discount, sixty days.

Health of Havana improving.

The *Liberty* brings a large mail.

We are indebted to Purser NICHOLS for favors.

Correspondence of the Associated Press:

HAVANA, Saturday, Sept. 10.

Since the departure of the *Roanoke*, not an item of importance has transpired.

The steamer *Frances*, which came from Philadelphia, and was sold, left for Galveston on Tuesday. The *Dacotah* will doubtless soon follow, as well as the *Triton* and *Maria*. The *Triton* goes into dock here on Monday, and the *Maria* on Thursday. She came from St. Johns, N. B., experiencing very heavy weather, and being considerably damaged. She is very fast.

The heat of the past week has been very oppressive, but there have few cases of yellow fever. Mrs. RAHN, *née* HARSON, but better known as Mlle. NATALIE, the prima donna, has been attacked by the fever.

New Telegraph Office.

NEW-YORK, Thursday, Sept. 15.

The American Telegraph Office have opened an office for general business at the northwest corner of Chambers-street and Broadway.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Tuesday, Sept. 13.

The steamer *Sacramento* sailed for Panama today with 215 passengers and $825,384 in gold.

RECRUITING BY THE POLICE.—One of the Metropolitan Police Precincts to-day paid to the Treasurer of the Police Relief Fund the sum of $725, collected from the members of the precinct within the past six weeks, as a part of the amount earned by enlisting men for the army. One of the regulations of the department requires the payment of from ten to fifteen per cent. of the hand-money received by members of the force to the relief fund of the department. The members of one precinct must have secured about two hundred men within the past six weeks, receiving therefor at least six thousand dollars, less the per centage named.

DROWNED.—An inquest was held yesterday by Coroner COLLIN on the body of JOHN CURRAN, late a mate of the bark *Levina*. The body was found floating in the water at Pier No. 45 North River, by the Captain of the vessel. Deceased had been missing since Monday last. It is thought that he fell overboard accidentally.

POLITICS AND WEST POINT.

The North and the South Contrasted.

LETTER FROM GEN. SEYMOUR.

The following letter, though primarily addressed to the Cleveland *Herald*, has been sent us for publication by its author:

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Sept. 8, 1864.

To the Editor of the Cleveland (O.) Herald:

A friend has sent me a copy of your paper of the 22d ult., containing comments upon "the letters of Gens. HAZEN and SEYMOUR," from which I take the following extracts:

"Both these Generals were educated at West Point, and inherit from that institution the peculiarity of sentiment that made so many officers lukewarm in their devotion to our cause, and lax in discharge of military duties. Gens. HAZEN and SEYMOUR have passed a large portion of their military lives at the South, and been recipients of those Southern courtesies so acceptable and so flattering, which made almost every regular army officer a cordial opponent of the Anti-Slavery sentiment of the North, and an ardent friend and defender of the 'peculiar' institution."

The fallacies upon which these misapprehensions are founded have been so widely spread, and so far believed by a large class of intelligent people at the North, that they demand explanation and refutation. As a graduate of an academy of which every sensible American should be proud, I give the most emphatic denial to the above charges against West Point and the regular army officers it has graduated.

At this academy no peculiarity of sentiment as to political affairs has ever been inculcated. In my day politics were never even referred to. The discussion of Slavery was unknown. More profitable subjects of controversy presented themselves to young men who were striving hard for the mastery of the most difficult of all professions. But if sentiments were inculcated they would certainly have been of Northern stamp. The majority of the corps, as of Representatives in Congress, has always been from the North. (In 1860 192 of a corps of 278.) The leading or "distinguished" cadets of each class were predominantly Northern. (For twenty years before secession 16 of 20.) And the instructors and professors were almost entirely of Northern birth and of Northern prejudices. The only "peculiarity" they ever sought to impress was that devotion to duty and to country that has ever been considered, through all ages, the chief glory of a soldier's life. And if any convictions, otherwise, were acquired by the cadet, they were generally of contempt for mere politicians and their dishonest principles of action—such as are at this moment threatening the Republic with eternal shame, if not ruin. And this state of things still exists, and West Point may still justly claim, as it has always done, to educate young men who (in the words you apply to two of its graduates, and may well extend to all, as a class,) "seek no political advancement, and have no selfish personal ends to achieve disconnected with their profession and the unity of the country."

If, in 1861, some were disloyal and some were lukewarm in their devotion, other causes founded upon broader grounds, must be assigned than the unsound and unjust ones you have indicated. And some of them I will briefly state.

For many years previous to secession, the profession of arms had, at the North, fallen from disrepute to contempt. There was no militia worthy of even that name. A citizen soldier was, in the popular eye, but little better than a mountebank. The utility of any wide military organization was either unrecognized or was shamefully neglected. Some States had no semblance of organization, and indeed, are no wiser at this moment for the experience of this war. To be an officer of the Regular army was, popularly, to be an idle gentleman, well paid for doing nothing, scarcely worthy of respect, and assuredly not of esteem. Ambitious young graduates, therefore, naturally sought in civil life that standing and success not to be obtained as army officers, and as superintendents, engineers, professors, &c., were far better paid, infinitely more respectable than when wearing the despised livery of the nation. The Military Academy itself had hosts of enemies. But for the demonstrations of the Mexican War, it would have been abandoned as an useless expense to the country. Western Senators and Representatives vied with those from the proudly intelligent East, in decrying on the floor of Congress the only military institution of the nation, nevertheless acknowledged to be one of the best in the world. To diminish the pay of the army, to abolish West Point, were, indeed, rather favorite topics of declamation, and strong votes and the general applause of a wide constituency could be readily obtained whenever any act denunciatory of this school was proposed. So little was military education appreciated, that there was not a single Northern State that ever possessed a military academy worthy the name under its control or patronage.

How was it with the South? Save Florida and Texas, every State had its West Point, founded by the State, officered largely by West Point graduates, almost invariably superintended by choice officers, (of whom SHERMAN, D. H. HILL and Stonewall JACKSON are memorable examples,) and so generously cherished as to become honorable and close imitations of the parent school. From these academies were annually graduated thousands of the best young men of the South, thoroughly trained for all the subordinate walks of military life, and the best possible material for commanding companies and regiments, and for those staff officers, the well filling of which is so essential to a General's usefulness. These young men had for years been employed in organizing and instructing the military strength of the South. The possession of the slave had, indeed, made organization always necessary.

In some Southern towns tattoo was regularly heard. And while the North slumbered or was lost in Danæ-an dreams, the South was earnestly mustering for the stormy strife. When the day dawned, she opened the war in perfect readiness for her work. Every graduate of West Point was welcome—not one of those in civil life was permitted to hide his light under a bushel. The rebel President, himself a graduate, and no mean statesman, knew who his best men were, of personal knowledge, placed them where they belonged, and there they have remained. The ability of each and every graduate was sensibly economized and employed. Every question of policy, every suspicion of lingering love for the Union, was forgotten or put aside in the single intent to build up the best and strongest possible military system for the quick winning of the great fight. Popular clamor there might be, and some change, but no dismissal, no disgrace. [Instance BRAGG, JOHNSTON, even PEMBERTON.] So it was at the South; so it is still.

How was it with us? At the outbreak we had in the army, of graduates as great a proportional superiority as of wealth or population. Many Southern officers remained true, (133,) while but a squad of Northern graduates were traitors, (19;) and so long as the everlasting hills of West Point bear witness to the shameless treason of BENEDICT ARNOLD, their names will be remembered by the cadet, with a blush for their like disgrace. We had also of the best class of officers a goodly number equal, if not superior, to the best of the South. The general sentiment of the army was to this effect. The South taught differently, in order to inspire distrust; and the North, as often before, slavishly acceded. If some of these officers have not seemed to display such merit as is here claimed for them, and corresponding success, it must not be forgotten that there have been amply sufficient causes of totally distinct class for their shortcoming.

Then the problem placed before the North was misunderstood; if there was indeed to be a war, politics—that bane of the nation—had more to do, it was considered, with its solution than the sword. The regular service was, however, extended. Promotions to resulting vacancies, even of high grade, was given to civilians, of political precedents, of whom none had the slightest claim to positions for which regular officers had been educated, fought and served long, waited hopefully, and had a right to expect. Justice to him became a thoroughly dead letter. And even when the volunteer force was raised, and commands of regiments were offered freely to army officers, and sought for and by them, it was long before permission could be obtained, and was often refused. Every fitting avenue to professional hope and ambition was sedulously obstructed if not closed. And over the heads and upon the hearts of those who had long been carefully taught in a hard school, at least the rudiments of a General's duties, stepped or were thrust perfectly uneducated and incompetent men. No previous good service, no measure of loyalty affected the question. Even those who first endeavored, at Sumter and Pickens, to bar the way of treason, were unnoticed and forgotten, except so far as personal or political friends pressed them into advancement. Some were *never* noticed.

And even now, many scores of our best officers, fully fitted by high intelligence and much experience, for the most difficult commands—even the supreme command of our armies—are condemned to duty as subalterns or captains of companies, when under a wise and just system their names might fill the world.

Thus, Sir, have not a few been made lukewarm and heart-sore, perhaps even disloyal—for graduates of West Point are but human, and are possessed of the ambitions and passions of humanity. To expect them to sacrifice every hope, every perception of right, and to steel themselves into insensibility, to error and wrong, is expecting too much.

If I have written more plainly than many of my fellow-officers would justify, it has been that a single inference should be drawn—that the South owes whatever of successful resistance it has made, to her proper employment of her military education, and the North has failed in using its overpowering strength to insure quick success, because of its entire inappreciation of its military duties and its abuse or willful perversion of its military skill. The best possible vindication of the Military Academy is to be found in the history of the Confederacy, and if I have drawn strongly the contrast between Southern and Northern policy, it has not been so much to set forth the grievances of West Point officers, as to impress the above inference upon reflecting minds.

The errors described are justly to be charged to all parties, all administrations, and to the entire people. The true feeling upon national honor and our duty to the nation as citizens, has been bewildered or lost in the dark labyrinth of politics—that we may be extricated, we must pass through fires that may well try our patience and endurance. And the grievous neglect of the past and the ignorant indifference of the present must be corrected by a wiser future, or our children will only live to see the constant peril and decay that must befall this Republic as surely as the same evils have led, in past ages, to the ruin of other States as grand as our own.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

T. SEYMOUR, Brig.-Gen. U. S. Vols.

Amusements.

GERMAN OPERA.—The weather on Wednesday evening was unfavorable to ordinary entertainments, but Mr. GROVER has extraordinary fortune and the Academy was almost crowded. "Martha," the opera performed, has always been a favorine with our public. The melodies of Herr VON FLOTOW are tangible, if not of the best quality. And to the Anglo-Saxon public there is a special appeal in the constant repetition of the well-known tune, the "Last Rose of Summer." There is no occasion because this air is introduced, that the opera should be underrated. Judged by its own merits, it is one of the most agreeable works that the public can hope to hear. Without pretension it yet touches large points of musical effect, and in the solos, as well as the concerted pieces, is generally tasty and effective.

The performance last evening was rough, but unusually spirited. The defects of the separate artists were more than covered by the very agreeable *ensemble* to which they contributed. There was quick intelligence, and even vivacity, in the effort of every one who took part in the representation—this intelligence and vivacity extending even to the chorus. In the finales, the balance was sometimes awry, positive voices are there required; hence the charming ending of the third act was almost a solo. The *Plunkett* was not base; the *Nancy* was not contralto; the *Martha* was not strong, but the *Lionel* was superb. Herr HABELMAN is one of the best tenors of his kind that we have had in this country, either in Italian or German opera. His method is not so "open" as it might be, but it is sufficient to reveal a naturally rich and sympathetic voice. We may add here that Herr HABELMAN's stage presence is not the least point in his favor.

The chorus was vigorous; the orchestra good. Neither displayed the delicacy which results from long rehearsal, but both were energetic. Rust sits on the Germans longer than it does upon the Italians. The latter study in their vacation; the former do not. Hence there is always a necessity for several performances before the Germans get up to their ordinary pitch of excellence. When they are there the Italians take their place behind, for in quickness of apprehension and devotion of art, a German is not behind any artist that lives in the world. To-night WEBER's opera of "Der Freischutz" will be given with an unusually good cast.

THE ORATORIO OF THE CREATION.—The performance of this fine work will positively take place at Jones' Wood to-day. The solo performers are all good—being headed by KARL FORMES, whose proficiency in this kind of music is unquestionable. Mr. ANSCHUTZ conducts the orchestra, which with the chorus will number several hundred performers.

A Magnificent Testimonial.

The testimonial about to be presented to JAMES MCHENRY, Esq., of London, by the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad Company, can be seen at the establishment of Messrs. BALL, BLACK & CO. It is a splendid specimen of artistic taste and skill—rich alike in design and execution. It was manufactured at a cost of over $15,000. The following is a brief description:

There is a dinner set, consisting of vegetable dishes, game dish, fish dish, waiter, salt cellars, wine cooler and bouquet-holders—all of *solid sterling silver*, richly ornamented and gilt. Also (which is the main feature,) a large silver plateau, gilt, with mirror. It is 3 feet square; on it at the corners stand 4 silver gilt candlesticks. In the centre is a column, solid silver gilt, a fac simile of that in the Rue de la Paix, Paris; this column is 4 feet high and 12 inches square at the base; four chains pendant, connect the candlesticks with the top of the column; in the centre of each chain is a medallion—with likenesses on both sides, making eight in all—of the prominent men interested in the enterprise. The engraving in the shaft took the most skillful workmen in New-York five months to do. There are 30,000 letters and figures engraved. Every cut and filling of the grade for 200 miles of this railroad (which was built in 200 days) is shown. Messrs. BALL, BLACK & CO. have been more than a year engaged in the manufacture of this costly gift.

MEXICAN AFFAIRS.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Sept. 14, 1864.

The recent reported successes in Mexico of that detachment of the Republican army under CORTINAS, do not in any manner deserve the importance attributed to them by several leading journals. This Mexican chieftain has gathered about him a few hundred adventurers, and like the rebel guerrilla chiefs MOSBY, FORREST, or the defunct MORGAN, makes his raids upon detached bodies of French troops, and unsupported outposts of that army, simply for the purposes of plunder and murder, and his command is not regarded by either side in any other light than as partisan rangers, with a roving commission to kill, burn and destroy. In fact, his depredations are not confined exclusively to the French army, but friend and foe alike have experienced his impartial brutality. Since his late forcible arrest and restraint of a British Consul in Mexico, it is understood that he will be repudiated by JUAREZ entirely. It is also said that Gen. BAZAINE, the Commander-in-Chief of the French army, has received written instructions from NAPOLEON the Third to drive JUAREZ, and with him his Government, out of Mexican territory—evidently feeling that it does not appear well in the eyes of the world to have two organized Governments in that country. To this end all French troops have already left for the interior, and a large column has been advanced into Sonora, with the expressed intention of holding that State until the French Government is fully indemnified and reimbursed for all her Mexican claims. Individuals high in authority in Mexico, declare that all rumors of complications between NAPOLEON and MAXIMILIAN are entirely without foundation, and that all the recent movements of the French army are made upon a perfect mutual understanding. It is now evidently the intention of NAPOLEON to continue his armed strength in Mexico until the last vestige of the JUAREZ Government is swept away, upon the pretext of recovering and securing his claims in that country, which will, of course, leave MAXIMILIAN's empire the *de facto* Government of the country. That the Mexicans themselves foresee such a result is evident, from the readiness with which they acquiesce in the new régime. Tired of anarchy and confusion, the popular heart is for peace and the blessings of a stable Government. Already leading and eminent Mexican statesmen are beginning to foresee the destiny of the country and accept the rule of a monarchy in preference to that of an oligarchy.

The condition to which Mexico has come, after forty years of dissension, leaves its citizens, in the present emergency, only one of two courses to choose—social dissolution, amidst the horrors of anarchy, or the restoration of legal order by the monarchy, which anarchy itself has brought. The one has been, and always will be, as inseparable from the other as the will from its cause. The choice between the two extremes was doubtful, granting that a choice remained after the acts which have already taken place.

Says an eminent Mexican statesman, who has just given in his adhesion to the Government of MAXIMILIAN, in a recent letter:

"People who have lived happily under a political system, consolidated by time and custom, can maintain conscientiously that its chief good consists essentially *in the form*, giving a preference to their own; but conscience warns and the illusion disappears, in the impartial man, who has seen the first tried with unhappy results. What country of the world has introduced into its institutions a greater quantity of the democratic element than Mexico? What country has had *written* in its constitutions a greater number of public and private liberties than she? Not one, and nevertheless it has only produced oligarchies of ambitious persons, and tyrannies which would have caused astonishment even in Constantinople. People who have so profaned republican institutions, cannot, ought not, to continue under their shelter. After having tried democracy in all its forms without any favorable result, we have, falling back on the stream of time, returned to our place of starting. Will we obtain by this that peace, prosperity and welfare which we have not enjoyed under the democratic system? Here is the great and tremendous trial we are going to make, and to which—laying aside affections—not only Mexicans, but all men who cherish generous and humane sentiments, ought to contribute, because it is the question of life or death of a country—of the preservation or extinction of a nationality. In the past, we can count in its favor with tremendous lessons; and for the future, with the hopes given by an illustrious Prince—one without passions, with a heart and head entirely American, and who not only professes in theory, but puts in practice, the ideas of true liberty and progress. If, with all these guarantees, we cannot put ourselves on the road to order and civilization, it will be necessary to erase the name of Mexico from the map, and replace it with others—how many, God only knows—which will be given it by foreign invaders, who will repair from all quarters to divide up its wasted territory."

Such seems to be the feeling that now permeates the reflecting portion of the Mexican people, as gathered from letters received here; and should they, after the withdrawal of the French army, still acquiesce in the establishment of a monarchy, as seems now evident, there is no doubt but that the great mass of the people will eventually learn to prefer a strong, concentrated and durable Government, to the anarchy and confusion growing out of their past experiments in a popular rule.

Debt of the Confederate States.

The London *Index* publishes the report of the Confederate Secretary of the Treasury, which gives the public debt on April 1, 1864, as follows:

FUNDED.		
Act Feb. 28, 1861, 8 per cent		$15,000,000 00
Act May, 16, 1861, 8 per cent		8,891,700 00
Act Aug. 19, 1861, 8 per cent		100,000,000 00
Act April 12, 1862, 8 per cent		3,182,850 00
Act Feb. 20, 1863, 8 per cent		95,763,700 00
Act Feb. 20, 1863, 7 per cent		66,318,550 00
Act March 23, 1863, 6 per cent		11,646,200 00
Act April 30, 1863, 6 per cent		8,393,000 00
To which must be added the following call certificates outstanding, to wit:		
Act Dec. 24, 1861, 6 per cent	$40,439,170 00	
Act March 23, 1863, 4 per cent	1,825,000 00	
Act March 23, 1863, 5 per cent	72,074,100 00	114,338,270 00
7.30 interest-bearing Treasury notes		99,996,400 00
Total		$523,530,670 00
UNFUNDED.		
Act March 9, 1861, interest notes, $3 65		$534,500 00
Act May 16, 1861, two-year notes		8,204,575 00
Act Aug. 19, 1861, general currency		154,356,631 00
Act April 17, 1862, denomination $1 and $2		4,516,509 00
Act Oct. 13, 1862, general currency		118,997,321 50
Act March 23, 1863, general currency		511,182,566 50
Total		$797,792,103 00
From this is to be deducted the amount of repayments of old currency by disbursing officers, and also the amount of notes received for four per cent. certificates, which are in the Treasury awaiting cancelation		$292,000,000 00
Total		$505,792,103 00

Organization of a Petroleum Exchange.

The large and daily increasing amount of capital invested in shares of the numerous petroleum companies, has made it desirable to establish in this City a regular board for the exclusive purchase and sale of petroleum stock. Some of our leading merchants, largely interested in petroleum, have lately associated for the purpose of establishing such board, and yesterday held a meeting at No. 33 Pine-street, at which Mr. C. THOMAS BUCKLEY presided. Among other resolutions the following were passed:

That Mr. HOLTHAUSEN be appointed Treasurer to receive the subscription made for the stock; that the name and title of the association be "The Petroleum Stock Exchange of New-York;" and, that seven trustees be appointed to govern the association. The committee appointed for the purpose of selecting the names of seven trustees reported the following: Messrs. C. A. Robert, H. Schmidt, Jno. Pondir, W. F. Roelofson, H. Holthausen, J. F. Schepler, E. W. Holberg, which report was adopted. It was further resolved, that the trustees of the association be authorized and empowered to select a suitable location for the Exchange, and to prescribe and adopt proper by-laws and rules for its regulation. The meeting then adjourned.

The Turnfest.

CONCLUSION OF THE FESTIVAL.

Yesterday all the societies and members who had participated in this festival, assembled at the Turn-halle, where a parting cup was drank, a ballad or two sung, and a "salamander geriben" (or glasses of lager) drunk at one draft.

The members of the different Turnvereins during this interchanged badges and other tokens of remembrance, which, with the piercing of the cap worn at the Commers on the previous day with a foil, concluded the Turnfest.

The Turners mostly left yesterday for their homes highly pleased with the reception and entertainment received at the hands of the New-Yorkers, but still more pleased with the success the cause of freedom and human right has met with in their midst. To the Committee of Arrangements, Messrs. Heintz, Metzner, Balliett, Staff and Meinhardt, the success of the festival is due in a great measure.

Commerce of the Port.

The total number of arrivals at this port from foreign ports for 1864 to the 14th inst., inclusive, was 3,642, as follows: Steamers, 285; ships, 459; barks, 922; brigs, 1,179; schooners, 797, which is in excess of a daily average of steamships, 1; ships, 2; barks, 4; brigs, 5; schooners, 3, or a total of 15 sail daily.

The number of passengers arrived during the same period was 156,646, or 652 daily.

For the Revenue Department to board this large number of vessels daily, certify their manifests, call over the crew lists, discharge the passengers, &c., &c., requires a large force of officers, and it is well established that the boating facilities of the department are totally inadequate. Considering the distance to be gone over by the assistant boarding officers daily, and at times, the necessarily slow progress made, it is remarkable that the Collector of the port has not had placed at his disposal some more suitable means of expediting this business than he at present commands.

ARRIVAL OF VETERANS.—Yesterday the veterans of the Sixth and Seventh Regiments, Connecticut Volunteers, whose term of service has expired, consisting of 309 men and 6 officers, returned from the front, near Petersburgh. The detachment is under command of Col. HAWLEY, and presented a fine appearance. A breakfast was given them at the Battery Barracks, after which they took the Hartford boat, en route for home.

A COMPLAINT BOOK.—At the office of the Citizens' Association, No. — Broadway, is a Complaint Book, which is extensively patronized by citizens. Complaints of all kinds relative to city matters are entered here and receive the immediate attention of the Association. It is known that with the Association is connected a Legal Board, composed of our most prominent lawyers. The complaints are first investigated by an officer of the Association, and, if well grounded, application is made to the city official whose province it is to remedy. If he neglects to remedy, then the matter is handed over to the above Board, under whose directions legal proceedings are taken. Some of the complaints are of rather a trivial character, but these, as well as the grave ones, are investigated by the officer, and relief secured. Complaint Books of this character have been opened before at the City Hall, but fell into disuse because attention to them was not made a specialty. In the present instance it is and will be, and much benefit has already been derived from it.

For what Reason is Phalon's Night Blooming CEREUS like a great Union victory? Because it sets the tongues of the bell(e)s a going all over the land.

The long and the short of it is, that when short of PHALON'S NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS, you long for it.

Sentiment for a public dinner: "Phalon's NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS." If anybody asks you what you mean by giving it, say, "It beats every other scent I meant."

The drums that proclaim the triumphs of PHALON'S NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS—these conun-drums.

Security Against Burglars.

THE ROTARY LOCK,
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has been in use for years, without failing in a single instance to afford the most perfect protection against the attack of burglars. For convenience and durability it is not equaled by any other lock.

VALENTINE & BUTLER,
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Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup,
For children teething, cures dysentry and diarrhœa regulates the stomach and bowels and cures wind-colic.

Untrimmed Felt and Moleskin Hats,
At Wholesale and Retail,
FOR LADIES,
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MEDICAL COMMON SENSE,
A curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. Price, $1 50. To be had at all news depots. Contents tables mailed free. Address
Dr. E. B. FOOTE, No. 1,130 Broadway, N. Y

Batchelor's Hair Dye.
The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Second-hand Safes for Sale,
CHEAP FOR CASH,
AT NO. 100 MAIDEN-LANE.

Attention, Company!—Volunteers who expect to retain their health unimpaired during the campaign, must see to it themselves. Do not trust to the Army Surgeons. Supply yourselves with HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT. Every English soldier's knapsack contains them. If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug-store in his place, let him write to me, No. 80 Maiden-lane, inclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents, and $1 40 per box or pot.

Colorific—A New Hair-Dye.—No Wash, no trouble; one application only; does not crisp or burn the hair like the old dyes; splendid for ladies, colors beautiful brown or black without trouble or entangling the hair. BOSWELL & WARNER'S COLORIFIC; try it; you will use no other. Wholesale depot, 9 Dey-st., N. Y

Artificial Limbs.—B. FRANK PALMER, LL.D. supplies the best for officers, soldiers and civilians. No 744 B'dway, N.Y.; 1,609 Chestnut-st., Phila.; 19 Green-st. Boston. Address the inventor only and avoid imposition

Dr. Lighthill has Returned to the City, and can now be daily consulted at his residence, No. 34 St. Mark's-place, from 10 A. M. till 3 P. M., on Deafness, Catarrh, and all diseases of the Eye, Ear and Throat.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also, supporters, bandages, silk elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

For the Hair and Skin—Barry's Tricopherous.—The best and cheapest article. Sold by all druggists.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stitch Sewing Machines, No. 495 Broadway, New-York, and No. 235 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

Hill's Hair Dye, 50 Cents, Black or Brown, reliable. Depot No. 1 Barclay-st. Sold by all druggists.

Wheeler & Wilson's Highest Premium Lock STITCH SEWING MACHINES, No. 625 Broadway.

Messrs. Fowler & Wells, Phrenologists, give charts daily, at No. 389 Broadway, New-York.

MARRIED.

BESSON—TAYLOR.—On Wednesday, Sept. 14, at the residence of the bride's father, Dobbs' Ferry, N. Y., by Rev. James H. Williams, JOHN BESSON, Esq., and Miss ELLEN W., daughter of S. Taylor, Esq. No cards.

CHRISTIE—LYDECKER.—On Wednesday, Sept. 14, at Englewood, N. J., at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. John Y. Debaun, JAMES CHRISTIE and RACHEL LYDECKER, both of Englewood.

By the same, at the same time and place, CORNELIUS TERHUNE, of Tieneck, and MARIA LYDECKER, of Englewood.

GILBERT—CULVER.—On Wednesday, Sept. 14, by Rev. Geo. Hubbell, CHARLES GILBERT and FRANCES CULVER, all of this City.

☞ Elmira papers please copy.

JARMAN—PETERKIN.—At the residence of the bride's parents, Brooklyn, E. D., on Wednesday, Sept. 14, by Rev. W. H. Pendleton, ROBERT H. JARMAN and MAGGIE, daughter of John Peterkin, Esq.

☞ Philadelphia and Western papers please copy.

MEAD—BELL.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, Sept. 15, by Rev. James J. Bell, at Hanson-place M. E. Church, GEORGE H. MEAD and Miss BECKIE A. BURROUGHS, grand-daughter of Mr. Peter C. Bell. No cards.

PEARCE—MOORHOUSE.—In Boston, on Wednesday, Sept. 14, by Rev. Henry M. Dexter, THOMAS H. PEARCE and MARY J. MOORHOUSE, both of Boston.

SCHIPPER—BESSON.—On Tuesday, Sept. 13, at the residence of Shadrack Taylor, Esq., Dobbs' Ferry, N. Y., by Rev. S. H. Weston, D. D., CHARLES SCHIPPER, Esq., and Miss FRANCES M., eldest daughter of the late John Besson.

WILLIAMS—MOTT.—At the Church of St. John the Baptist, on Wednesday, Sept. 14, by Rev. Cornelius R. Duffie, Mr. J. B. WILLIAMS and Miss ADDIE MOTT, all of this City. No cards.

DIED.

BUFFETT.—At Bergen, N. J., on Wednesday, Sept. 14, CATHARINE L., wife of Edward P. Buffett, M. D., and daughter of Walter M. Smith, Esq., of this City, aged 26 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her father, No. 84 East 41st-st., New-York, on Saturday, the 17th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

BRUNDAGE.—In this City, on Wednesday evening, Sept. 14, CHAUNCEY W., youngest son of Allen Brundage, of North Castle, Westchester County, N. Y., aged 23 years. His remains will be taken this (Friday) morning to North Castle.

BRADFORD.—At Tampa Bay, Fla., on Friday, July 29 on board the U. S. bark *Roebuck*, WILLIAM H. BRADFORD, Assistant Master's Mate U. S. Navy, second son of the late Hon. John M. Bradford, of Geneva, N. Y.

CRANE.—At Morristown, N. J., on Tuesday, Sept. [illegible] AMANDA H., widow of Benjamin F. Crane, and daughter of the late Wm. Chardavoyne.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 151 East 15th-st., on Friday afternoon, at 2½ o'clock, without further invitation.

CARPENTER.—At New-Utrecht, on Tuesday, Sept. 13, JOHN CARPENTER, M. D., in the 74th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, and the Kings County Medical Society, and the Medical faculty in general, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Friday, the 16th inst., at 4 P. M., from the Reformed Dutch Church, New-Utrecht, without further invitation.

COCHRANE.—On Friday, Aug. 26, at St. George's, Bermuda, of yellow fever, in the 26th year of his age, BAYARD C. COCHRANE, Lieutenant Royal Engineers, second son of the late Rupert J. Cochrane.

DINGEE.—At Mamaroneck, on Thursday, Sept. 15, EUGENE DINGEE, son of Solomon and Mary A. Dingee, aged 2 months and 9 days.

Funeral this day at 1½ o'clock P. M., at Mamaroneck. The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend.

DORR.—In Walpole, N. H., on Wednesday, Sept. 14, F. B. DORR, of New-York, aged 32 years, only son of Jos. G. and Eliza B. Dorr.

GOODHUE.—On Wednesday, Sept. 14, of consumption, MARY ELIZABETH ELDREDGE, wife of Charles W. Goodhue, and daughter of the late N. T. Eldredge, of this City.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, at her late residence, No. 35 East 28th-st., on Friday, Sept. 16, at 2 P. M., without further notice.

KING.—At Rochester, N. Y., on Sabbath morning, Sept. 11, FREDERICK W. KING, Counselor-at-law, formerly of this City, in the 39th year of his age.

KING.—Near Sing Sing, on Thursday, Sept. 15, Rev. JAMES S. KING, aged 30 years.

The friends of the family, and of that of his father-in-law, Henry R. Remsen, are invited to attend his funeral, on Saturday, at 4 o'clock. Carriages will be in waiting at Sing Sing Station on the arrival of the Hudson River Railroad train which leaves Chambers-st. at 2 o'clock.

LAPAUGH.—On Wednesday evening, Sept. 14, LAVINA LAPAUGH, aged 60 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, No. 325 West 12th-st., this (Friday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

LATSON.—At his residence, on Tuesday, Sept. 13, at New-Paltz Landing, Ulster County, JOHN W. LATSON, aged 49 years.

His relatives and friends are respectfully invited to accompany his remains to Evergreen Cemetery. Carriages will be in attendance at the Hudson River depot at 30th-st., to meet the 10 o'clock train, on Friday, Sept. 16, without further invitation.

MCKEE.—On Thursday, Sept. 15, Mrs. SARAH MCKEE, in the 74th year of her age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Saturday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from her residence, No. 37 Kent av., Brooklyn.

POTTS.—At his residence in the City of New-York, on Thursday morning, Sept. 15, Rev. GEORGE POTTS, D. D., Pastor of the Presbyterian Church on University-place, in the 63d year of his age.

Notice of the funeral will be given hereafter.

In consequence of the death of the Pastor, the regular Church services will not be resumed till the fourth Sabbath of September.

PATTISON.—On Thursday, Sept. 15, JAMES EDWIN PATTISON, aged 18 years, 1 month and 1 day.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his mother, No. 23 Ridge-st., on Saturday, at 1 o'clock. The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

RIPLEY.—In Springfield, Mass., on Saturday, Sept. 10, HARRY, aged 15 months, youngest son of Charles P. H. and Harriet Ripley, of this City.

ROBERTSON.—At Malone, Franklin County, N. Y., on Saturday, Sept. 10, CARRIE R. BRISBIN, wife of Rev. C. F. Robertson, in the 26th year of her age.

STEWART.—On Monday, Sept. 12, at Rye, Westchester County, at the residence of his brother-in-law, Henry Brevoort, Esq., Dr. JAMES STEWART, of New-York, in the 66th year of his age.

His remains were interred in the family vault at St. Luke's.

STOPFORD.—Killed near Jonesboro, Ga., on Thursday, Sept. 1, Capt. W. F. STOPFORD, of the Fourteenth Corps, son of the late Rev. W. K. Stopford, of the New-York East Conference, aged 25 years, 5 months and 19 days.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

☞ Toledo, Ohio, papers please copy.

TAYLOR.—On Wednesday morning, Sept. 14, after a short but painful illness, GEORGE TAYLOR, in the 56th year of his age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Friday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 81 West 45th-st.

UNDERHILL.—At Sherman, Conn., on Wednesday, Sept. 7, of dysentery, HELEN ROBERTS, infant daughter of John T. and Marion Underhill, aged 10 months. At the same place, on Monday, Sept. 12, of the same disease, MARION DENELL, wife of John T. Underhill, in the 25th year of her age. Also, of the same disease, on Tuesday, Sept. 13, MATILDA HYATT, daughter of John T. and Marion Underhill, aged 3 years and 12 days.

VAN NEST.—On Wednesday evening, Sept. 14, ABRAHAM VAN NEST, in the 88th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Saturday, the 17th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., from his late residence, No. 351 Bleecker-st.

VAN BENSCHOTEN.—On Thursday afternoon, Sept. 15, ELIAS VAN BENSCHOTEN, in the 30th year of his age.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral, at his late residence, No. 653 Greenwich-st., on Saturday, Sept. 17, at 2 o'clock P. M.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

The Secretary of the Treasury gives notice that subscriptions will be received for Coupon Treasury Notes payable three years from Aug. 15, 1864, with semi-annual interest at the rate of seven and three-tenths per cent. per annum,—principal and interest both to be paid in lawful money.

These notes will be convertible at the option of the holder at maturity, into six per cent. gold-bearing bonds, payable not less than five nor more than twenty years from their date, as the Government may elect. They will be issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, and all subscriptions must be for fifty dollars, or some multiple of fifty dollars.

As the notes draw interest from August 15, persons making deposits subsequent to that date must pay the interest accrued from date of note to date of deposit.

Parties depositing twenty-five thousand dollars and upward for these notes at any one time will be allowed a commission of one-quarter of one per cent.

SPECIAL ADVANTAGES OF THIS LOAN.

IT IS A NATIONAL SAVINGS BANK, offering a higher rate of interest than any other, and *the best security*. Any savings bank which pays its depositors in United States notes considers that it is paying in the best circulating medium of the country, and it *cannot* pay in anything better, for its own assets are either in Government securities or in notes or bonds payable in Government paper.

CONVERTIBLE INTO A SIX PER CENT. 5-20 GOLD BOND.

In addition to the very liberal interest on the notes for three years, this privilege of conversion is now worth about three per cent. per annum, for the current rate for 5-20 Bonds is not less than *nine per cent. premium*, and before the war the premium on six per cent. U. S. Stocks was over twenty per cent. It will be seen that the actual profit on this loan, at the present market rate, is not less than ten per cent. per annum.

ITS EXEMPTION FROM STATE OR MUNICIPAL TAXATION.

But aside from all the advantages we have enumerated, a special act of Congress *exempts all bonds and Treasury notes from local taxation*. On the average, this exemption is worth about two per cent. per annum, according to the rate of taxation in various parts of the country.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as those issued by the Government. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties, or stock companies, or separate communities, only, is pledged for payment, while the whole property of the country is held to secure the discharge of all the obligations of the United States.

SUBSCRIPTIONS WILL BE RECEIVED

BY THE

ASSISTANT TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES, corner of Wall and Nassau-sts.

First National Bank of New-York, No. 4 Wall-st.

Second National Bank of New-York, 23d-st. and Broadway.

Third National Bank of New-York, No. 5 Nassau-st.

Fourth National Bank of New-York, 27 and 29 Pine-st.

Fifth National Bank of New-York, No. 338 3d-av.

Sixth National Bank of New-York, 6th-av. and Broadway.

Eighth National Bank of New-York, No. 650 Broadway.

Ninth National Bank of New-York, No. 363 Broadway.

Tenth National Bank of New-York, No. 240 Broadway.

Central National Bank of New-York, No. 71 Duane-st.

National Exchange Bank of New-York, No. 184 Greenwich-st.

And by all National Banks, which are depositaries of public money, AND ALL RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS throughout the country will doubtless AFFORD FACILITIES TO SUBSCRIBERS.

FANS, NEW STYLES—JUST RECEIVED FROM PARIS—Two, Three, Five, Eight, Ten, Twelve, Fifteen to Thirty Dollars each. For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

ENGLISH, SPANISH AND FRENCH MERCANTILE DICTIONARY.
D. APPLETON & CO., Nos. 443 and 445 Broadway,
Publish This Day,
MERCANTILE DICTIONARY.
A COMPLETE VOCABULARY.
The Technicalities of Commercial Correspondence, Names of Articles of Trade, and Marine Terms, in English, Spanish and French, with Geographical Names, Business Letters, and Tables of the Abbreviations in Common Use in the Three Languages.
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I. DE VEITELLE.
1 vol. Small 4to half Morocco. Price $3.

"No pains have been spared to render the matter contained in this book as complete and reliable as the nature of such a work will permit; to which end the most modern and acknowledged standard publications, in the three languages, have been consulted; much care has also been taken in avoiding a confusion of terms, resulting from the variety of names applied to the various articles of trade in the several countries of South America, endeavoring, as often as practicable, to give the denomination most generally accepted throughout these regions and in the Peninsula; and the generous supply of valuable hints and information received from friends of undoubted authority, will contribute in no small degree to secure a hearty welcome for the MERCANTILE DICTIONARY in all commercial classes."

D. A. & Co. HAVE JUST PUBLISHED:

MEMOIRS OF CAROLINE P. KEITH, Missionary to China. Edited by her brother, W. C. TENNEY. 1 vol. 12mo. Cloth, $2.

SPEECHES AND OCCASIONAL ADDRESSES. By JOHN A. DIX. 2 vols. 8vo. Price $7.

THE TRIAL; OR, MORE LINKS IN THE DAISY CHAIN. By the author of "The Heir of Redclyffe." 1 vol. 12mo. Paper covers, $1 25; cloth, $1 75.

THE NEW INTERNAL REVENUE LAW, approved June 30, 1864; with copious Marginal References, a complete Analytical Index, and Tables of Taxation. Compiled by HORACE E. DRESSER. 1 vol. 8vo. 50 cents; cloth, 75 cents.

Either of the above sent by mail, free of postage, on receipt of price.

SIX NEW BOOKS THIS WEEK.

THE ALABAMA AND SUMTER.
A vivid and picturesque history of the entire career of these two famous Confederate vessels. Reprinted from the London edition of the private journals, etc., of Capt. Semmes and his officers. Two vols. in one. 12mo. cloth, $2.

DOWN IN TENNESSEE.
The new book by the author of "Among the Pines," that is the sensation book of the day, and the book that is selling by the thousand. 12mo, cloth, tinted paper, $1 50.

VICTOIRE.
A remarkable new novel—vigorous and fresh—sure to make a hit. 12mo, cloth, tinted paper, $1 75.

CENTEOLA.
An entirely new work, by the author of "Green Mountain Boys," "May Martin," "Locke Amsden." 12mo. cloth, $1 50.

JOHN GUILDERSTRING'S SIN.
An intense and passionate love story, in the "Jane Eyre" style. 12mo, cloth, tinted paper, $1 50.

QUEST.
A new and promising author is developed in this charming work of fiction. 12mo, cloth, tinted paper, $1 50.

*** These books are sold everywhere, and will be sent by mail free, on receipt of price, by
CARLETON, Publisher, New-York.

JUST PUBLISHED:
THE AUTOBIOGRAPHY
OF A
LONDON DETECTIVE.
A Fresh Collection of Detective Tales.
BY "WATERS."
Large Octavo. Price 50 cents.

This is an entirely new batch of tales of the Adventures of a London Detective. There is something exceedingly fascinating in stories like these. Beyond the interest engendered by the nature of the narrative, the reader gets to sympathise in the pursuit of the criminal, and watches with relish the closing of the net around the object of the officer's pursuit. Some of the stories are very dramatic—"Too Clever by Half," and "The Murder of Antony Louval," are especially so. This book will amply repay any one who desires to while away a few pleasant hours.

RECENTLY PUBLISHED:
DIARY OF A DETECTIVE POLICE OFFICER. Price 75 cents.
STRANGE STORIES OF A DETECTIVE; OR, CURIOSITIES OF CRIME. Price 75 cents.
Published by DICK & FITZGERALD, No. 18 Ann-st., New-York.
Also for sale by all Booksellers in this place.
Copies of the above book sent by mail to any address, free of postage, on receipt of the price.

LAING'S ENGRAVINGS
FROM
LANDSEER'S GREAT PAINTINGS.
TIME OF PEACE.
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Price $8 a pair, $4 50 singly. On receipt of price will be sent by mail, if desired, as we have rollers adapted to mailing. For descriptive circular, call at or address Publication Office of JOSEPH LAING, No. 107 Fulton-st., New-York. Sold by subscription. A managing general agent wanted in every county.

THE IMPROVED PHRENOLOGICAL BUST—Showing the exact location of all the organs of the Brain; designed for learners. In this head, all the newly-discovered organs of the Brain are given. It shows each individual organ on one side, and all the groups—Social, Executive, Intellectual and Moral—on the other. Price, for the largest size, $1 50; smaller, 75 cents. If sent by express, 25 cents must be added for packing-box. For sale by booksellers and druggists.
FOWLER & WELLS, No. 389 Broadway, New-York.

WONDERFUL RESULTS FROM THE USE OF
CHEVALIER'S LIFE FOR THE HAIR,
Approved and used by prominent *Physicians and Chemists*. Ladies and gentlemen of the highest standing bear witness of its virtues. *It restores gray or faded hair to its original color*, stops its falling out, prevents dandruff, irritation or itching, and keeps the head clean, cool and healthy; will not stain the skin or soil the whitest fabric; keeps the hair soft and glossy, and causes it to remain in any desirable position. No other dressing is required. Sold at the drug-stores and at my office, No. 1,123 Broadway, where advice as to treatment of the hair will be gratuitously given. Price $1 per bottle; $5 per half dozen, infancy boxes. Can be sent by express.
SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

ESTABLISHED 1809.
ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS,
Manufacturers of
SOAP AND CANDLES.
Pearl Mottled Best Family, Genuine Castile, Toilet and other Soaps constantly on hand.
Store No. 211 Washington-st.; Factory No. 440 West-st.

MENDUM'S NEW AND POPULAR
SAMPLE ROOM, NO. 75 CHAMBERS-ST.,
One door west of Delmonico's Hotel, first floor.

ROBBERS ABOUT!!
No. 29 BEEKMAN-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 14, 1864.
Messrs. Marvin, & Co.:
GENTS: My store was entered between Saturday night and Monday morning last by some experienced burglars, and both the safes I bought of you were severely tested, by drills and other implements, but preserved all their contents (over $80,000) from the grasp of the industrious villians. They drilled about 15 holes in the two safes, and tried to force back the bolts by a screw-tap and punch and sledge, and afterward put in powder, which blew outward and inward, but the safes were so strong about the bolts and hinges that the doors could not be forced open. I did not purchase these safes as burglar-proof, but I am exceedingly gratified with their strength. As I have been burned out twice within the past three years, and preserved my books in both instances in your safes, I very cheerfully give you my opinion that your safes are the best security there is made.
Yours truly, CHAS. W. BAKER.
The above were our ordinary merchants' safes.
MARVIN & CO., No. 265 Broadway,
sole manufacturers of Marvin's Patent Alum and Dry Plaster, Fire and Burglar Safes and Bank Locks.

CHOICE WINES, BRANDY, ETC.
The subscribers are prepared to show samples of fine wines, brandies and gin, at their store, No. 506 Broadway, and to sell from stock or from the Custom-house. These articles were selected in Europe by a gentleman of experience, with a view specially to the wants and tastes of consumers, and are confidently recommended for their superior quality and purity.
Orders for the supply of families solicited.
S. HAWK & CO.

CABINET FURNITURE
At manufacturers' price, consisting of parlor, library, dining, reception and bedroom sets, made of the best selected material and in the latest fashionable styles, under the direct superintendence of Mr. S. A. Braunsdorf. All goods warranted.
WEIL & BRAUNSDORF,
between Essex and Norfolk sts., 125 and 127 Rivington-st.
The Belt Railroad and Cortlandt-st. stages pass within two blocks of the store.

SLEEVE BUTTONS—NEW STYLES, Two, Three, Four, Five, Seven, Eight, to Twenty-five Dollars a set. For sale by G. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR Great Britain and the Continent, via Southampton and Hamburg, per steamer GERMANIA, will close at 10 o'clock A. M., and the mails for Ireland via Queenstown, per steamer CITY OF WASHINGTON, will close at 10½ A. M. at this office on SATURDAY, the 17th day of September, and at the up-town Stations as follows: Stations A and B, 9¼ A. M.; Stations C and D, 9 A. M.; Stations E and F, 8:45 A. M.; Station G, 8:30 A. M.
ABRAM WAKEMAN, Postmaster.

GILT COMBS.—NEW STYLES JUST RECEIVED—Two, three, four, five, to twenty dollars each. For sale by GEORGE C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

FINE GOLD WATCH CHAINS, NEW PATTERNS.—One, two, and three hundred, to one thousand dollars each, for sale by G. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.—SEVENTY five per cent. premium paid for prizes; information furnished; the highest rates paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver.
TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, No. 16 Wall-st.

WATCH CHAINS, NEW STYLE.—THREE, five, seven, ten, fifteen, twenty-five to two hundred dollars each. For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

PROPOSALS.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, No. 17 STATE-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 9, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 3 P. M. of FRIDAY, 16th inst., for furnishing this department with the following articles:

Smiths' Bellows, 28 to 36 in., "tyer irons to match," each.
Saddle Blankets, each.
Halter Bolts, 1¼ in., per gross.
Scrubbing Brushes, per dozen.
Wall Brushes, 10 knob, large, per dozen.
McClellan Bridles, double rein, "brass snaffle" and "mild" curb bits heavy, each.
Corn Brooms, best article, per dozen.
Rattan Stable Brooms, best article, per dozen.
Roller Buckles, ⅝, ¾, ⅞, 1¼ inch., per gross.
Wire Horseshoe Buckles, 1¼ in., per gross.
Bail Buckets, large army wagon, wrought bails and ears, cedar or white pine, per dozen.
Water Gum Buckets, with gum handles, per dozen.
Carriage Bolts, 6x⅜, 6x5-16, 5½x5-16, 5x⅜, 5x5-16, 4½x⅜, 4x⅜, 4x¼, 4x5-16, 3½x⅜, 3½x¼, 3½x⅜, 2x¼, 1½x¼, ⅞x¼, per 100.
Tire Bolts, 2½x¼, per 100.
Halter Chains, "000," chain with "tees," each.
Coil Chain, O, per ft.
Hasp Hinges, 8 inch., per pair.
Cast Butt Hinges, 2½x2½, per pair.
Wrought Butt Hinges, 2½x2, per pair.
Coach Handles, for ambulance doors, each.
Riveting Hammers, No. 2 and 3, each.
Saddlers' Hammers, each.
Hickory Axe Handles, each.
Mule Hames, 17 inch from "hole to hole," per pair.
Raw Hides, green "pickled," for covering saddles, in tight bbls., each.
Table Knives and Forks, per dozen.
Saddlers' Knives, half round, each.
Japanned Carriage Knobs, per gross.
Harness Leather, oak tanned, light sides, weigh from 13 to 17 lbs., per lb.
Bridle Leather, weigh from 9 to 11 lbs. per side.
Coach Locks, each.
Nuts, ⅜ in. hole, 1¼x⅜ in. per lb.
Nuts, ⅜ in. hole, 1⅛x⅜ in. per lb.
Neatsfoot Oil, per gallon.
Tar Pots for army wagons, each.
Mallet Punches, each.
Spring Punches, harness, medium size, with extra tubes, each.
Carpenters' Lead Pencils, per gross.
Buckskins, oil tanned, for thongs, each.
Sheepskins, for smiths' aprons, each.
Sheep Shears, per pair.
Brass Screws, ⅝, ¾, ⅞ in., per gross.
Wood Screws, assorted, numbers ¾, 1, 1¼, 2 in., per gross.
Shovels, long handled, per dozen.
Steel Grain Shovels, per dozen.
Stocks and Dies, assorted, medium, per set.
Wood Stirrups, per pair.
Harness Thread, H. B., No. 10, per lb.
Bagging Twine, in hanks, for sewing grain bags, per lb.
Black Snake Whips, all leather, full size, each.
Saddlers' Black Wax, per lb.
Spirits Turpentine, per gallon.
Saddlers' Tools, per set, each set containing
1 Saddlers' Hammer,
1 Saddlers' Plyer,
1 Edge Tool,
1 Spring Punch,
1 Saddlers' Pincers,
1 Rounder,
1 Riveting Hammer,
1 Tickler,
1 Patent Chaneller,
1 Claw Tool,
1 pair Compasses,
1 Draw Guage,
1 half-round Knife,
1 Slicker,
1 Round Awl,
12 Stitching Awls,
6 Awl Handles,
1 Saddlers' Horse.

Each article to be of the best quality of its kind, and to be subject to inspection before shipment. Goods to be securely packed in suitable packages, and delivered, free of charge to the United States, at place of shipment in this City. Persons may offer for any article of the list, and will furnish samples as far as practicable of those they propose for. Payment for these supplies will be made in such funds as are provided by the United States. The privilege is reserved of rejecting any proposal not deemed advantageous. Offerings should be indorsed "Proposals for Quartermasters' Stores," and addressed to

Maj. STEWART VAN VLIET, Quartermaster.

PROPOSALS FOR ERECTING THE CUSTOM-HOUSE AT PORTLAND, ME.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Aug. 26, 1864.

Proposals will be received at this department until the 30th of September, 1864, at 12 o'clock noon, for the construction of the Custom-house authorized to be erected at Portland, Me., according to the plans and specifications prepared at this department; said proposals to be either for the whole building, or separate for different kinds of work; the department reserving the right to reject or accept the proposals hereby invited, or any part thereof, where it deems the interest of the United States requires it; the department also reserving the right to exclude the bid of any person or persons, whom there is just cause to believe will not faithfully perform the contract. Also all bids that, upon investigation, are below a fair price for the work.

Bids will not be received in gross, and the department having prepared a schedule of the approximate quantities of each kind of work and material required, (which schedule may be had at the office of the Supervising Architect, Treasury Department,) the bidder will be required to affix his prices thereto for such articles and kinds of work as he proposes to bid for, and then carry the whole out in one gross amount.

Ninety per cent. of the amount of the work done and material delivered according to contract price (said amount to be ascertained by the estimate of an agent of the department appointed for that purpose) will be paid from time to time as the work progresses, and ten per cent. retained until the completion of the contract and acceptance of the work by the agent aforesaid, and be forfeited in the event of the non-fulfillment of the contract.

Contracts will be awarded only to master builders and mechanics, and the assignment thereof, except by consent of the Secretary of the Treasury, will be a forfeiture of the same.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, (certified to be so by the United States District Judge or Attorney of said district,) in the sum of $5,000,000 for the whole work, or of a proportionate amount if for any part, that the bidder will, when required, if his proposal be accepted, enter into a contract and bond, with sufficient securities for its faithful performance.

Forms of the bond and certificate required, also the plans, specifications and working drawing, will be furnished on application to the Supervising Architect of the department.

No bid will be considered unless it fully complies, in all its details, with the requirements of this advertisement.

The proposals must be sent to this department, addressed to Isaiah Rogers, Supervising Architect, and plainly indorsed:

"Proposals for the Portland Custom-house."

Proposals will also be received at the same time for the old Custom-house building and materials therein, (the four granite columns on Fore-street excepted,) to be removed within sixty (60) days from date of the award, and in case the sale of the same be awarded to the successful bidder for the new Custom-house, the amount of same will be taken as part payment of his contract.

ISAIAH ROGERS,
Supervising Architect.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Sept. 10, 1864.

The time for receiving the above proposals has been extended to Oct. 1, 1864.

ISAIAH ROGERS,
Supervising Architect.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 6, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office, until Monday, 26th inst., at 12 o'clock M., for furnishing Anthracite Steamer Coal for the War Department, for a period of six months, commencing 1st October, 1864, and ending 31st March, 1865. Coal to be of the best quality Anthracite for the use of steamers, to weigh 2,240 pounds to the ton, and to be subject to inspection.

The coal is to be delivered on board vessels in the ports of Philadelphia or New-York, in such quantities and at such times as may be required, furnishing, if demanded, 5,000 tons per week. In case of failure to deliver the coal in proper quantity, and at the proper time and place, the Government reserves the right to make good any deficiency by purchase at the contractor's risk and expense. The price must be given separately for the coal delivered on board of vessels at this port, and at New-York, on the terms and conditions above stated.

Twenty per cent. will be withheld from the amount of all payments made, which reservation is not to be paid until the contract shall have been fully completed. Payments of the remaining 80 per cent., or balance due, will be made monthly, when the department is in funds for that purpose. Each offer must be accompanied by a written guarantee signed by two or more responsible parties (their responsibility to be certified by a United States District Judge, Attorney or Collector,) that the bidder or bidders will, if his or their bid be accepted, enter into written obligation, with good and sufficient sureties, in the sum of $100,000, to furnish the proposed supplies.

No proposition will be considered unless the terms of this advertisement are complied with. The right is reserved to reject all the bids if considered to be to the interest of the service to do so, and no bid from a defaulting contractor will be received. Proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for Coal for the War Department," and addressed to the undersigned. By order.

Col. A. J. PERRY, Q. M. Dept. U. S. A.
GEORGE R. ORME, Capt. and A. Q. M.

CITY INSPECTOR'S DEPARTMENT, No. 19 CHATHAM-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 9, 1864.

PROPOSALS FOR FREIGHTING OUT of the City limits, the street dirt, ashes, garbage and rubbish, collected in the City of New-York.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, noon, MONDAY, the nineteenth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, where the same will be publicly opened, in presence of the Comptroller and City Inspector, for the freighting and removal without the limits of the City of New-York, of all the street dirt, ashes, garbage and rubbish collected therein, and delivered at the several docks now used for that purpose in said City.

The various docks at which said street dirt, &c., is now delivered, are situated at

North River.	*East River.*
Vesey-street.	Roosevelt-street.
Watts-street.	Stanton-street.
	Fifth-street.
	Sixteenth-street.
	Twenty-third-st.

The proposals must state the price per cart-load which the bidders demand for the above work, and whether it is desired to remove from the City the street dirt, &c., delivered at all or any particular dock above specified.

Each proposal must be indorsed "Proposals for removing from the City its street dirt, &c.," and must be directed to the City Inspector, at this office.

FRANCIS I. A. BOOLE,
City Inspector.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
FORAGE DEPARTMENT, No. 66 CEDAR-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 11, 1864.

PROPOSITIONS WILL BE RECEIVED daily, for the

FREIGHTING OF FORAGE

for the U. S. Quartermaster's Department, from New-York City, Philadelphia, Boston, Portland, and other ports on Coast of Maine,

TO

Washington, Alexandria, Va.; Newbern, N. C.; Port Royal, S. C., and New-Orleans, La.

PROPOSITIONS

must state name, standing and capacity of vessel, quantity of hay and grain, respectively, they will require, and when ready for cargo, and addressed to

S. L. BROWN,
Captain and Asst. Quartermaster.

PROPOSALS.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF
ASSISTANT COMMISSARY-GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE,
No. 4 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 9, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS (IN DUPLICATE) will be received by the undersigned until 4 o'clock P. M., on MONDAY, the 19th inst., for supplying, for the use of the United States Army, SUBSISTENCE STORES, to be delivered in New-York or Brooklyn, as follows, viz:

1,000 DOZEN CANS CHERRIES.
1,000 DOZEN CANS PEACHES.
1,000 DOZEN CANS BLACKBERRIES.
1,000 DOZEN CANS RASPBERRIES.
1,000 DOZEN CANS STRAWBERRIES.
1,000 DOZEN CANS ASSORTED JELLIES.

The above to be put up in hermetically sealed cans to contain two pounds net, and packed twenty-four in a box, in good, strong, well-made boxes, strapped at the ends with green hickory, and marked in full, with contents, name of contractor and date of packing.

The fruits will be inspected before delivery, and 25 per cent. of cost will be reserved by the United States for six months, as security of quality, &c.

1,000 DOZEN CANS OF CONDENSED MILK, to be put up in hermetically sealed cans to contain three pounds net, and packed twenty-four in a box, in good strong, well-made boxes, strapped at the ends with green hickory, and marked in full with contents, name of contractor and date of packing. The milk will be inspected before delivery, and 25 per cent. of cost will be reserved by the United States for six months, as security of quality, &c.

The goods to be furnished as soon as practicable. Bidders will state when they can deliver.

Samples of all the articles must be delivered with the proposals, and referred to therein, and bidders may propose for the whole or any part of each.

A printed copy of this advertisement must be attached to each proposal, and the proposals must be specific in complying precisely with all the terms. Each bid, to have consideration, must contain the written guaranty of two responsible names, as follows:

"We, the undersigned, hereby guarantee that should all or any part of the above bid be accepted, it shall be duly fulfilled according to its true purport and conditions; also, that a written contract, with bonds to the amount of one-fourth the value of the stores proposed to be furnished, shall be executed, if required."

Payment, as heretofore, to be made in such funds as may be furnished by the United States.

Contractors are expected to hold their goods, without expense to the United States, until required for shipment.

Blanks for Proposals will be furnished at this office which must be inclosed in an envelope addressed to the undersigned, and indorsed "Proposals for Subsistence Stores."

H. F. CLARKE,
Colonel, A. D. C. and A. C. G. S.

PROPOSALS FOR HARNESS IRONS.

ORDNANCE OFFICE, WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, Sept. 1, 1864.

PROPOSALS will be received by this Department until Saturday, the 17th day of September, at 4 o'clock P. M., for the delivery at the Springfield Armory, Mass., Watervliet, Frankfort, or New-York Arsenals, of 6,000 single sets of Wrought Iron Work, for United States Artillery Harness.

The Harness Irons are to be packed in well-made boxes, containing twelve single sets each, being an assortment for four wheel and eight lead horses; and each twelve sets, so packed, will consist of the following pieces:

3 pairs long Hames, complete.
3 pairs short Hames, complete.
6 pairs medium Hames, complete.
48 Trace Clips, with 144 rivets.
4 Double Loops or Eyes.
12 Saddle Loops (bent for cantle.)
24 Trace Eyes.
24 Long Chains, with toggles.
4 Breast Hooks.
2 Leg Guards, with ten rivets.
6 Saddle Loops, straight, for riding-saddle pommel.

These harness irons are to conform strictly in pattern and weight to the model sets to be seen at this office and at the Springfield Armory; are to be smoothly finished; are to fill the standard gauges, and each piece is to be made of the size and kind of iron prescribed in the official bill of iron, copies of which can be obtained at this office, at the New-York Agency, and at the Springfield Armory.

All the irons are to be well japanned—the japan to be of the best quality, and well baked on. They are to be subject to inspection at the factory where made, before and after japanning.

The Hames are to be marked with the maker's name, the size, and the letters U. S. A. The latter letters one-fourth of an inch high.

All the pieces are to be put up in proper bundles, properly labelled, and each box is to be carefully packed, as prescribed by the Inspector. The packing-box to be paid for at the Inspector's valuation.

Deliveries are to be made at the rate of not less than sixty sets per day, commencing on the first day of October, 1864, next.

Failure to deliver at the specified time will subject the contractor to a forfeiture of the number he may fail to deliver at that time.

No bids will be considered except from parties actually engaged in the manufacture of this or similar kinds of iron work, and who can bring ample evidence that they have in their own shops all the machinery and appliances for turning out the full amount of work specified per day.

GUARANTEE.

The bidder will be required to accompany his proposition with a guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, that, in case his bid be accepted, he will at once execute the contract for the same, with good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to the amount of the contract, to deliver the articles proposed, in conformity with the terms of this advertisement; and, in case the said bidder should fail to enter into the contract, they to make good the difference between the offer of said bidder and the next responsible bidder, or the person to whom the contract may be awarded.

The responsibility of the guarantors must be shown by the official certificate of the Clerk of the nearest District Court, or of the United States District Attorney.

Bonds in the sum equal to the amount of the contract, signed by the contractor and both of his guarantors, will be required of the successful bidder or bidders upon signing the contract.

FORM OF GUARANTEE

We, the undersigned, residents of ——————, in the County of ——————, and State of ——————, hereby, jointly and severally, covenant with the United States, and guarantee, in case the foregoing bid of —————— be accepted, that he or they will at once execute the contract for the same, with good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to the amount of the contract, to furnish the articles proposed in conformity with the terms of this advertisement, dated Sept. 1, 1864, under which the bid was made; and, in case the said —————— shall fail to enter into a contract as aforesaid, we guarantee to make good the difference between the offer of the said —————— and the next lowest responsible bidder, or the person to whom the contract may be awarded.

Witness: { Given under our hands and seals this —— day of ——, 186—.
[Seal.]
[Seal.]

To this guarantee must be appended the official certificate above mentioned.

Forms of bid can be obtained at any of the above-named arsenals. Proposals not made out on this form will not be received.

Bids will be received for the entire number or any part thereof; and bidders will state the arsenal at which they can deliver, and the number of sets at each, if for more than one.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all the bids, if deemed unsatisfactory on any account.

Proposals will be addressed to "Brigadier-General George D. Ramsay, Chief of Ordnance, Washington, D. C.," and will be indorsed "Proposals for Harness Irons."

GEO. D. RAMSAY,
Brigadier-General, Chief of Ordnance.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT
COMMISSARY-GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE,
No. 4 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 13, 1864.

Sealed proposals, in duplicate, will be received by the undersigned, until 4 o'clock P. M. on MONDAY, the 19th inst., for supplying, for the use of the United States Army, SUBSISTENCE STORES, to be delivered in New-York or Brooklyn, as follows, viz:

2,557 barrels NEW MESS or EXTRA MESS BEEF, in full-hooped oak barrels, with two iron hoops. Bidders will state the brands, and will exhibit samples when practicable.

The Beef to be received at such Inspection-yards as shall be agreed to by the undersigned.

5,000 barrels of first quality extra superfine Southern, St. Louis, or other brands of flour, suitable for keeping in a warm climate. The brands and places of manufacture to be stated in the bids, and whether in round or flat hoop barrels. The barrels to be in good shipping order, full head-lined and bungs sealed.

1,000,000 pounds of first quality PILOT BREAD, to be made of good sound Extra Ohio or other quality good *side-branded* flour; crackers to be thoroughly baked and perfectly dried before being packed, and in size, thickness, openness, &c., to conform to standard heretofore established; to be packed in boxes of 50 pounds bread to each box; boxes to be made of fully seasoned wood, of such kinds as will impart no taste or odor to the bread; bottom and top of single pieces, or if of two pieces tongued and grooved together. Boxes to be strapped with light straps of suitable wood. The Flour and Bread will also be examined by the Inspector, who will reject all that in the quality of the flour, or in any other respect, is inferior to the standard samples. Bidders to state the location of their bakeries, when they can begin their deliveries, and how much bread they can deliver daily.

280,000 pounds of good, clean, dry, fine SALT, in strong, tight barrels and half barrels adapted to the purpose, with full head-lining.

30,000 pounds ROCK ISLAND SALT, in sacks.

50,000 pounds CRUSHED SUGAR; barrels to be new and of the best in use for the purpose, and to be full head-lined.

The goods to be furnished as soon as practicable; bidders are requested to state the time when they can deliver.

Separate proposals, *in duplicate*, must be made for each article enumerated, and bidders may propose for the whole or any port of each.

Samples of all the articles, except the meats, must be delivered with the proposals, and referred to therein.

A printed copy of this advertisement must be attached to each proposal, and the proposals must be specific in complying precisely with all the terms. Each bid, to have consideration, must contain the written guaranty of two responsible names, as follows:

"We, the undersigned, hereby guarantee that should all or any part of the above bid be accepted, it shall be duly fulfilled according to its due purport and conditions; also, that a written contract, with bonds to the amount of one-fourth the value of the stores, proposed to be furnished, shall be executed, if required."

The seller's name, place of business, and the date of purchase, as well as the name of contents, with weight, gross and tare, and shipping marks to be hereafter designated, must be plainly marked on every package. All other old marks must be obliterated.

Certificates of inspection by professional packers or inspectors, *other than the party furnishing the provisions*, will be required for the beef, certifying on the part of the seller its present quality and condition, and the immediately proceeding inspection. The beef will also be examined and passed upon by Robert P. Getty, inspector on the part of the United States.

The flour will be inspected at the date of delivery and compared with the retained samples by Henry Shields, President of the Association of Flour Inspectors, whose certificate will be required.

All the stores will be carefully inspected before their delivery, and compared with the retained samples. Returns of weights, signed by a professional Public Weigher, must be furnished whenever required.

Payment, as heretofore, to be made in such funds as may be furnished by the United States.

Contractors are expected to hold their goods, without expense to the United States, until required for shipment.

Blanks for Proposals will be furnished at this office, which must be inclosed in an envelope addressed to the undersigned, and indorsed "Proposals for Subsistence Stores."

H. F. CLARKE,
Colonel, A. D. C. and A. C. G. S.

PROPOSALS

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE,
No. 502 BROADWAY—NEW-YORK, Sept. 13, 1864.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. on Tuesday, the 20th inst., for furnishing by contract at the depot of Army Clothing and Equipage in this City 200 tons, more or less, of red ash coal, egg size, to be delivered at such times, and in such quantities, as it may be required in the next seven months.

Proposals must be accompanied by a proper guarantee for the faithful performance of a contract.

The United States reserves the right to reject all bids deemed objectionable.

Proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for Furnishing Coal," and addressed to Col. D. H. VINTON,
Dep't. Quartermaster-General U. S. A.

OFFICE OF THE BROOKLYN, EAST NEW-YORK AND
ROCKAWAY RAILROAD COMPANY,
No. 345 Fulton-st.,
BROOKLYN, Sept. 7, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE REceived at the office of this Company until Monday, the 19th day of September, 1864, at 12 o'clock, noon, for building that portion of said railroad between the village of Jamaica and Far Rockaway, both of the County of Queens. Plans and specifications, also blank proposals, can be seen at the office of the company. Proposals to be indorsed to the Brooklyn, East New-York and Rockaway Railroad Company.

JOSEPH G. WARD, President.
GEORGE LEONARD, Secretary.

FOR SALE.

FIRST-CLASS DWELLINGS FOR SALE WITH POSSESSION.

21st-st., near 9th-av., furnished	$15,000
21st-st., near Broadway, furnished	60,000
37th-st., near 5th-av., furnished	55,000
24th-st., near 4th-av.	10,000
34th-st., near Broadway, elegant	35,000
Madison-av., near 34th-st.	40,000
5th-av., near 36th-st.	75,000
37th-st., near 4th av.	25,000
39th-st., near 5th-av.	30,000
45th-st., near 5th-av.	17,000

Furnished houses for Winter wanted for the most acceptable tenants. VAN WINKLE & WINANS,
No. 132 Broadway.

TO CAPITALISTS.

FOR SALE—A row of twenty brown-stone houses, centrally located on one of the best streets in the City. The houses are well and substantially built, have modern improvements, and produce a large rental. Will be sold separately or together. Apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

12 NEW HOUSES FOR SALE—ON CUTting's Hill, East 41st-st.; ground as high as Murray Hill, and overlooking the East River, same as Brooklyn Heights; three-story, basement and cellar; 16x100 feet; brick and brown-stone, high stoops, with all the modern improvements. Possession immediately. Price $6,000. Opposite side, three of a row, brown-stone, 20x100; price $8,000. C. O. BILLINGS, on the premises; J. W. STEVENS, No. 30 Pine-st., from 1 to 2 P. M.

$20.000.—FIRST-CLASS FARM OF 200 acres, fine location on the New-Haven Railroad. One of 60 acres, $8,000. One of 80 acres, $12,000. One in Rockland County of 60 acres, $6,000. One of 140 acres, $9,000. One near depot in New-Jersey, of 30 acres, $6,000. One of 50 acres, $8,000. All with good improvements, fruit, &c.
S. F. IRELAND, No. 5½ Pine-st., Room No. 12.

FURNISHED HOUSE FOR SALE—THE three-story and high basement house, No. 113 West 46th-st., between 6th and 7th avs. Price $12,500. $5,000 can remain on mortgage for a term of years. Immediate possession can be had. For further particulars apply on the premises from 10 till 3, or of JOHN A. DUFF, No. 624 Broadway, up stairs.

FOR SALE—A VERY VALUABLE LIME QUARRY, lime mill and kilns, with extensive water power and a large flouring and feed mill. The property is situated at Wilbur, Ulster County, near Rondout Creek. The water power never fails, and the location is one of the best in the State. Apply to DANIEL E. DONOVAN, Esq., on the premises, or to P. C. Bulkley, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

FOR SALE—IN ONE OF THE BEST LOCALIties in Brooklyn, about a mile and a half from Fulton and Wall sts. Ferries, a three-story brown-stone basement and brick house, in first-rate order, containing all the modern improvements, with or without two lots adjoining, affording ample play ground for children, or for stable and garden purposes; price for whole property $10,000; terms to suit. Inquire of CHAS. MOTT, No. 192 Broadway, New-York.

MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENT FOR SALE—With large buildings, steam engine, lathes and machinery of all descriptions necessary for the manufacture of agricultural implements, with railroad and water navigation all in good running order. The above property can be purchased very cheap. For further particulars, inquire at the office of WM. WOODS, No. 13 East Houston-st., New-York.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

RYE.—FOR SALE, A PLACE OF ABOUT 17 acres, on the main road, 1½ miles from depot; house contains nine bed-rooms, parlor, dining-room, &c.; abundance of shade and fruit trees. For further particulars, inquire of W. H. PARSONS & BRO., No. 74 Duane-st.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN—THE THREE story brick house, No. 166 Washington-st., situated on high ground, convenient to the ferries; containing bath, stationary tubs, range, water-closets, &c., all in perfect order. For terms, &c., apply on the premises.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID NEW BROWN-STONE high-stoop house, four stories and basement, now ready for occupancy; location beautiful—No. 238 East 50th-st., opposite Beekman Hill Park. For particulars inquire of JOHN GLASS, owner, No. 830 2d-av.

FOR SALE—THE TWO NEW FIRST-CLASS brown-stone four-story high-stoop houses, Nos. 35 and 37 West 39th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. All the latest improvements; refrigerators built in the houses. Inquire of W. FANNING, No. 43 West 39th-st.

LLEWELLYN PARK.—STRANGERS WISHing to visit Llewellyn Park can obtain cards of admission at T. B. MERRICK & SON'S, No. 70 William-st., New-York; or BAILEY & EVERITT'S, Library Building, Orange, N. J.

FOR SALE—IMMEDIATE POSSESSION—BROOKLYN—A three-story, attic and basement house, 25x50, with four lots, beautifully laid out, President-st., in perfect order; all improvements. For permits, apply to J. E. CORNELL & CO., No. 16 Court-st.

FOR SALE—TWO FIRST-CLASS, FOUR-STORY, French roof, brown-stone front houses; superior design and finish, 20x50, on 60th-st., between 3d and Lexington avs. Inquire of Mr. REID, on the premises, near Central Park.

A FARM IN ORANGE COUNTY, 115 acres, fine land, house 30x40, large outbuildings, 15 in wood, 2½ miles from depot on Newburgh branch E. R. road; 20 cows, 5 horses, crops, hay, &c.; is kept as a milk farm for seven years. Possession at once.
P. ZEGLIO, No. 12 Centre-st.

AN ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT ON THE NORTH RIVER FOR SALE.—Very fine view, beautiful mansion, fine outbuildings, grounds well shaded, abundance of fruit. S. F. IRELAND, No. 5½ Pine-st., Room No. 12.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE—BEAUTIful location, on the Sound, very accessible, well shaded, abundance of fine fruit, boating and fishing, and in splendid order. S. F. IRELAND, No. 5½ Pine-st., Room No. 12.

FOR SALE—WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, the four-story brown-stone front house, No. 228 East 50th-st., in perfect order, with all modern improvements; house 20x44, lot 20x98.9. Price $13,500. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

NEW-BRIGHTON, STATEN ISLAND.—Villa sites at New-Brighton, Staten Island, beautifully located, with splendid views, near both New-Brighton and Quarantine ferries. For sale by LUDLOW THOMAS, No. 52 Wall-st.

FARMS, COTTAGES AND COUNTRY RESIDENCES for sale, located in New-Jersey, from two to forty miles distant. Prices, $1,800 to $20,000 each.
PARSONS & WARD, No. 81 Cedar-st.

COTTAGE AND LOT FOR SALE—AT $850.—One with 2 lots, $1,000. Also, 20 cottages at $1,500 to $2,500; 15 elegant dwellings with 4 to 8 lots each, at $3,500 to $8,000. CHAS. R. MILLER, Atlantic-av., East New-York.

FOR SALE—BROWN-STONE AND BRICK houses, located in 15th, 22d, 32d, 33d, 35th, 39th, 40th and 42d sts. All modern improvements, and fine neighborhoods. PARSONS & WARD, No. 81 Cedar-st.

FOR SALE—NO. 58 EAST THIRTY-FIFTH-ST., near Park-av., four-story English basement, 16.8x55—98.9; possession Oct. 1, 1864. For permits apply to P. G. ANTHONY, No. 34½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS, FOUR-STORY, high-stoop brown-stone house on Murray Hill; has all modern improvements, and in fine order. Possession immediately. S. F. IRELAND, 5½ Pine-st., Room 12.

TO LET.

TO RENT—HALF OF GENTEEL HOUSES IN Brooklyn.—The new three-story and basement brick houses, with every modern convenience, Nos. 25 and 27 Canton-st., corner of Park-av., and fronting on City Park, will be rented each to two small families at $25 per month. Apply on premises, from 12 to 2, or at office No. 1, over Fulton Bank, New-York, from 11 to 1.

TO LET—WITH STEAM POWER IF REQUIRED, a store and basement on Canal-st., near Broadway; also, a light room. Apply between 9 and 11 o'clock, to P. J. INSLEY, Engineer's office, No. 102 Walker-st.

A LARGE NUMBER OF ROOMS TO LET—Furnished, with or without board, to families or single gentlemen, at the Boarding Agency, No. 61 Bleecker-st. EDGAR & LAWRENCE.

TO LET—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS FOR GENtlemen, without board. References required. Inquire at No. 19 7th-av., between 12th and 13th sts.

TO LET—A BRICK HOUSE, THREE-STORY, basement and sub-cellar, with all the modern improvements; possession Oct. 1; price $— per month. Inquire of J. A. SILLICK, No. 119 East 26th st.

A YOUNG MARRIED COUPLE, OCCUPYING a new modern house, will let two large rooms to an agreeable party or single gentlemen. Terms moderate. Address C. L. B., Box No. 169 *Times* Office.

A PRIVATE FAMILY, OCCUPYING A brown-stone house up town, west side, would let to a gentleman and wife a large room, with closet, hot and cold water, gas and fire. Price $25 per week. Neighborhood first-class. Address W. WHITING, Box No. 419 Post-office.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET IN 22D ST., near 4th-av., to a private family, for one year from Oct. 1. Rent, $2,400. Apply at No. 109 East 27th-st., from 12 to 2 P. M., for permit to see the house.

TO LET.

I WANT TO RENT A SMALL HOUSE IMMEDIATELY for a private family, below 30th-st., and within four blocks of Broadway. Call upon M. HOUSE, No. 78 Nassau-st.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET—TILL May and longer, at $200, $250, $300, $350, $400 and $500 per month. Apply to B. H. TAYLOR, No. 8 Pine-st.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—TO A GENtleman. Apply at No. 21 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—TO GENtlemen without board at No. 14 West 13th-st., near 5th-av. References required.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED

HOUSE WANTED.—THE ADVERTISER DEsires to purchase a well-built three-story house, in a first class neighborhood, in New-York or Brooklyn. Address PURCHASER, Box No. 62 Post-office, giving full details and price and terms.

WANTED—A HOUSE, SMALL, BUT ELEgantly furnished, in a fashionable neighborhood, between 10th and 27th sts., for a family of only three persons, well known in this City. Address T. M., Box No. 893 Post-office.

WANTED—UNTIL THE 1ST OF MAY NEXT or the 1st of May, 1866, an unfurnished house, between 17th and 42d sts., and 4th and 6th avs.; possession immediately. Apply to W. R. M., Green Point Ferry.

FOR SALE—A FURNISHED HOUSE, 20 BY 50, West 45th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Apply to COR. R. DISOSWAY, No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 8. No commissions allowed.

WANTED—A SECOND FLOOR CONVENIENT for housekeeping, in a desirable neighborhood by a family of three adults. Address C. G., Box No. 182 *Times* Office.

BROOKLYN.—NO. 16 CLINTON-ST., A SUITE of three rooms on second floor, convenient to ferries.

AUCTION SALES.

BOTELER & WILSON, Auctioneers.

BY BOTELER & WILSON, AUCTIONEERS.

OFFICE U. S. CAPITOL EXTENSION,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 3 1864.

On SATURDAY, Oct. 1, commencing at 10 A. M., the following variegated and plain marble will be sold at public auction on the grounds north of the United States Capitol:

100 blocks Tennessee marble.
1,000 cubic feet of remnants ditto.
12 pieces Potomac marble.
600 cubic feet Vermont green serpentine.
8 column shafts ditto.
2,000 cubic feet remnants Italian marble.

At the same time will be sold a large lot of doors, shutters and building materials of various kinds.

By order of the Secretary of the Interior.

CLEMENT L. WEST, General Superintendent.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of sale, by the Hon. John Cadwalader, Judge of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, in Admiralty, to me directed, will be sold at public sale, to the highest and best bidder, for cash,

AT MICHENER'S STORE,
No. 142 North Front-street, Philadelphia,
on MONDAY, Sept. 26, 1864, at 12 o'clock M.,
the cargo of the steamer *Lillian*, consisting of
453 BALES OF COTTON.
ALSO
52 BALES OF COTTON,
the cargo of vessel unknown.

WILLIAM MILLWARD,
U. S. Marshal E. D. of Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 10, 1864.

GEORGE COOK, Auctioneer.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, NEW AND SECOND-HAND.

By order of Assignees.

THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at Salesrooms No. 141 Broadway, (removed for convenience of sale,) a large and varied stock of first-class City-made furniture, for parlors, chambers, libraries, dining-rooms, halls, &c., en suite and in separate lots to suit. This sale will be absolute, and is worthy the notice of those in want of really good furniture. Goods boxed for shipping when desired.

WILLIAM IRVING, Auctioneer.

HORSES, WAGONS, &c.

HARRY C. COOKE will sell in front of salesroom No. 16 Dey-st., near Broadway, THIS DAY, Sept. 16, at 12 o'clock, bay horse *Pet*, 9 years old, 15½ hands high, sound, kind and gentle, and guaranteed in every respect. As a family horse, cannot be surpassed: a splendid saddle beast; together with wagons, buggies, Germantowns, Rockaways, single and double harness, &c.

F. COLTON, Auctioneer.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE OF EVERY kind and description, in large quantities, including carpets, pianos, chandeliers, billiard table, mirrors, &c., &c.—THIS DAY, Friday, Sept. 16, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 724 Broadway, opposite New-York Hotel, a very large and well selected assortment of rich furniture, from several families. It will embrace several parlor suites, in rosewood, black walnut and mahogany, in brocade, haircloth and French reps. Also, dressing bureaus, wardrobes, carved bedsteads, centre and extension tables, buffets, Turkish chairs and lounges, French plate mantel and pier mirrors, chandeliers, rich carpets of velvet, Brussels, three-ply and Brussels, two piano-fortes, one a very fine rosewood 7-octave, round corners, by the best City makers, and used but a little. Also, one very fine billiard table, in rosewood, with marble bed, &c., &c. Also, at 12½ o'clock, by order of the Officer of Internal Revenue, several counters, barroom furniture, &c.

UNITED STATES HORSE AND CARRIAGE AUCTION MART, 5th-av., corner of 44th-st., New-York.

The proprietors beg leave to inform the public that sales take place by auction each WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, throughout the year, and no jobbing or dealing upon the part of any one connected with the establishment will, under any circumstances, be allowed.

Horses, carriages, or harness, intended for WEDNESDAY'S sales, should be sent in on the Saturday preceding, but will be received until 6 P. M., on Monday. Those intended for SATURDAY'S sales should be sent in on the Wednesday preceding said sale days, but will be received until 6 P. M., on Thursday.

Cash advances without extra charge.

H. J. JORDAN & Co., Proprietors.

T. R. MINTURN, Auctioneer.

THIS DAY, (FRIDAY,) SEPT. 16, AT 12 o'clock, within the store:

500 boxes fresh Menton Lemons, ex bark *Egle*.
Also, 120 boxes fresh Sicily Lemons.
Also, 1,600 packages Malaga Raisins, whole, half and qr. boxes.

W. A. CARTER, Auctioneer.
Store No. 52 Cortlandt-st.

STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS, PULLIES, SHAFTING, &c., on FRIDAY, 16th Sept., at 10½ o'clock, No. 117 Liberty-st., near Greenwich-st. For particulars, see *Herald* and catalogues.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMIES,

No. 204 5th-av., New-York;
No. 137 Montague-st., Brooklyn.

Commence in New-York on SATURDAY, Oct. 1.
Commence in Brooklyn on TUESDAY, Oct. 4.

Young ladies and children at 4 P. M. Gentlemen at 8 P. M.

For terms, &c., call for circular.

C. H. RIVERS' DANCING ACADEMY,

No. 33 Schermerhorn-st., Brooklyn,

Classes for beginners are now forming. Send for a circular.

IRON WORK.

BURDEN'S HORSE SHOES.

Full assortment of Government and City pattern, in store and for sale by

WM. H. WALLACE.
Corner Albany and Washington-sts.

DENTISTRY.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION.—DR. COLTON originated the use of nitrous oxide gas, and has had unparalleled success in its use. No pain guaranteed. Here are headquarters. Office No. 22 Bond-st.

MACHINERY.

REYNOLDS' TURBINE WATER-WHEELS.

Competent men are employed to measure streams, make plans, and put in flumes, wheels and gearing.
TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y.

STEAMBOAT ENGINE FOR SALE.—ONE steamboat engine, (crosshead,) 51-inch cylinder and 10 feet stroke, with boilers, pipe, &c., complete. Apply to C. W. COPELAND, No. 171 Broadway.

LOCOMOTIVES FOR SALE—A TEN TON railroad locomotive, cylinders 11x16, standing at 34th-st. and 10th-av. JOHN STUART, No. 195 Broadway.

FURNITURE.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE.—The best assortment of enameled furniture, in all colors and styles; walnut and chestnut, plain and ornamental, in suites, wholesale and retail; also, mattresses and paillasses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE OF warranted manufacture. Also, solid chestnut and walnut chamber suites, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 365 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1843.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

CAVALRY HORSES WANTED.

CAVALRY BUREAU, OFFICE OF ASST. QUARTERMASTER,
No. 18 State-st., NEW-YORK, July 27, 1864.

I will purchase in OPEN MARKET all the cavalry horses that may be presented and pass inspection at the Government stables, corner of 10th-av. and 35th-st., in this City, until further notice.

Payment will be made in checks, payable in certificates of indebtedness, when seven (7) or more horses are received. Price, one hundred and sixty-five ($165) each.

GEO. T. BROWNING,
Capt. and Asst. Quartermaster.

PERSONAL.

ALL SERENE.

FINANCIAL.

VERMILYE & CO.,

NO. 44 WALL-ST.,

will receive subscriptions to the

NEW 7.30 TREASURY NOTE LOAN.

These notes are issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, maturing in THREE YEARS from Aug. 15, 1864—interest payable semi-annually in currency, at the rate of 7 3-10 PER CENT. per annum.

The notes are payable in Currency at maturity, or convertible into 5.20 SIX PER CENT. BONDS, with interest, payable in Gold.

All deposits made prior to Aug. 15, will draw interest at same rate.

The usual commissions allowed on this Loan and also on the 10.40 Loan.

We are prepared to convert the U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES into the 6 per cent. BONDS of 1881, with promptness, and on favorable terms.

Also, BUY and SELL, at market rates, all kinds of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, including

U. S. 5.20 BONDS.
U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES.
U. S. 12 MOS. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS.
U. S. Two Year 5 per cent. LEGAL TENDER NOTES.
U. S. 6 per cent. COUPON and REGISTERED, of 1881.
MATURING CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS collected or purchased.

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 56 WALL-ST.,

ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

McKINLEY OIL COMPANY.

Incorporated under the Laws of the State of New-York.

WELLS ON OIL CREEK,
Pennsylvania.

TRUSTEES:
MORRIS FRANKLIN, New-York.
JAMES N. LAWTON, New-York.
SIDNEY CORNELL, New-York.
GEORGE DAVIS, New-York.
JOHN H. COLEMAN, Oil City, Penn.
C. McKINLEY, Oil City, Penn.
J. J. VANDERGRIFT, Oil City, Penn.

President	MORRIS FRANKLIN
Secretary	H. B. HENSON
Treasurer	WALTER E. LAWTON
Superintendents	McKINLEY BROTHERS

OFFICE, NO. 31 JOHN-ST.,
New-York.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,

Designated as a depository and financial agent of the United States,

Nos. 27 and 29 PINE-ST.,
two doors below the Sub-Treasury,

Receive subscriptions for the 7 3-10 notes, and 10-40 bonds, allowing the full Government commission of ¼ per cent., convert the 7.30s into 1881 bonds, and attend to all business connected with the Government Loans. Parties can avoid the inconvenience of addressing Government by applying to this Bank.

MORRIS KETCHUM, President.
D. W. VAUGHAN, Cashier.

NOTICE.

Pursuant to an act passed by the Legislature of the State of New-York, entitled an Act to authorize the formation of a Corporation in place of the Northern Railroad Company, dissolved, and to empower said Corporation to execute a mortgage upon its property, passed March 31, 1857, as revised and amended by the act for that purpose, passed April 8, 1864, and to an order of the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, made pursuant thereto: Notice is hereby given to William A. Wheeler, John S. Eldredge and William C. Brown, Trustees for the holders of the Second Mortgage Bonds of the Northern Railroad Company; George A. Kettell, Francis B. Crowninshield and William C. Brown, Trustees for the holders of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Northern Railroad Company; Calvin W. Gibbs, Executor of James G. Hopkins, deceased; Mary J. Brown, Administratrix of Anthony C. Brown, deceased; Joseph W. Clark, William Thomas, J. A. Burnham, Israel Whitney, H. Hollis Hunnewell, the Hope Insurance Company, the United States Insurance Company, the New-England Mutual Marine Insurance Company, J. J. Abbott, Otis Daniel, Richard Olney, Peter Butler, the Northern Railroad Company of New-Hampshire, George R. Sampson, Lewis H. Tappan, John S. Missreon, the Northern Railroad Company, and all other persons, if any there be, who have been made parties heretofore to any decree made by the Supreme Court, in respect to either of the mortgages heretofore executed by the Northern Railroad Company, that application will be made to the Supreme Court aforesaid, at a General Term thereof, to be held at the Court-house in the town of Canton, in and for the County of St. Lawrence, on the first Tuesday in October next, at the opening of the Court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order that the Trustees in possession of the said Northern Railroad, William A. Wheeler, John S. Eldredge and William C. Brown, transfer the same and its appurtenances to the Ogdensburgh and Lake Champlain Railroad Company, and that the petition for said order in this matter is on file in the office of the Clerk of the County of St. Lawrence, where any party interested can procure a copy thereof.—Dated Sept. 1, 1864.

CHAS. G. MYERS,
Attorney for Ogdensburgh and Lake Champlain Railroad Company.

H. J. MESSENGER,

BANKER,
NO. 139 BROADWAY,

Will receive subscriptions to the NEW 7-30 TREASURY NOTES, and 10-40 BONDS, and allow the usual commissions.

We buy and sell at market rates,
U. S. 5-20 BONDS.
U. S. 6s, OF 1881.
U. S. ONE-YEAR CERTIFICATES.
U. S. QUARTERMASTER'S CHECKS.
U. S. 7-30 NOTES converted into 6s of '81.
U. S. CERTIFICATES COLLECTED.

Also, Gold, Silver, Canada and Uncurrent Money Bought and Sold at best rates.

ACCOUNTS of Banks, Bankers and Individuals received on favorable terms.

SUBSCRIPTIONS RECEIVED TO THE 7.30 PER CENT. AND 10.40 NATIONAL LOANS,

(¼ per cent. commission allowed,)
BY
LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.
Bankers and Government Loan Agents.

EIGHTH NATIONAL BANK,

NO. 650 BROADWAY,
Near Bleecker-st.,
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.

Subscriptions received for the new popular
7.3-10 LOAN.

And the entire commission of $2 50 on each $1,000 allowed. 10-40 Bonds on hand for immediate delivery.

CHAS. HUDSON, Cashier.

SIXTH NATIONAL BANK,

Corner 35th-st., Broadway and 6th-av.,

Will receive subscriptions to the new 7-30 Treasury Notes at the Bank, and at the Bank of the Commonwealth. Ten-Forty Bonds on hand for immediate delivery.

C. DARLING, President.
J. W. B. DOBLER, Cashier.

JOHN B. MURRAY & CO.,

BANKERS,
No. 11 Broad-st., near Wall-st.
DEALERS IN UNITED STATES SECURITIES.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY, ILL., BONDS.

The person or persons having control of these Bonds is requested to communicate that fact to the undersigned, at Hillsboro, Ill., with an eye to their sale.

HIRAM ROUNTREE, Agent.

OFFICE OF THE CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY, NEW-YORK, Aug. 16, 1864.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF Directors of the Illinois Central Railroad Company held this day, the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, In the mortgage given by this company to the trustees to secure their construction bonds, it was agreed that the moneys received upon sales of the lands mortgaged, as fast as received, be applied to the cancellation of said bonds, and it has become necessary for this purpose to take up a portion of the bonds in pursuance of a provision contained in each bond, the company may "pay the same at any time to be named by them by adding to the principal a sum equal to twenty per cent. thereof."

Resolved, That the Company will, on the first day of October next, pay the seven per cent bonds for one thousand dollars each, numbered from one to three thousand, (1 to 3,000,) with twenty (20) per cent. added to the principal thereof, upon surrender at its office in the City of New-York; and that it doth hereby name the first day of October, 1864, as the time when the principal of said bonds shall be paid, after which day interest upon them will cease.

Resolved, That the holders of the scrip stock of this Company be required to pay the unpaid ten per cent. upon the stock held by them respectively, on or before the twenty-sixth day of September next, at the office of the company in the City of New-York; and that upon all sums unpaid, interest will be charged from that day; and that after the twenty-sixth day of September next, no transfer shall be made of stock which shall not be paid in full.

THOMAS E. WALKER, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE CINCINNATI, HAMILTON AND DAYTON RAILROAD COMPANY,
CINCINNATI, Sept. 8, 1864.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THIS COMPANY are hereby notified to meet on TUESDAY, Oct. 11, 1864, at the office of the Company, in the 6th-st. depot, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of considering and voting upon the question of increasing the capital stock of the Company. By order of the Board of Directors,

F. H. SHORT, Secretary.

OFFICE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
No. 23 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 2, 1864.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of this company will be held on the first MONDAY of October, at the office of the company, No. 13 William-st., New-York, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the transaction of such business as may come before the meeting.

JOHN A. DIX, President.
H. V. POOR, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE GREGORY GOLD MINING COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 14, 1864.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Gregory Gold Mining Company will be held at the office of the company, No. 17 William-st., on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 28, at 1 o'clock P. M.

THOMAS WILDES, Secretary.

FOR SALE—STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS Five per cent. Coupon Bonds, due in 1894. Interest and principal payable in gold. Apply to BLAKE BROS. & CO., No. 17 Wall-st.

COMMISSIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 8, Nassau-street Bank.

FINANCIAL.

THE NEW PATRIOTIC LOAN.

FISK & HATCH,
No. 38 Wall-st.,
will receive subscriptions to the new
SEVEN-THIRTY LOAN.

The notes will be issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, with interest at the rate of 7 3-10 per cent., or one cent. per day on each $50, payable semi-annually. They will be dated Aug. 15, 1864, and will be payable at the end of three years in current funds, or convertible into five-twenty six per cent. bonds, payable principal and interest, in gold.

On all payments made prior to Aug. 15, interest will be allowed, and after date interest will be charged.

☞ Liberal arrangements will be made with banks, bankers and dealers.

SUBSCRIPTIONS ALSO RECEIVED FOR THE TEN-FORTY LOAN.

All kinds of Government securities bought and sold at market rates.

☞ Special attention given to the conversion of the old 7-30 notes into the six per cent. bonds of 1881.

Holders of amounts less than $500 can now avail themselves of the privilege of conversion, as the bonds of 1881 will hereafter be issued in denominations of $50 and $100, as well as the larger denominations heretofore issued. In converting the notes due Aug. 19, interest will be adjusted to that date.

FISK & HATCH,
No. 38 Wall-st.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE SANDUSKY, MANSFIELD AND NEWARK
RAILROAD CO., SANDUSKY, Sept. 8, 1864.

At the last meeting of the Board of Directors of this company a resolution was passed to fund all the coupons of the company maturing prior to the 1st of January, 1865, it being the expectation to pay that falling due on that day.

Interest at seven per cent. will be allowed on the coupons up to Jan. 1, 1865, and bonds of that date bearing the same rate of interest included in coupons annexed thereto will be issued and exchanged therefor; the coupons remaining in the hands of Mr. C. T. TIMPSON, Trustee, as collateral, the lien continuing good.

The bonds are now ready for delivery, and the exchanges can be made at the office of Mr. E. T. H. GIBSON, No. 54 William-st., New-York.

C. L. BOALT, President.

OFFICE OF THE PHENIX FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
BROOKLYN, Sept. 13, 1864.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Five (5) per Cent., payable at their office in New-York, No. 12 Broadway, on and after the 19th inst., free from Government tax. PHILANDER SHAW, Secretary.

ULSTER COUNTY BONDS—7 PER CENT., having from 5 to 12 years to run. For sale by
G. S. ROBBINS & SON.

DIVIDENDS.

THE McKINLEY OIL COMPANY.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND, NO. 1.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 8, 1864.

The Trustees of the McKinley Oil Company have declared a Dividend of Three per cent. (out of the net earnings of the Company, for the month of August,) payable on demand at the office of the Company, No. 31 John-st., New-York, to shareholders of record, at the close of business this day.

WALTER E. LAWTON, Treasurer.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

The Trustees of the KNICKERBOCKER PETROLEUM COMPANY, STEPHEN CROWELL, Esq., President, have declared a dividend of One Per Cent. on the capital stock, free of Government tax, payable on the 15th inst., at the office of the Bankers, Messrs. SCHUCHARDT & GEBHARD, No. 21 Nassau-st.

FRED'K. SCHUCHARDT, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 14, 1864.

OFFICE OF THE JEFFERSON INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 60 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 12, 1864.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Three Dollars per share, (Ten per Cent.,) free of Government tax, payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives, on demand. SAMUEL E. BELCHER, Sec'y.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 13, 1864.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE CONSOLIDATED PETROLEUM OIL COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of One per Cent. (1) on the Capital Stock (par value $10 per share,) from the net earnings of the Company, for the month of August, payable at the office of the Company, No. 40 Broad-st., on and after the 15th inst. C. B. GRIFFIN, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK MAPLE SHADE
OIL COMPANY, NEW-YORK, Sept. 6, 1864.

THE TRUSTEES OF THIS COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of THREE PER CENT. for the month of August, payable at this office, No. 67 Wall-st., on the 20th inst. By order,

ISAAC A. QUACKENBOSS, Secretary.

SAVINGS BANKS.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

NO. 96 WARREN-ST.

Interest allowed at the rate of 6 per cent. on all sums entitled thereto. Open daily from 10 to 2 P. M., and on Monday, Thursday and Saturday afternoons from 4 to 7 P. M. N. B.—Money to loan on bond and mortgage.

WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

DESIRABLE COUNTRY BOARD, FOR families, can be had at the residence of the subscriber; comfortable rooms, liberal table, very healthy and pleasant location among the hills. Address H. E., Town of Esopus, Ulster County, N. Y. Daily communication with the City, by boat and rail.

BOARD WANTED.—THE SECOND FLOOR OF a house three rooms deep, for a family of four adults with a room for servant; location, between 4th and 6th avs. and 14th and 4th sts.; private family preferred. Address C. D. E., Box No. 140 *Times* Office. References given and required.

A GENTLEMAN, WIFE, DAUGHTER and son want at least three rooms, with good board, in a good, well located house; if preferable, they would furnish their rooms, excepting carpets; an entire second floor would be preferred. Address, with terms, with and without private table, Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

PRIVATE BOARDING.—A LADY, DESIRING a home in a private family, would be happy to teach French, English, and the elements of music, if required, as a partial or an entire remuneration for board. Satisfactory references given. Address Box No. 300 Post-office.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN—FOR ONE OR TWO single gentlemen, may be had, with a private family residing near the City Hall, having a large, well furnished room and closet attached, with gas, bath, &c. Address C. Box No. 1,455 New-York Post-office.

ELEGANT ROOMS—IN A FIRST-CLASS PRIvate house, 5th-av., near 5th-av. Hotel, with or without board, or private table; respectable parties, of high standing, willing to pay liberally for elegance and comfort, may address M. L. N., Box No. 150 *Times* Office.

A PRIVATE FAMILY, AT NO. 43 GREENwich-av., will let to single gentlemen, with or without board, handsomely furnished rooms; house has all modern improvements. Call after 6 o'clock. References exchanged.

WANTED—FULL BOARD BY A GENTLEMAN and wife in a plain, private family; one large room with closets, modern improvements, fire and light, between 10th and 30th sts. Address W. B. B., No. 30 Vesey-st., New-York.

LADIES OF HIGH STANDING ARE REceived as parlor boarders in a first-class institute for young ladies in 5th-av. Everything first-class. Address M. C., Box No. 150 *Times* Office.

ROOMS ON THE SECOND FLOOR AND the front parlor of No. 34 West 25th-st. to rent, furnished. Private table if desired. Also, rooms for gentlemen with breakfast.

TWO FURNISHED FRONT ROOMS TO LET WITH BOARD.—Also, an unfurnished parlor and bedroom, with or without board; bath and gas; in a private family, at No. 96 West 27th-st.

BOARD WANTED—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY for a lady and two adult daughters; terms must be moderate; pay prompt; references required. Address H. B., Box No. 1,128 Post-office.

BOARDING—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY FOR TWO gentlemen and their wives, or for single gentlemen; dinner at 6 o'clock. Inquire at No. 133 West 11th-st., near the 6th-av.

BOARDING.—A PRIVATE FAMILY DESIRES to let neatly furnished suites of rooms; also rooms for single gentlemen; good table; dinner at 6 o'clock. No. 34 West 29th-st.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, good board in an American family; location between 14th and 28th sts. and 6th and 3d avs. Address L. B. H., No. 36 Vesey-st.

BOARDING—FOR THE FALL AND WINTER, may be had at Astoria; house pleasantly situated and easy of access. Address BOARD, Astoria, L. I.

NO. 58 WEST TWENTY-THIRD-ST.—Furnished rooms, without board, for gentlemen only. References required.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—WITH partial board. Apply at No. 176 East 14th-st. Location good. References exchanged.

DRY GOODS.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS!! SHIRTS!!!

Fine Shirts made to order, and a perfect fit warranted; a good assortment of Gauze Undershirts, which absorb the perspiration, preventing the wearer from taking cold; three and four-ply Linen Collars, rich Neck-Ties, and Scarfs; a full and complete assortment of Men's Furnishing Goods, at retail, by GEO. M. TRACY, Agent, No. 101 William-st., New-York.

AT DE PERCEVAL'S, NO. 657 BROADWAY—All kinds of Children's Cloaks and Suits, Infant's Dresses, Blankets, Basques, Corsets, Chemises, Waists, Aprons, Bibs, Baskets, &c.

Ladies' Embroidered Chemises, Nightgowns, Yokes, Ladies' ready-made Under Garments, Fluted Hkfs.

Initials and Coats of Arms embroidered on Handkerchiefs, Table Linen and Bed Clothes.

Braiding, Cotton and Silk Embroideries made to order. Stamping for Embroideries executed perfectly.

SPOTTED GLOVES RESTORED WITHOUT injuring the quality. Gum tickets and tickets for all kinds of dry goods at SALISBURY'S Dry Goods Refinishing and Packing Establishment, No. 159 Duane-st.

WEDDING CARDS.

French Note Papers, Seals and Presses, Silver Plates, etc.
J. Everdell's, 302 Broadway, cor. Duane St.
For Specimens by mail, send 25 cents.

SHIPPING.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
(Limited.)
NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.
QUEEN—building	3,612	
ONTARIO—building	3,212	
HELVETIA—building	3,209	
ERIN	3,318	Grace,
LOUISIANA	2,166	Prowse.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Shaw.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,872	Brooking.

Leaving Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:
PENNSYLVANIA—Brooking........Saturday, Sept. 24.
VIRGINIA—Shaw........Saturday, Oct. 8.
ERIN—Grace........Saturday, Oct. 22.
LOUISIANA—Prowse........Saturday, Nov. 5
AND EVERY ALTERNATE SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The Cabin accommodations on board these steamers are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.

Cabin passage, $65 in gold: Steerage, $50 in currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless Bills of Lading (having their value expressed therein) are signed therefor.

For freight or passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS,
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.
EUROPA leaves Boston Wednesday, Sept. 14.
SCOTIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Sept. 21.
ARABIA leaves Boston Wednesday, Sept. 28.
PERSIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Oct. 5.
ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, Oct. 12.
CHINA leaves New-York Wednesday, Oct. 19.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.	
Chief Cabin Passage	$132 50
Second Cabin Passage	80 00
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.	
Chief Cabin Passage	$112 50
Second Cabin Passage	65 00

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.
Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced Surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.
For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
Line of Side-Wheel Steamers, carrying the United States Mail to
NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT,
Will sail as follows:
EVENING STAR......Bell..........Saturday, Sept. 17.
MORNING STAR......Hepburn.....Saturday, Sept. 24.
GUIDING STAR......Knapp.......Saturday, Oct. 1.
SUWO NADA.........Jayne.......Saturday, Oct. 8.
EVENING STAR......Bell........Saturday, Oct. 15.
MORNING STAR......Hepburn.....Saturday, Oct. 22.
GUIDING STAR......Knapp.......Saturday, Oct. 29.
SUWO NADA.........Jayne.......Saturday, Nov. .
DAY STAR...........(Building.
At 3 o'clock, P. M.,
From Pier 46 North River, 3d Pier above Canal-st., N. Y.

The *Morning Star* is 2,048 tons, the *Evening Star* 2,015, the *Guiding Star* 2,416, the *Day Star* 2,778, and the *Suwo Nada* 1,788, Custom-house measurement. Their passenger accommodations are not excelled by those upon any other Steamers.

No Freight received or Bills of Lading signed after 12 o'clock on day of sailing. For Freight or Passage apply to
JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 10 Barclay-st.

MAIL STEAMERS TO FRANCE DIRECT
THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S NEW LINE OF FIRST-CLASS SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE.

The first five splendid vessels intended to be put upon this favorite route for the Continent, are the following:
WASHINGTON.........3,204 tons.... 900-horse power
LAFAYETTE...........3,204 tons.... 900-horse power
EUGENIE.............(Afloat)...... 900-horse power
FRANCE..............(Building).... 900-horse power
NAPOLEON III........(Building)..1,100-horse power

Until the completion of the entire list, the service will be performed by the
WASHINGTON, A. DUCHESNE;
LAFAYETTE, A. BOCANDE;
as follows:
FROM NEW-YORK TO HAVRE.
WASHINGTON......WEDNESDAY..........Oct. 12.
LAFAYETTE.......WEDNESDAY..........Nov. 9.
WASHINGTON......WEDNESDAY..........Dec. 7.
First Cabin, (including table wine)..........$135
Second Cabin, (including table wine)......$70 or $80
Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.
Medical attendance free of charge.
For freight or passage, apply to
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent,
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.
At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)
At Havre, WM. ISELIN & CO.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL—Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well known steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company (Inman line) carrying the U. S. mails are intended to sail as follows:
CITY OF WASHINGTON..SATURDAY........Sept. 17
CITY OF MANCHESTER.SATURDAY.........Sept. 24
CITY OF LONDON......SATURDAY........Oct. 1
and every succeeding Saturday, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE,
PAYABLE IN GOLD, OR ITS EQUIVALENT IN CURRENCY.

First Cabin	$80	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	85	Steerage to London	34
First Cabin to Paris	95	Steerage to Paris	40
First Cabin to Hamburg	90	Steerage to Hamburg	37

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown—First Cabin, $75, $85, $105. Steerage, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

OPPOSITION LINE.
CENTRAL AMERICAN TRANSIT COMPANY.
Short route to California,
VIA NICARAGUA.
No charge for MEALS on the Transit.
The new and elegant steamship
GOLDEN RULE,
D. S. BABCOCK, Commander,
ON SATURDAY, SEPT. 24, AT NOON,
From Pier No. 29, North River, foot of Warren-st.,
Connecting with the steamship AMERICA.
For passage apply at the office of the Company, No. 177 West, corner of Warren-st.
D. W. CARRINGTON, Agent.

FOR HAVANA.
REGULAR WEEKLY MAIL LINE.
The splendid side-wheel steamships
EAGLE.............................Capt. J. J. LAWRENCE
COLUMBIA..........................Capt. D. B. BARTON
MORRO CASTLE (new)..........Capt. RICHARD ADAMS
The steamship EAGLE, Capt. LAWRENCE, will leave Pier No. 4, North River, for Havana direct on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 28, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely.
For freight or passage apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.
All letters must pass through the Post-office.
Clearances for goods must be brought in with the bills of lading.
The favorite steamer COLUMBIA, Capt. BARTON, will succeed the EAGLE, and leave on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 5, at 3 o'clock P. M.

ANCHOR LINE.
STEAM TO LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW, DUBLIN, BELFAST AND LONDONDERRY.
The fine fast-sailing A 1 Clyde-built steamship CALEDONIA, Capt. CRAIG, is intended to sail on SATURDAY, Sept. 17. This steamship is fitted up in the most approved style to insure the comfort and safety of passengers.
Rates of passage, including an abundant supply of well-cooked provisions:
Saloon Cabin..........$120 | Intermediate..........$60
Fore Cabin............100 | Steerage..........50
Payable in United States Currency.
Apply to FRANCIS MACDONALD & CO.,
No. 6 Bowling-green.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.
The United States Mail Steamship
ROANOKE,
FRANCIS A. DREW, Commander,
having been thoroughly overhauled and refitted, will leave Pier No. 13, North River, for Havana direct, on MONDAY, Sept. 19, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely.
No freight received or bills of lading signed on the day of sailing.
For freight or passage apply to
LUDLAM, HEINEKEN & CO., No. 115 Broadway.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
The United States Mail steamship
YAZOO,
GEO. W. COUCH, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 13 North River, for New-Orleans direct, on FRIDAY, Sept. 16, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely.
No freight received or bills of lading signed on the day of sailing.
For freight or passage, apply to
LUDLAM, HEINEKEN & CO.,
No. 115 Broadway.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.
The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer "CORSICA," Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the company's wharf, at Jersey City, on MONDAY, Oct. 10, MONDAY, Nov. 7.
Passage money to Nassau..........$45
Passage money to Havana..........$0
(Payable in Gold or its equivalent.)
No freight received on day before sailing.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE
FOR CALIFORNIA, VIA PANAMA.
Under convoy of a United States war steamer, throughout the Atlantic voyage, commencing Sept. 3, 1864.
The following first-class side-wheel steamers will be dispatched at noon precisely, from Pier No. 3, North River.
Sept. 23..........OCEAN QUEEN......SEABURY.
Oct. 3...........NORTH STAR.......JONES.
Oct. 13..........COSTA RICA.......TINKLEPAUGH.
For freight or passage, apply to
D. B. ALLEN, No. 5 Bowling-green.

TAPSCOTT'S LONDON AND LIVERPOOL PASSAGE OFFICE, No. 86 South-st., New-York.
DRAFTS on ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND and WALES.
TAPSCOTT'S CELEBRATED LINE OF LIVERPOOL PACKETS SAIL TWICE A WEEK.
X LINE OF LONDON PACKETS SAIL EVERY TEN DAYS.
Parties wishing to take passage, send for their friends, or remit money to the old country, can do so at the lowest rates, by applying to TAPSCOTT BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 86 South-st.

MAIL LINE FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.—Steamship ARIEL will leave Pier No. 3, North River, Sept. 21, at 3 o'clock P. M. Cabin passage $70. D. B. ALLEN, No. 5 Bowling-green.

SHIPPING.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
The United States Mail Steamship
CREOLE,
JOHN THOMPSON, Commander,
Will leave Pier No. 13, North River, for New-Orleans direct, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 21, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely.
No freight received or bills of lading signed on the day of sailing.
For freight or passage apply to
LUDLAM, HEINEKEN & CO,
No. 115 Broadway.

RAILROADS.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.
TO LONG BRANCH, RED BANK, SHARK RIVER MANCHESTER, TOM'S RIVER, BARNEGAT, SHAMONG AND ATSION.

On and after Wednesday next, June 15, and until further notice, the fast and commodious steamer JESSE HOYT will leave foot of Murray-st., North River, daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 10:30 A. M., and 4:15 P. M., connecting with the Raritan and Delaware Bay Railroad at Port Monmouth with trains for the above points.
Returning, trains will leave—
LONG BRANCH
At 7:15 A. M., and 11:10 A. M.
Stages connect at the Highlands, (Thompson's), Shark River Station for Shark River, New-Bedford and Squan, Manchester and Woodmansie for Tom's River and Barnegat, Tuckerton, Waretown, and Mannahawken.
For further information apply to office on the pier.
Commutation tickets to Long Branch, Red Bank, &c., &c., can be had on application to the company's office, No. 65 Beaver-st.
WM. F. GRIFFITHS, Jr., Gen'l Sup't.

NEW RAILROAD LINE SOUTH:
BROOKLYN TO PHILADELPHIA—THROUGH IN FIVE HOURS.
Fare, $2. Excursion Ticket, $3, (good for three days.)
On and after MONDAY, Aug. 1, 1864, by the commodious steamer JESSE HOYT, foot of Atlantic-st., Brooklyn, every day (Sundays excepted,) at 11 o'clock A. M., thence to Port Monmouth and by the Raritan and Delaware Bay Railroad to foot of Vine-st., Philadelphia. Returning leave Vine-st. wharf, Philadelphia, every morning at 8 A. M. (Sundays excepted.)
☞ Travelers from the City of New-York are notified not to apply for passage by this line, the State of New-Jersey having granted to the Camden and Amboy monopoly the exclusive privilege of carrying passengers and freight between the Cities of New-York and Philadelphia.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
NEW BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.
Passenger trains leave New-York via the Erie Railway, from foot of Chambers-st., running through to Cleveland, Ohio, without change of cars, connecting with railroads for all principal cities in the West.
This road is being extended, and will soon be in complete running order to Mansfield, Galion, Urbana, Dayton, Cincinnati and St. Louis, without break of gauge.
H. F. SWEETZER, General Superintendent.
T. B. GOODMAN, General Ticket Agent, Meadville, P a

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD
Trains for Albany Troy, and Saratoga Springs, also connecting with the North and West, leave 26th-st. depot at 10:30 A. M. and 4 P. M.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.—Leave New-York, James-slip and 34th-st., East River, for Greenport, Sag Harbor and Hamptons, at 8 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. For Riverhead, Yaphank and Lakeland at 8 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. For Islip, Babylon and Farmingdale at 8 A. M., 3:30 and 5:30 P. M. For Syosset at 10:30 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. (Stages connect for Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Huntington.) For Hempstead, Jamaica and Winfield at 8, 10:30 A. M. and 3:30, 4:30 and 5:30 P. M.
Sunday excursion train leaves 34th-st., East River, at 8:30 A. M., for Riverhead, stopping at all stations, except Hempstead and Syosset.
Excursion tickets for this train at reduced rates.
A. REASONER, Superindent.

N. Y. AND FLUSHING R. R. CO.—Trains leave Flushing 5:40, 7, 8, 9, 11 A. M., and 1, 3, 5, 6, 7:15 P. M. Trains leave Hunter's Point at 6:10, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 11:30 A. M., and 2:20, 4:20, 5:30, 6:30 and 8 P. M. Ferry boats leave James Slip and 34th-st., East River, every half hour connecting with trains. Extra trains leave Flushing at 11 P. M. and Hunter's Point at 12 o'clock TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS. SUNDAY trains leave Flushing at 8 and 10 A. M., and 1, 4, 6 P. M.; returning, leave Hunter's Point at 9 and 11 A. M., and 2, 5, 7 P. M. Stage connections—Whitestone 7:30, 8:30, 11:30 A. M., and 2:20, 4:20 and 5:30 P. M. Manhassett and Little Neck 9:30 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. College Point 6:30, 11:30 A. M. and 2:20 and 5:30 P. M.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS leave as follows, viz.:
7 A. M.—Express for Buffalo.
7 A. M.—Express for Cleveland direct, via A. & G. W. Ry.
8:30 A. M.—Milk, daily, for Otisville.
10 A. M.—Mail, for Buffalo.
4 P. M.—Way for Otisville, Newburgh, Warwick.
5 P. M.—Night Express—Saturdays and Sundays excepted—for Dunkirk, Buffalo, &c.
6 P. M.—Lightning Express, daily, for Dunkirk, Rochester, Canandaigua, &c. On Saturdays this train will run to Buffalo only.
8 P. M.—Emigrant, for Dunkirk.
CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST.—Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express, 7 and 10 A. M., and 4 and 6 P. M.	7:29, 10:27 A. M. and 4:27 and 6:22 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping car,) 10:40 P. M.	11:02 P. M.

On SUNDAYS, at 6:22 P. M. from 30th-st.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—TRAINS for Albany and Troy and the North and West leave Chambers-st., at 7 A. M.; Express, 8 A. M.; Way Mail, 10:30 A. M., and 4, 6 and 10:40 P. M. Express on Sundays at 6:22 P. M. from 30th-st.
J. M. TOUCEY, Assistant Superintendent.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 5 A. M., 9:15 A. M., 2:15 P. M., 4:22 P. M., 6:25 P. M. The 9:15 A. M. and 4:22 P. M., run through to Monsey.
THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

STEAMBOATS.

DAY LINE FOR ALBANY.—CHANGE OF PIER.—PLEASURE TRAVEL TO CATSKILL MOUNTAIN HOUSE, LEBANON SPRINGS, SARATOGA, MONTREAL and all points NORTH and WEST VIA HUDSON RIVER.—The new steamboat C. VIBBARD, Capt. D. H. HITCHCOCK, and the DANIEL DREW, Capt. J. F. TALLMAN, form a Day Line for Albany from Desbrosses-st. at 8 A. M., and 30th-st. at 8:10, landing at Cozzens Hotel dock, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Catskill and Hudson. Tickets sold on board and baggage checked West and North.

FOR RONDOUT—LANDING AT CORNWALL, Newburgh, Marlboro, Milton, Poughkeepsie, West Park and Elmores. The steamers JAMES W. BALDWIN, Capt. J. H. TREMPER, and THOMAS CORNELL, Capt. W. H. CORNELL, will leave New-York daily, (Sundays excepted,) from foot of Jay-st., at 4½ P. M. Returning, will leave Rondout at 6 P. M.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, SPRINGFIELD AND WHITE MOUNTAINS.—Steamboat and railroad connection at New-Haven. Steamers leave Peck-slip, at 3:15 and 11 P. M., Sundays excepted.

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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
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FROM NOV. 6, 1860, TO JULY 4, 1864;

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Single copies mailed free on receipt of the price.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST OR STOLEN.—THE PUBLIC ARE CAUTIONED against negotiating the following U. S. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS, the same having been lost or stolen from the subscribers: Issued to D. & C. Kelly—No. 24,391, dated Sept. 25, 1862, $1,000; No. 24,392, dated Sept. 25, 1862, $1,000; No. 24,393, dated Sept. 25, 1862, $1,000; No. 24,394, dated Sept. 25, 1862, $1,000; No. 7,096, dated Sept. 25, 1862, $5,000. Issued to R. F. Loper—No. 25,090, dated Oct. 2, 1862, $1,000. All payable to bearer. BLAKE, BROTHERS & CO., No. 17 Wall-st.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 3, 1864.

LEFT IN THE HUDSON RIVER CARS Tuesday P. M., a black leather bag containing papers, of value to no one but the subscriber; the full value of bag will be paid if left at the office of the Astor House.
N. M. THOMPSON.

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N. B. GRIFFIN & BROS., No. 258 Grand-st., New-York, and No. 257 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, are extracting Teeth positively without pain, by the use of nitrous oxide gas. No charge for extracting when artificial teeth are to be inserted. They are also inserting full sets of Teeth on Gold, $25; Platina, $25; Silver, $10; Rubber, $10; Partial sets on gold, $3; silver, $1. Extracting, 25 cents.

THE TURF.

PATERSON FALL MEETING.
ADDITIONAL AND FINAL DAY.
SATURDAY, Sept. 17.
Match of $5,000, with Purse Added of $750, Two-Mile Heats.
Mr. John Hunter enters b. c. Kentucky.
Mr. J. S. Watson enters ch. c. Aldebaran.
This match is play or pay, rain or shine, and will come off at 1:30 P. M., without fail.
There will also be a Handicap Race, for a purse and stakes, and, in all probability, a third race, to make the closing day of the meeting complete.
Excellent accommodation for ladies has been provided. Trains of the Erie Railway stop at the Course. An extra train, with cars for ladies, leaves foot of Chambers-st. at 11:45 A. M., returning immediately after last race each day.
R. B. CHISWELL, Sec'y,
Passaic County Agricultural Society.

MEDICAL.

FEVER AND AGUE.
HUMPHREY'S HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 16 is a sure and permanent cure for this disease, and a preventive for persons exposed. Sold by dealers, and sent by mail on receipt of the price. 50 cents per box.
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PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 61 Franklin-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 61 Franklin-st. Call, send, or write.
Dr. WARD'S Magical Invigorating Pills, $3 per package, a sure cure where manhood has been impaired.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 61 Franklin-st., between Broadway and Elm-st., New-York.

CAUTION.—CHLORODYNE—IN CHANCERY.—It was clearly proved before Vice-Chancellor Sir W. P. Wood, by affidavits from eminent hospital physicians in London, that Dr. J. Collis Browne was the discoverer of Chlorodyne; that they prescribe it largely, and mean no other than Dr. Browne's.—*See Times*, Jan. 12, 1864. The public, therefore, are cautioned against using any other than Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE, which is affirmed by medical testimonials to be the most efficacious medicine ever discovered for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Spasms, Rheumatism, &c. No home should be without it. J. T. DAVENPORT, No. 33 Great Russell-st., London, sole manufacturer. Observe particularly, none genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Stamp. Agent, New-York, Mr. JAMES ASPINWALL, William-st.

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MEDICAL AND SURGICAL CONSULTATIONS.—Dr. R. COBBETT can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on private diseases at his conveniently-arranged suite of offices, No. 20 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., having a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place. From Dr. C. being one of the oldest, and probably the only qualified physician and surgeon in this City who makes diseases of the genitourinary organs a specialty, he is thus enabled to guarantee speedy and permanent cures, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, seminal weakness nervous and general debility treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—See Dr. C.'s diplomas, in his office, as member of the New-York University Medical College, and College of Surgeons, London. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 8½ P. M.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY FOR GOUT AND RHEUMATISM.
All sufferers from the above complaints, either of recent or long standing, are advised to use Blair's Gout and Rheumatic Pills. They can be relied upon as the most safe and effectual remedy ever offered to the public, and have been universally used in Europe for many years with the greatest success.
Prepared by PROUT & HARSANT, No. 229 Strand, London, England, and sold by their agents, F. C. WELLS & CO., 115 Franklin-st., and by most druggists. Price $1 50 per box.
Her Majesty's Commissioners have authorized the name and address of "Thomas Prout, No. 229 Strand, London," to be impressed upon the Government stamp affixed to each box of the genuine medicine.

A CARD TO THE LADIES.—CHARLES LUTZE, M. D., Professor of obstetrics and operating surgeon, and of over seventeen years' successful practice in this City, wishes the ladies to distinctly understand that he has no rival in this City in treating all diseases of females, suppression, deranged menstruation, special irregularities and all obstructions removed by a new pathological principle and a safe and speedy relief guaranteed in every case. Can be consulted with the utmost confidence at his old-established private rooms No. 614½ Broadway, New-York, and where his never failing female medicine can be obtained, or sent by mail. Price $5.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY BE confidently consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 30 years, devoted to the treatment and cure of Syphilitic, Mercurial and diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter of how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the urethra and seminal weakness, brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured or no charge made.

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BUSINESS CHANCES.

SPRINGFIELD MUSKETS.
10,000 first quality Springfield muskets for sale, with appendages complete, packed in regulation boxes. Samples can be seen at No. 7 Nassau-st., Continental Bank Building.
A. H. ALMY.

FOR SALE—NEW PROPELLER TUG-boat at Buffalo, N. Y. Length over all, 62 feet; breadth, 14 feet; hold, 6¾ feet; diameter of cylinder, 16 inches; length of stroke, 18 inches; diameter of propeller wheel, 5 feet 8 inches. For particulars, inquire of DEVENPORT & NELSON, Vulcan Boiler Works, Buffalo, N. Y.

A GOOD BUSINESS MAN, WITH $3,000 to $5,000, wanted immediately in the coal importing business, to assist in forming a company. The business will pay over $50,000 per annum clear. No one who cannot bring good business qualifications need apply. N. W. BUSTEED, Room No. 2, No. 6 Wall-st., N. Y.

$10,000.—A PARTNER WANTED— Either general or special, with this amount of capital, to carry on a cash cloth business; one-third of the net profits will be allowed for its use. Address W. B., Box No. 216 *Times* Office.

A PRIVATE GENTLEMAN OF MEANS will make the most liberal advances on diamonds, watches, silver plate, &c.; charges 2½ per cent., and all transactions strictly confidential. Address E. BAYLIS, Station D, Bible House.

SAFE WANTED—SUITABLE FOR A DWELLING, to cost $40 to $90. Apply to J. NEWTON, No. 6 Wall-st., N. Y.

NO HUMBUG!—AN EASY WAY TO MAKE $600 will be sent for 50 cents. Address Box No. 4,305 New-York Post-office.

AMUSEMENTS.

WINTER GARDEN.
Mr. Stuart begs to announce that the nightly increasing
ENTHUSIASM AND DELIGHT
with which
MR. J. S. CLARKE
is received, being recalled
THREE AND FOUR TIMES
each evening to receive the rapturous applause of
CROWDED AND DISTINGUISHED AUDIENCES,
render it impossible to comply with the wishes of so many of his admirers, who having seen him several times during the past five weeks in the characters he is now representing, desire a change,
TO-NIGHT
he will appear for the
TWENTY-NINTH TIME,
in his great military role of
MAJOR DE BOOTS,
in the comedy of
EVERYBODY'S FRIEND,
and also in his uproarious rendition of
TIMOTHY TOODLES,
as acted by him over 300 times—nearly 100 nights in New-York alone—and invariably with overwhelming effect.

EXHIBITION OF THE VICTORIA REGIA
Two giant water lilies of the tropic zone, with leaves 18 feet in circumference, are the whole day in bloom. Can be seen for only a short time daily, from 7 A. M. till sunset, at West 59th-st., corner of 8th-av., Broadway and Central Park.
Admission, 50 cents; children, 25 cents.
H. MARTIN, Manager.

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

10,000 MEN WANTED
AS
VOLUNTEERS OR SUBSTITUTES
TO REPRESENT THE
COUNTY OF NEW-YORK
IN THE
ARMY AND NAVY.

PAYMENT TO VOLUNTEERS
FOR BOTH
ARMY AND NAVY.
BOUNTY.

For three years—County	$300
For three years—Government	300
Total	$600
For two years—County	$200
For two years—Government	200
Total	$400
For one year—County	$170
For one year—Government	200
Total	$270

HAND MONEY.

Any person enlisting a recruit for either two or three years, will receive in hand money	$20
For one year	$100

PAYMENT TO SUBSTITUTES.
FOR BOTH
ARMY AND NAVY.
BOUNTY.

County—For three years	$300
County—For two years	200
County—For one year	170

HAND MONEY.

Any person enlisting a substitute for either two or three years, will receive in hand money	$35
For one year	$100

Substitutes both in the Army and Navy are required to make out that they are exempt from draft for one of the following reasons:
1. That he is an alien.
2. That he has served two years in the Army or Navy during the present rebellion.
3. That he is under twenty years of age.

Volunteers for the Navy must be able to show that they reside in this County, and that they have been duly enrolled at their place of residence.

The County Volunteer Committee, under instructions of the Board of Supervisors, having filled all quotas under all calls up to this time, announce that they have recommenced the business of recruiting for the Army and Navy, with the view of raising the quota under the existing call by the President for men.

Recruits or Substitutes will be received, as formerly, at the County Volunteer Rooms in the Park, corner of Broadway and Chambers-street, and on the Battery.
C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor,
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller
ORISON BLUNT, Supervisor,
WILLIAM M. TWEED, Supervisor,
WILLIAM R. STEWART, Supervisor,
ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor,
County Volunteer Committee.
ORISON BLUNT,
Chairman.
Dated NEW-YORK, July 16, 1864.

SUBSTITUTES
OR
VOLUNTEERS,
FOR EITHER
ARMY OR NAVY,
FOR
ONE OR THREE
YEARS,
FURNISHED
17
BROADWAY.
17 BROADWAY.............NEAR THE BATTERY
17 BROADWAY.............NEAR THE BATTERY
17 BROADWAY.............NEAR THE BATTERY
BY HONORABLE AND RELIABLE PARTIES.
Address
McNULTY & CO.,
SHIPPING AGENTS.
No. 17 Broadway.

ARMY SUPPLIES.
OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE,
No. 502 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 15, 1864.
Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. on THURSDAY, the 22d inst., for furnishing by contract, at the depot of Army Clothing and Equipage in this City:
Pick-axes—army standard;
Petroleum Paper;
Common Tent Pins;
Wall Tent Poles, sets;
Hospital Tent Poles, sets;
Samples or specifications of which can be seen at this office. Bidders will state the quantities they wish to deliver, the time they can commence, and the time they can finish the delivery of all they propose to furnish.
Proposals will also be received at the same time and place for coopering packing-boxes, the contractor to furnish hoops, nails, &c., and be prepared to cooper any and all boxes at the shortest notice. The bids will state the number of boxes that can be coopered per day, and at what price per box.
A proper guaranty must accompany all proposals, setting forth that if a contract is awarded to the party named therein, he or they will at once give bonds for the faithful performance of the contract.
The United States reserve the right to reject any part or the whole of the bids, as may be deemed for the interests of the service.
Proposals should be indorsed, "Proposals for," (here insert the nature of the bid,) and addressed to
Col. D. H. VINTON,
D. Q. M. General U. S. A.

THE LARGEST BOUNTY
FOR
VOLUNTEERS AND SUBSTITUTES.
20,000 ONE-YEAR MEN WANTED FOR VOLUNTEERS AND SUBSTITUTES FOR THE ARMY AND NAVY.

Cash bounty paid	$170
Hand money paid to the person bringing the recruit to enlist	100

If the recruit presents himself, or if the substitute is presented by the person for whom he goes as substitute, he (the recruit) will receive—

Cash bounty	$170
And the hand money	100
Total	$270

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor,
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller,
ORISON BLUNT, Supervisor,
WILLIAM M. TWEED, Supervisor,
WILLIAM R. STEWART, Supervisor,
ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor,
County Volunteer Committee.
ORISON BLUNT, Chairman.
NEW-YORK, Aug. 12, 1864.

NOTICE TO SUPERVISORS,
AND CITIZENS GENERALLY.
750 VOLUNTEERS ARE READY to be credited to any Town or County in New-York State, for ONE OR THREE YEARS.
TOWN and COUNTY QUOTAS PROMPTLY FILLED.
Alien and Veteran Substitutes and Representatives can be promptly furnished in any numbers.
Applications by telegraph or letter will be attended to promptly.
Apply to the General Volunteer and Substitute Recruiting Associations, of New-York,
Office, No. 428 Broadway, New-York.
Lieut.-Col. R. W. WINFIELD SIMPSON,
Capt. R. McNICHOL,
Authorized Agents.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
New-York, April 16, 1864.
ARTILLERY HORSES WANTED.—1,000 artillery horses wanted, for which one hundred and eighty dollars will be paid for all that pass inspection. These horses must be sound in every particular, broken to harness, not less than 15½ hands high, and will be presented for inspection at the Government stables, 35th-st., between 10th and 11th-avs.
STEWART VAN VLIET, Quartermaster.

DISCHARGED AND WOUNDED SOLDIERS, members of returned regiments, and heirs of deceased soldiers having claims; also, seamen having prize claims, call on BROWN & SHELDON, Military Office, No. 2 Park-place.

FORAGE DEPARTMENT, NO. 66 CEDAR-ST.,
NEW-YORK CITY.
WANTED—HAY, STRAW, CORN AND OATS, for which cash will be paid on delivery.
S. L. BROWN, Capt. and A. Q. M., U. S. A.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.
TALENTED DOUBLE DRAMATIC COMPANY.
THE GREAT TOM THUMB COMBINATION
GIVE THREE ENTERTAINMENTS DAILY
IN THE LECTURE ROOM,
AT 11 A. M., AND 3 AND 7½ P. M.,
in conjunction with the Dramatic Company.
GEN. TOM THUMB,
HIS BEAUTIFUL WIFE,
COMMODORE NUTT,
THE ELFIN MINNIE WARREN,
AVOID THE CROWDS—AVOID THE CROWDS,
by attending the Morning Levee, AT WHICH TIME THERE WILL BE NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR SEATS.
They will appear in
THE IDENTICAL WEDDING COSTUME
worn on their Marriage-Day, February 10, 1863.
AFTERNOON, AT 3,
A NEW MASONIC DRAMA, by C. W. TAYLOR,
THE SIGNET OF KING SOLOMON;
OR,
THE TEMPLAR'S DAUGHTER.
EVENING AT 7½,
THE DOMESTIC DRAMA, IN TWO ACTS, OF
LOVE'S DISGUISES.
TO CONCLUDE WITH THE GREAT FARCE,
JONES' BABY.
The laughable piece, by Mr. S. Bleeker, entitled
NEW YEAR CALLS,
will be performed every evening by
THESE CELEBRATED LILLIPUTIANS.
TONY DENIER IN HIS GREAT STILT ACT.
THE GRAND ORCHESTRION,
EXTRAORDINARY LIVING HUMAN NOVELTY,
GIANTS, DWARFS, ALBINOS AND A
MILLION OTHER CURIOSITIES.
Admission, 30 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.

GRAND MONSTER CONCERT.
MAMMOTH FESTIVAL
AND FETE DE CHAMPETRE
AT JONES' WOOD, MONDAY, SEPT. 19, 1864.
Given by and for the benefit of the
MUSICAL MUTUAL PROTECTIVE UNION,
The greatest number of instrumental performers ever assembled together in Concert in America.
SIX HUNDRED PERFORMERS.
Forming an immense Grand Orchestra, equal to those of the Great Musical Festivals on the European Continent.
The Celebrated Arion Society have kindly consented to tender their aid. During the afternoon an Oration will be delivered by Hon. LUKE F. COZANS.
The fete will commence with a GRAND BALL at 11 o'clock A. M. Dancing on both platforms till 1 o'clock P. M. Intermission of one hour. Concert at 2 P. M.
PROGRAMME:
1. Overture to Rienzi, by Wagner, conducted by Carl Bergmann.
2. Selection from the opera of "Traviata," by Verdi, performed by a mammoth military band, conducted by Theo. Thomas.
3. Oration by Hon. Luke F. Cozans.
4. March, Soldiers' Chorus, from the opera "Faust," by Gounod, sung by the Arion Society, conducted by F. Hartmann.
5. Overture La Chasse, by Mehul, conducted by Thos. Baker.
6. Finale from "Lucia," by Donizetti, military band, conducted by J. Noll.
7. March, from the "Prophet," by Meyerbeer, conducted by Max Maretzek.
After the concert dancing will be resumed.
Tickets 50 cents. Children under 12 years of age, free.
N. B.—Should the weather prove unfavorable the festival will be postponed until the following MONDAY, Sept. 26. H. D. BEISSENHERZ, President.
D. SCHAAD, Secretary.
By order. HENRY TISSINGTON, Chairman Adv. Com.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
Corner of Broadway and Broome-st.
Manager........................GEO. WOOD.
"VICTIMS,"
Tom Taylor's great original Comedy, in which
JOHN E. OWENS
has wrought so brilliant a triumph, will be presented
MONDAY EVENING, SEPT. 12,
for the 7th night. together with (for the 13th time,)
OWEN'S GREAT "HIT,"
The inimitable
SOLON SHINGLE.
The most perfect and intensely amusing piece of comic acting ever witnessed in New-York, and unquestionably
THE SUCCESS OF THE SEASON.
NO INCREASE IN THE PRICE OF ADMISSION.

Dress Circle & Parquet	50	Family Circle	25
Secured Seats	75	Orchestra Chairs	1 00
Doors open at 7.		Commence at ¼ to 8.	

ICE CREAM AND FRUIT FESTIVAL—Under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society, of the W. M. Church of the Pilgrims, on FRIDAY EVENING, Sept. 16, at 7½ P. M. Church 48th-st., near 9th-av. The Pearsall Family will be present and entertain the company with their unequaled music. Tickets 50 cents; children half price, entitling the holder to ice cream and fruit.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE.—Fifth Collection District State of New-York, VIIth, Xth, XIIIth and XIVth Wards of the City of New-York.—Pursuant to the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to provide internal revenue to support the Government, to pay interest on the public debt, and for other purposes," approved June 30, 1864, notice is hereby given to all persons liable to pay duties or taxes under said act, in the Fifth Collection District of the State of New-York, that the Collector of said district has received from the Assessor thereof his annual collection list for the year ending April 30, 1865; that the duties and taxes assessed by said Assessor have become due and payable; that the said Collector will attend to receive the same at his office, No. 561 Broadway, in the City of New-York, daily, (Sundays excepted,) from the twentieth day of September, A. D. 1864, until the tenth day of October, A. D. 1864, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M., and that all persons who shall neglect to pay the duties and taxes so as aforesaid assessed upon them to the said Collector, within the period of time above specified, shall be liable to pay ten per centum additional upon the amount thereof.
Dated NEW-YORK, September 9, 1864.
JOSEPH HOXIE,
Collector Fifth District, State of New-York.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE
Collector's Office, Thirty-second District of the State of New-York, comprising the First, Second and Fourth Wards of the City and County of New-York.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has received his Annual Collection List from the Assessor of the Thirty-second Collection District of the State of New-York, and that the duties specified therein have become due and payable, and that he will attend in person or by deputy, at his office, No. 130 Broadway, on MONDAY, the 19th day of September instant, and from day to day thereafter, except Sundays, until and including the 11th day of October next, from 10 o'clock in the morning until 3 o'clock in the afternoon, to receive the same.
All persons who shall neglect to pay the duties and taxes so as aforesaid assessed upon them within the time specified, will be liable to pay ten per centum additional upon the amount thereof. Any person may at his option pay such duties before the time herein specified. Government funds only received.
DATED NEW-YORK, Sept. 9, 1864.
SHERIDAN SHOOK, Collector.

THE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL AFFAIRS OF THE COMMON COUNCIL will sit every day, during the present week, in the Chamber of the Board of Aldermen, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of making arrangements to receive the regiments returning on furlough, for the purpose of recruiting. Also, to make suitable arrangements to give those already arrived, and about to depart from the seat of war, an entertainment. Commandants of regiments now home on furlough, whose term is about to expire, are requested to communicate with the committee, by letter addressed to the Chairman or Secretary of the committee, No. 8 City Hall.
JOHN HARDY, Chairman.
E. W. TAYLOR, Secretary.

THE COMMITTEE ON CROTON AQUEDUCT of the Board of Councilmen will meet on SATURDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.
All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HEALY,
Councilman HEFFERNAN,
Councilman FITZGERALD,
Committee on Croton Aqueduct Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON CLEANING STREETS of the Board of Councilmen will meet on MONDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.
All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman KOSTER,
Councilman HAVILAND,
Committee on Cleaning Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON STREETS OF THE Board of Councilmen will meet on WEDNESDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.
All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
PATRICK H. KEENAN,
PATRICK RUSSELL,
MICHAEL BROPHY,
Committee on Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT of the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M. All parties having business with the committee are invited to attend.
GEORGE McGRATH,
JEREMIAH HEFFERNAN,
CHARLES RILEY,
Committee on Fire Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON DONATIONS AND Charities of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock, M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.
All parties having business before the Committee are requested to attend.
SAMUEL T. WEBSTER,
WM. S. OPDYKE,
JOHN BRICE,
Committee on Donations and Charities.

THE COMMITTEE ON SALARIES AND Offices of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M.
All parties having business before the Committee are requested to attend.
CHARLES RILEY,
MICHAEL C. GROSS,
JOHN BRICE,
Committee on Salaries and Offices.

THE COMMITTEE ON ROADS OF THE Board of Councilmen will hold a meeting in Room No. 5 City Hall on every WEDNESDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M. Parties having business with the Committee are invited to attend.
PATRICK RUSSELL,
MICHAEL BROPHY,
WM. JOYCE.
} Committee on Roads.

THE COMMITTEE ON MARKETS OF the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY at 2 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.
All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman SCHAEFER,
Councilman COOK,
Committee on Markets.

AMUSEMENTS

WALLACK'S.
Proprietor and Manager........................Mr. WALLACK
Stage Manager........................Mr. Lester Wallack
The theatre will
OPEN
for the usual Fall and Winter Season,
MONDAY, SEPT. 19.
During the recess the building has been thoroughly
RENOVATED, CLEANED AND REPAIRED
in every part, the auditorium being furnished with
NEW CARPETING AND MATTING,
CHANDELIERS rebuilt and replenished,
PAINTING renewed.
New and improved
MECHANICAL ARRANGEMENTS
have also been effected on the stage.
THE OPENING ENTERTAINMENT
WILL BE
A COMEDY IN FIVE ACTS,
by Mr. Dion Boucicault, which will be given in its present altered and improved form for the
FIRST TIME.
THE BOX-BOOK
will be opened Saturday, Sept. 17.
Treasurer........................Mr. THEODORE MOSS

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
LEONARD GROVER........................DIRECTOR.
CARL ANSCHUTZ........................CONDUCTOR.
FOURTH GRAND OPERA NIGHT.
THIS (Friday) EVENING, Sept. 16, 1864.
Most positively for the only time this season.
DER FRIESCHUTZ.
Opera, by C. M. Von Weber, in four acts.
THE INCANTATION SCENE,
in a separate act, will be given with unusual splendor.
PRINCE OTTOKAR........Mr. HEINRICH STEINECKE
CUNO........................Mr. OTTO LEHMAN
MAX........................Mr. THEODORE HABELMAN
CASPAR........................Mr. JOSEPH WEINLICH
(by permission of Mr. Max Maretzek)
AGATHE........................Mlle. MARIE FREDERICI
ANNA........................Mlle. PAULINE CANISSA
KILLIAN........................Mr. EDOUARD HAIMER
HERMIT........................Mr. ANTON GRAFF
ZAMIEL........................Mr. BRUNER
SATURDAY, Sept. 17, 1864.
GRAND FAUST MATINEE.
Overture to commence at 2 o'clock.
Admission to all parts of the lower auditorium, $1. No extra charge for securing seats. Family Circle 50 cents. Amphitheatre 25 cents.
TUESDAY NEXT—Grand Opera in Brooklyn Academy.
In preparation—THE JEWESS and ROBERT LE DIABLE.

A GREAT SUCCESS!
EVERYBODY GOES AWAY WITH A PRESENT.
ALL ARE MORE THAN SATISFIED.
THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS'
worth of Diamonds, Jewelry, Pianos, Empire Sewing Machines, &c., &c., &c.,
GIVEN AWAY GIVEN AWAY
to purchasers of tickets to the
GRAND PRESENTATION CONCERT,
to be given at the
ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
SEPT. 30.
TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR,
ONE DOLLAR, ONE DOLLAR, ONE DOLLAR,
ONE DOLLAR, ONE DOLLAR, ONE DOLLAR.
A BEAUTIFUL PRESENT
given with each ticket purchased
AT THE TIME OF PURCHASE,
AT THE TIME OF PURCHASE,
ON THE SPOT, ON THE SPOT,
ON THE SPOT, ON THE SPOT.
Call at once and buy your ticket, and receive your present at depot of Manufacturing Jewelers' Association, NOS. 542 AND 544 BROADWAY.
E. H. ELIAS, Actuary.

HELLER'S! HELLER'S!!
SALLE DIABOLIQUE,
No. 585 BROADWAY, (Opposite Niblo's.)
EVERY EVENING during the week.
HELLER
IS A
HUGE SUCCESS.
THE
SIX NEW ILLUSIONS,
GOBLIN DRUM,
REAL WOOD MINSTRELS,
AND THE
NEW PIANO-FORTE SOLOS,
ON
"SEMIRAMIDE" AND "DIXIE,"
FILL THE HOUSE TO OVERFLOW.
Doors open at 7½. Commence at 8.
Seats in orchestra stalls can be reserved without extra charge, for three days beforehand.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Sole Lessee and Manageress........................Mrs. John Wood.
Stage Manager........................J. H. Selwyn.
THIS EVENING,
MRS. JOHN WOOD
in her talented impersonation of
JENNY LIND.
Previous to which the highly-successful drama of
MIRIAM'S CRIME,
with the strength of the company.
In preparation an entirely new dramatization of
MARTIN CHUZZLEWIT.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—BEGINS AT 7 3-4.
Lessee and Manager........................W. WHEATLEY.
THIS (FRIDAY) EVENING, Sept. 16,
EDWIN FORREST,
FOR POSITIVELY THE LAST TIME,
in his grand and incomparable impersonation of
CORIOLANUS,
supported by the entire Company.
The Scenery, Dresses and Appointments ALL NEW.
TOMORROW (Saturday)—THE DUKE'S MOTTO,
W. WHEATLEY........................as........................LAGARDERE.
MONDAY—EDWIN FORREST,
as RICHELIEU.

A CARD.
MR. WALLACK
begs to state, in order to meet the general desire of the public for
CHANGE AND VARIETY
in the performances at his Theatre, that in addition to the NUMEROUS NEW PLAYS, COMEDIES, DRAMAS, &c., to be produced, some of the finest standard comedies, such as the SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL, THE RIVALS, ROAD TO RUIN, SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER, MONEY, CLANDESTINE MARRIAGE, LONDON ASSURANCE, and the last season's most successful production, ROSEDALE, will be occasionally given.

IRVING HALL. IRVING HALL.
FALLON'S STEREOPTICON.
New Programmes Every Night.
The Most Wonderful Exhibition of the Age.
Tickets 25 cents. Commencing at 8 o'clock.

THE CREATION
Will positively take place at
JONES' WOOD,
FRIDAY, Sept. 16, At 1 o'clock P. M.
Admission 50 cents. Reserved Seats $1,
At Beer & Schirmer's.
CARL ANSCHUTZ.
KARL FORMES.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Director........................MAX MARETZEK
OPENING OF THE ITALIAN OPERA SEASON,
MONDAY, Oct. 3, 1864.
Full particulars in future advertisements.

MUSICAL.

CHICKERING & SONS
MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES, No. 652 BROADWAY.—The superiority of these instruments has of late been amply demonstrated by the voluntary testimony of the foremost artists of the day, who claim for them excellencies of tone and workmanship hitherto unobtained by any other makers.
Mr. GOTTSCHALK'S constant use of the NEW SCALE CHICKERING GRAND PIANO-FORTES has severely tested their musical qualities, and resulted in establishing the justice of the very flattering estimation in which they are held.

STEINWAY & SONS'
GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS are now considered the best in Europe as well as this country, having received the first Prize Medal at the World's Exhibition in London, 1862.
The principal reason why the Steinway Pianos are superior to all others, is, that the firm is composed of five practical pianoforte makers, (father and four sons,) who invent all their own improvements, and under whose personal supervision every part of the instrument is manufactured. Warerooms, Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st., between Union-square and Irving-place, New-York.

THE WEBER PIANO-FORTE
Is admitted the best Piano-forte made, because the maker, beside being a practical mechanic of long experience, is also a thorough musician, thus combining advantages possessed by no other manufacturer in the United States. Such is the testimony of S. B. Mills, Robert Heller, Geo. F. Bristow, Wm. Mason, C. Jerome Hopkins, Charles Fradel, Max Maretzek, Carl Anschutz, John Zundel, Maurice Strakosch, Giovanni Scotcia, and every good musician in the United States. All musical ears at once admit their great superiority. Warerooms No. 155 West Broadway, near Canal-st.

RAVEN & BACON.
Piano-Forte Manufacturers, Warerooms, No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway. A full assortment of our well known PIANOS constantly on hand, warranted in every respect. Purchasers will do well to examine our stock and prices before making their selections.

THE CALENBERG & VAUPEL
PIANO-FORTES.
Warerooms, Nos. 99 and 101 Bleecker-st., New-York.
Please send for a circular.

FIFTY NEW PIANOS, MELODEONS, Alexandre and cabinet organs, at wholesale or retail, at prices as low as any first-class instruments can be purchased. Second-hand pianos at great bargains—prices from $60 to $200. All the above instruments to let, and rent applied if purchased. Monthly payments received for the same. There being some five different makers of pianos in this large stock, purchasers can be suited as well here as elsewhere, and perhaps a little better. 10,000 sheets of music, a little soiled, at 1½ cents per page. Cash paid for second-hand pianos.
HORACE WATERS, No. 481 Broadway, N. Y.

MASON & HAMLIN RESPECTFULLY announce that they have now completed the occupation of their greatly enlarged factory, and effected other arrangements for the large increase of their manufacturing facilities. They therefore confidently expect to be able henceforward to supply orders for their CABINET ORGANS promptly, without that inconvenient delay to which purchasers have been subjected, from the fact that for more than a year past they have been continually several hundred instruments behind orders. An assortment of styles from $110 to $600 each may be found at their New-York warerooms, No. 7 Mercer-st.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, HARMONIUMS—J. M. PELTON, No. 841 Broadway, N. Y. Pelton's superior harmoniums, $95 and $150; with pedals $225 to $600. Instruments to let and on installments.

FROM ATLANTA.

All Non-Combatants Ordered to Leave the City.

Correspondence Between Gens. Hood and Sherman.

THE REBEL GENERAL INDIGNANT

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Wednesday, Sept. 14.

The *Journal* has special correspondence from Atlanta up to the 10th inst.

It contains a congratulatory order from Gen. SHERMAN, recounting his victory and an agreement between Gens. SHERMAN and HOOD for a ten days' truce at Rough and Ready, on the Macon Railroad, and the country around it, inclosed by a circle of two miles radius, from Sept. 12, to enable the people of Atlanta to remove to points South.

Gen. HOOD writes to Gen. SHERMAN on the 9th inst., saying:

"Permit me to say the unprecedented measure you propose transcends in studied and iniquitous cruelty all the acts ever before brought to my attention in this dark history of war. In the name of God and of humanity, I protest against it, believing that you are expelling from their homes and firesides the wives and children of a brave people."

Gen. HOOD to JAMES M. CALHOUN, Mayor of Atlanta, says:

"I shall do all in my power to mitigate the terrible hardships and misery that must be brought upon your people by the extraordinary order of the Federal Commander."

The letter from Gen. SHERMAN to Gen. HOOD was not obtainable, but the following items from the notice issued by the Mayor of Atlanta, by the permission of Gen. SHERMAN, will give an idea thereof:

"All citizens are required to leave Atlanta and proceed either South or North. The Government will furnish transportation South as far as Rough-and-Ready, and North as far as Chattanooga. All citizens may take their moveable property with them. Transportation will be furnished for all moveables. Negroes who wish to do so may go with their masters. Other male negroes will be put in Government employ. Negro women and children will be sent out of the lines."

Gen. SHERMAN's order of the 14th inst. commences as follows:

"The City of Atlanta being exclusively for war-like purposes, will be at once vacated by all except the armies of the United States, and such civilian employes as may be retained by the proper departments of the Government."

The order concludes as follows:

"At the proper time just arrangements will be made for the supply to the troops of all articles they may need, over and above clothing, provisions, &c., furnished by the Government, and on no pretence whatever will traders, manufacturers or sutlers be allowed to settle in the limits of fortified places, and if they manage to come in spite of this notice the Quartermaster will seize their stores and appropriate them to the use of the troops and deliver the parties or other unauthorized citizens, who thus place their individual interest above that of the United States, over to the hands of some Provost-Marshal, to be put to labor on the forts or conscripted into one of the regiments or batteries already in the service. The same general principles will apply to all military posts south of Chattanooga."

INSIDE VIEW OF ATLANTA.

Condition of the City and its Inhabitants—Incidents of the Occupation—The Commissary Stores Distributed among the People by the Rebel Officers.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ATLANTA, Ga., Monday, Sept. 5, 1864.

The campaign which, under Gen. SHERMAN's able management, has just culminated in the occupation of Atlanta, is, for the present, at an end. The main army is returning from the scene of its recent brilliant achievements on the Macon road—achievements which, for simplicity of detail and grandeur of result, stand almost unrivaled by anything in the history of the war. As rapidly as the troops arrive they are assigned to the fortifications, or placed in position calculated to secure permanent possession of the newly acquired territory. Gen. SLOCUM who, with the Twentieth Corps, first occupied the city, remains in immediate charge of the important and intricate duty of garrisoning the forts and administering municipal affairs—duties perfectly familiar to this able Commander, of whose value Gen SHERMAN has previously shown a high appreciation by long intrusting him with the command of the difficult posts on the Mississippi River, of which Vicksburgh was one. Gen. SLOCUM has placed Col. COGGESWELL, commanding Second Massachusetts Volunteers, in command of the post of Atlanta. Lieut.-Col. MORSE, of the same regiment, is Acting Provost-Marshal, assisted in his duties by the officers and men of the regiment.

CONDITION OF THE CITY.

Confusion reigns supreme, as it does in all cases where soldiers first enter a captured city. But officers and men are learning the duties and stations required of them, as well as becoming familiar with the intricacies of the city, and acquainted with the peculiarities of the inhabitants, who require protection. There are a great many citizens requiring attention. A number of these are able-bodied men, who, for the most part, have avoided conscription by identifying themselves with the Fire Department or "police" of Atlanta. These fire companies, as well as the police, were regarded in the light of Home Guards. They were required to do no duty in the intrenchments, although the rebel army demanded their services as Provost Guards while it remained here. Many of these men claim to be, and undoubtedly are, loyal; but, admitting the loyalty of a large proportion of them, they are nevertheless dangerous, as organizations known to have been supporters of the Confederate cause. They still retain their engines and organization.

MASONS AND ODD FELLOWS.

These societies, once ruling powers in Atlanta, are pretty well broken up. The majority of the members being in the rebel army, there were not enough left to interest themselves or the authorities in their behalf in the preservation of their lodge rooms. The consequences are, that the halls have been entered by soldiery and citizens, and the furniture and peculiar paraphernalia of the orders have been broken up or exposed to the eyes of curious uninitiated persons, who, I am sorry to say, have respected neither the wooden "daggers" nor the "skeleton in the box." But all lawlessness is being rapidly suppressed. Armed guards are patrolling the streets and arresting all soldiers without passes, and all engaged in entering the unoccupied dwellings and stores for purposes of plunder, or from no better motive than idle curiosity.

BUSINESS

is at a stand-still. Whether the former merchants of Atlanta have followed the rebel army, or, remaining in town, have secreted their goods and vacated their warehouses, is not known; but it is certain that neither merchants nor goods are to be found. Many stores have been found to contain bulky articles, such as cotton bales, tobacco, furniture, hardware, &c.; but all valuable stores have been removed or secreted.

THE COMMISSARIAT.

No commissary stores were found in Atlanta for the reason that prior to leaving the city a general distribution of supplies remaining on hand was made by the rebel authorities. Citizens received all they could carry away or dispose of in their homes. They are, therefore, amply provided, and have no cause to call upon our armies for subsistence. What they have will not be taken from them unless stern necessity demands it. At present, as in the past, supplies are as regular and full as any army could wish. The troops have received full rations. The forethought and admirable energy of Col. AMOS BECKWITH, chief of Gen. SHERMAN's commissariat, has infused a spirit and ability into his department which has given the Western army, during the present campaign, what it never had on previous ones—full rations. Although several breaks have occurred in the railroad, the commissary department dependant upon it for supplies has never been seriously inconvenienced. The stores at Alatoona and Marietta are being transferred to the capacious depots in Atlanta as rapidly as transportation will admit.

THE RAILROAD

is repaired all the way to the city. A train entered on the 2d inst. only a few hours after Gen. SLOCUM led his troops into the forts and planted the flag on the Court-house. Below the city the track is very much destroyed by the effects of explosions of the rebel ammunition trains, which, when it was ascertained that Gen. SHERMAN had possession of the road—thus preventing its use in running out the cars—were blown up, causing terrible destruction of property in the immediate vicinity. An arsenal located near the track was also fired exploding its contents with a terrific noise plainly heard by the Twentieth Corps in camp on the Chattahoochee on the night of the 1st inst.

EFFECT OF SHELLS.

Almost every house in the centre and on the north and west ends of the town bear testimony to the skill and execution of our gunnery. The central portion of the city, located on Whitehall-street, and about the depot, is very much destroyed by shells, which must have come from Gen. THOMAS' front, to judge from their direction plainly indicated by the rents in the walls and floors of the buildings. Cannon shot and unexploded shells are found in great numbers in the cellars and streets. According to all accounts these missiles did but little execution other than to destroy property. Citizens located themselves mainly in the southern portion of the town, out of range of our guns.

OCCUPATION OF ATLANTA.

Atlanta was first entered about 11 o'clock on the morning of the 2d inst., by a reconnoitering force composed of detachments from GEARY's and WARD's divisions of the Twentieth Corps. The Commander of the force, having arrived in front of the fortifications, with but trifling resistance, sent a summons to the rebel lines, demanding a surrender, which was promptly complied with by the civil authorities, the military having sought safety in flight, after exchanging a few shots outside the fortifications. The flags of the Sixtieth New-York Volunteers and One Hundred and Eleventh Pennsylvania Volunteers were the first to wave on the court-house, although other regiments arrived simultaneously, but had no colors with them, or else did not display them.

GEN. SHERMAN'S PLAN.

The general features of the movement which resulted so gloriously for our cause are briefly as follows:

On the 23d August the whole army lay in the works before Atlanta. During the 24th and 25th, all the corps, except the Twentieth, moved rapidly and silently from their positions on the north and west to the southwest, to gain a position upon the enemy's flank. The Twentieth Corps remained in the intrenchments to cover the movement; but retired suddenly to the Chattahoochee as soon as the army under SHERMAN was fairly started. Gen. SHERMAN had several conflicts with the enemy, principally of cavalry, before he reached the position from which he could operate on the lines of communication between Atlanta and the South. No sooner was he in position than he struck boldly for the railroad, and reached it in the vicinity of Jonesboro, by means of routes ascertained chiefly by Gen. KILPATRICK during his expedition to that point. As soon as Gen. SHERMAN had reached the railroad in rear of Gen. HOOD, the fate of the city was determined; and the rebel General, after several unavailing efforts to dislodge Gen. SHERMAN, in which he lost many men, evacuated the position.

Your correspondents with the advance have, perhaps, already furnished you with the details of the incidents and battles which eventuated, with but slight sacrifice of life, in the discomfiture of HOOD and the capture of this position, which is only second in importance to that of Gen. LEE at Richmond.

HUGUENOT.

Opinions of the National and Rebel Soldiers on Political Questions.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

VINING'S STATION, Ga., Wednesday, Aug. 31, 1864.

When hostility ceases between the contending armies, and the respite extends through but a few days, the most perfect comity is established between the boys on picket. They come out of the pits, and loll and rollick with perfect security. A general system of bargaining becomes quickly established, and ease and freedom of conversation is the natural result. And this unrestrained intercourse would grow into friendly intimacy, in a short time, did not the system of rebel espoinage, everywhere present, prevent it. For the last week, in the rifle-pits before Atlanta, this state of things prevailed, and rebels and Federals were in daily confab. No firing existed between the parties, and by mutual consent they came into ready commerce.

The condition of the country and its political prospects are made topics of conversation between the parties so accidentally brought together. From these, the political atmosphere, with its distinct and meaning perfume is snuffed with accuracy. The agreements and differences in our several political positions are carefully noted and determined, and some curious facts leak out, showing the affinity subsisting between certain classes of politicians in the North and the ultra Southern interest. In a conversation between some of the Twentieth Corps and some of HOOD's old corps, (rebel, now CHEATHAM's,) our boys were told, with considerable assurance, that no battle would be risked by the Confederates until after the Chicago Convention, where and when they hoped that GEORGE B. MCCLELLAN would be nominated. "Hurrah for MCCLELLAN!" shouted the rebel soldiers. In this same spirit the officers of the rebel army participate with unfeigned pleasure. A Captain, whom it is not necessary to name, heard a rebel officer say, he wished to God MCCLELLAN may be elected for the next President of the United States. Whatever there may be in the bearing of these facts on the present condition or future prospects of the nation, the intelligence of the public will determine, and give them their proper application, and from them draw their own deductions for the weal or woe of our common country. We deem it right that this state of things should be known, that intelligent action may characterize the forthcoming conduct of the nation in its Presidential campaign.

Arrival of the Northern Light.

The steamship *Northern Light*, from Aspinwall, with advices to Sept. 6, arrived at this port last evening.

SPECIE LIST PER NORTHERN LIGHT.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

Order	$21,090	Jennings & Brewster	8,000
Duncan, Sherman & Co	30,000	Rich'd Patrick	34,934
Dewitt Kittle & Co	31,000	J. Strauss, Bros. & Co	30,000
B. Cohen & Co	57,400	Lees & Weller	73,500
J. B. Newton & Co	34,500	Wells, Fargo & Co	41,600
J. B. Coghill	6,000		
Total			$364,924

FROM ASPINWALL.

Colgate & Hoffman	$2,147	Order	1,000
Cartwright & Harrison	801	Ramon Vallauris	350
		James T. Jay	300
Total			$4,595
From San Francisco			364,924
Grand Total			$369,522

The Village of Kent, O.

MEADVILLE, Penn., Thursday, Sept 15.

On petition of the citizens of Franklin Mills, O., the name of that place was changed to Kent, in honor of MARVIN KENT, Esq., President of the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad Company.

Suspicious Steamer.

BOSTON, Thursday, Sept. 15.

A steamer, supposed to be a blockade-runner, (probably the *Georgia*, from Liverpool, via Beaufort,) is off Cape Cod.

Fifth-avenue Evening Stock Exchange.

$20,000 Amer. Gold	228	100 Chi. & N. W. R b3	85
200 Erie R.	105⅞	200 do. s3	85
300 Hud. Riv. R.	117⅜	500 Cumberl'd Coal	64½
500 Mich. Southern b5	82	100 do. b3	64⅜
100 do. s5	81⅜	300 Mar. Mining Co.	43⅜
200 P., F. W. & C. b3	110⅞	100 do.	43⅜
400 do. s3	110⅝		

BOY INSTANTLY KILLED.—Yesterday afternoon a boy named JAMES JONA, nine years of age, met with a fatal accident in Hudson-avenue. It appears that he mounted the wheel of a kindling-wood wagon, which was standing in the street, and the driver, not perceiving him, drove on. The lad fell under the wheel and was run over. His head was completely smashed, causing instant death. The remains were conveyed to the residence of his mother, on the corner of Navy and York streets.

LOYAL DEMONSTRATIONS.

Serenade and Dinner to Gov. Curtin and Gens. Hooker and Franklin.

Loyal Sentiments of a War Democrat.

Speeches of Governor Curtin and General Franklin.

A delegation composed of citizens of Pennsylvania, temporarily resident in this City, serenaded Gov. CURTIN and Major-Gens. HOOKER and FRANKLIN, last night, and also tendered them a complimentary dinner at the Astor House. The tables, spread with good cheer by the Messrs. STETSON, were cleared, and the wine had been discussed, when the President, Judge DERRICKSON, of Pennsylvania, rose and introduced GEORGE DE CAMP, Esq., of Erie.

MR. DE CAMP'S REMARKS.

The speaker said that he had been unexpectedly called upon this evening, but in these times it was vain to make excuses; it was in vain to disguise the objects of such a meeting as this. It was war, bitter, unrelenting war, and it was to compliment that man, Gov. CURTIN, who, through good or evil, had stood up among them holding fast by the eagles of his country. Nothing had drawn him from his post, he still stood there, the model Governor, upholding the flag of the Union, comforting its defenders. The soldiers of Pennsylvania whitened every battlefield with their bones. More than 200,000 of her sons had gone forth to fight for ther country. After the record of Pennsylvania for the last three years, who would not be proud to call himself a citizen of the Keystone State. New-York and Pennsylvania both had their history and their heroes, but Pennsylvania had a Governor who remembered that the first sentence of the oath he had taken bound him to preserve the Constitution of the United States; not alone of Pennsylvania, but of the United States. He had no time to consort with traitors to revile a Government led by such a chieftain as ABRAHAM LINCOLN. [Enthusiastic cheering.] When ABRAHAM LINCOLN was a candidate before, he, the speaker, had persecuted him even to remote places. He was then and is now a Democrat, but he now looked upon ABRAHAM LINCOLN as the first man in America. [Cheers.] A man raised up by Providence to save us—a man who had stood up through everything for the preservation of this Union. In this crisis there were but two parties—the one standing with ABRAHAM LINCOLN where WASHINGTON stood in the Revolution; the other standing where BENEDICT ARNOLD and his associates stood. Only two parties, one of true men, the other of traitors. [Great cheering.] All men must see him. ABRAHAM LINCOLN had stood by this Union, courageously and with unflinching purpose. Let no man speak of an armistice until the last armed rebel was buried or disarmed. It was the old flag, and the HOOKERS, GRANTS and FARRAGUTS that upheld it, that had made us the great nation that we were. Emissaries of JEFF. DAVIS told us that the four years of war had been an experiment and a failure. Ask the mighty General here present, ask GRANT, ask FARRAGUT, ask SHERMAN if it is a failure. Let him be numbered among the Arnolds, the Iscariots, who would ask the proud army and navy of America to lay down their arms to rebels. [Cheers.]

The speaker offered the following toast, and sat down amidst immense applause:

Gov. Curtin—May he stand in the future as in the past, the proud defender of the American flag, and carry to the end of time the memory of the proud position he has won in his day, of being the model Governor of the Free States in this tremendous struggle for the rights and liberties of America.

GOV. CURTIN

spoke as follows: Fellow-citizens of Pennsylvania, the honor and pleasure of this company is entirely unexpected to me. I am in New-York, from the fact that the condition of my health compels me to separate myself for a time, at least, from my cares and duties. You are here from business and other legitimate causes. I could hardly have expected this gratifying assembly, and yet, fellow-citizens, this is the highest reward that can be paid to any officer for the faithful discharge of his official duties. We are not ashamed of being Pennsylvanians, no we glory in it, and I would pity a man who would now be ashamed of her. A long time ago the population passed over our mountains to the great prairies of the West, but now it comes to our State, for we have found jewels concealed in our mountain recesses. We now give to the country coal to heat and to drive the steam engines, and we give them iron bars for the rail cars to run over, but we also give them more. Some philosopher touched the earth and oil flowed out. And though we give great quantities of coal and iron, our oil exceeds them both. Population now comes to Pennsylvania, and we are increasing rapidly. Emigrants come there from the North and the East and the West, and we invite youth, and wealth, and enterprise to come among us. Pennsylvania, by her labor and enterprise, has greatly tended to the comfort and wealth of our country. Our merchants have succeeded, and our husbandmen have seen the results of their labor. Pennsylvania, in 1662, was founded in peace, and in this war the name of Pennsylvania can be named with pride wherever the martial virtues are known and recognized. The gentleman who preceded me said Pennsylvania had supported the Government. That is all she has done, and we feel proud of her; and we have the satisfaction of knowing that the Council of the pioneers of this great country sat in Pennsylvania. We have our ever-to-be-remembered Independence Hall; and we have the pleasure and satisfaction of knowing that GEORGE WASHINGTON was called to command the armies of the colonies from Pennsylvania. Whatever may happen, peaceful old Pennsylvania will be the last to leave the Constitution. Others may do as they please. Pennsylvania regards it as the greatest boon ever given to man. Pennsylvania knows the value of that Government and Pennsylvania has said that by the Grace of God this Government shall not fall. [Great applause.] We know no new style of Government, we take it from our forefathers; it was good enough for them, and it is good enough for us, and we wish to give it to our children. But I would not speak of Pennsylvania alone, for you, also, of this great New-York, and others, have done well, and I look with pride upon the fact that Pennsylvanians, resident in New-York, formed societies, and took care of the sick and wounded Pennsylvania soldiers in New-York. Yet you should remember, fellow-citizens, that it is not Pennsylvania alone we are proud of, for we have even a higher position—we are American citizens; that is a title which shall ever live, which no traitor can take from us, and one which every man should leave to his children or else go down and join the traitors. I have found that all classes in Pennsylvania irrespective of party or politics have always worked together in all matters for the good of the country. Would that the whole country was of one mind that they might appreciate the blessings of our country and its Constitution. I feel sincerely grateful to you for the pleasure of this evening, the greatest compliment of my life, this spontaneous gathering. I would that every man now with the rebels would say that he would no longer be disobedient, and that he would lay down his arms, and then there would be an immediate and an honorable peace. The gentleman also said I had never turned aside from the support of the Government and our armies in the field, and I never have. Gentlemen I would not have you to be too proud of Pennsylvania. This is a great City, the greatest commercial city of the country. In traveling through Western New-York, I have found that they were very much like Pennsylvanians, and when I stood among its great mountains, I felt a great pride that I was an American citizen. [Great applause.] When we see our value and wealth, and know that it is all due to our Government, then think what we owe to this Government

You must excuse me for having, at this pleasant meeting, said so much about our nationality. I have spoken about it so often that "I have it on the brain." [Laughter and applause.] I again thank you, gentlemen. I am, to-night, proud of being a Governor, and proud that I am Governor of the State I am.

At the close of his speech, six hearty cheers were given to Gov. CURTIN. After which was given the toast of

"The Army of the United States."

GENERAL FRANKLIN

being called to respond, stated that this was the first gathering of any kind at which he had ever been called to speak. He said he had been connected intimately with the army from the first defeat at Bull Run to the last great victory at Atlanta. It had done its duty and would do it again, but the people must do more. He understood a draft was to take place on Monday next, and the people must be ready for it. But he would now speak as a Pennsylvanian. A great deal had been said about Pennsylvania having been recreant in not resisting the late invasion. He wished to draw a parallel case. The *Tallahassee*, it is well known, was for some time around New-York and the New-England States. Now, there are plenty of North River steamers, why were they not filled up with sharpshooters and sent out to take her? But, more men were wanted in the army. No one in the army would say peace; and they only wanted more men to carry them on to great and glorious victories. The General continued for some moments, and was heartily cheered. After he had finished, toasts were offered, speeches made by Hon. RUFUS F. ANDREWS and others, after which the assemblage separated.

JANITOR OF THE NEW COURT-HOUSE.—The Kings County Board of Supervisors yesterday elected EDWARD MCCLURE, a disabled soldier, as janitor of the new Court-house.

Sporting Intelligence.

THE PATERSON FALL MEETING.

Yesterday (Thursday) the third and closing day of the Fall meeting of the Passaic County Association, passed off with a splendor, which reflected its light on the admirable management which pervaded the whole affair from beginning to end. If we were poetic, which we are not, we should possibly be induced to say that the Paterson Fall meeting culminated in a blaze of beauty and glory, and unanimous satisfaction. The day was remarkably fine, and the attendance was correspondingly large. The ladies being in the ascendant, (and very properly in the grand stand,) nothing more beautiful than the surrounding scenery of the course could be well imagined. The mellow tints of Autumn tinging the forest trees, the sun-illuminating plateau and woodland dell, and gilding with autumnal hues the ever-changing landscape, gave an enchantment to the view which will be remembered by "sea-coal fire" when Winter in his drear garment is upon us. Would it were always Autumn, for when the boys shake the apple-trees, that, to our thinking—we may be wrong or right—is by far the pleasantest season of the year. Would we were always young, and chronic rheumatism—another name for inflammatory gout—would permit us to disport ourselves as we used to do in the days that are faded and gone. The wish may be father to the thought, but that wish is hopeless. We have only to deal with facts as they come before us. The following is a summary of Thursday's racing:

FIRST RACE.

The Sequal Stakes, a sweepstake premium of $300 for 3-year olds; $50 entrance, play or pay; two-mile dash.

Mr. John Hunter entered b. c. Kentucky 1
Mr. A. C. Jennings entered ch. c. Lexicon 2
Mr. C. Wheatley entered b. f. by imp. Kt. St. George 3

TIME—First mile, 1:53½; total, 3:52½.

SECOND RACE.

Premium of $800, for all ages; three-mile heats. Walk over.

THIRD RACE.

The Consolation Premium of $300, for all ages; one and a quarter mile dash.

Mr. J. S. Watson, New-Jersey, entered b. c. Capt. Moore 1
Mr. D. Ready, Canada, entered b. c. Copeck 2
Mr. P. C. Bush, New-Jersey, entered b. c. Ben Bruce 3
Mr. F. Morris, New-York, entered b. f. by Imp. Eclipse 4

Time, 2:20.

FOURTH RACE.

Handicap stake, for all horses, mile heats, $300 added; $20 entrance, $5 forfeit.

Mr. Ready entered b. c. Copeck 1 4 4
Mr. Bush entered b. f. Lurline 2 2 2
Mr. Morris entered g. g. Throgs Neck 3 1 1
Mr. Strong entered ch. c. Garibaldi 4 3 3
Mr. Weldon entered ch. f. Charlotte F .... dis.

TIME—First heat, 1:50; second heat, 1:53¼; third heat, 1:53¾.

The Paterson Association, not content with the remarkable success which attended their regular meeting, in earnest anxiety to close brilliantly, edged on a match between *Kentucky* and *Aldebaran*, at two mile heats, which comes off on Saturday; the match being for $5,000—the association giving a purse as an appendage of $750. In order to make the day complete, there will be a handicap race, and, in all probability, a third race, possibly a hurdle one.

Cricket.

NEW-YORK VS. BRONXVILLE.

These two clubs will play a match to-day at Westchester, on the ground of the Bronxville club.

The Great Billiard Match.

KAVANAGH AGAIN VICTORIOUS—THE GOLDEN CUE REMAINS IN NEW-YORK.

An audience of over 2,000 persons were present at the Champion Billiard Match, at the Hippotheatron, last evening. The lateness of the hour enables us to only give the summary. A full report will appear probably to-morrow. Total score—KAVANAH, 1,500; TIEMAN, 927. Highest runs—KAVANAH, 147; TIEMAN, 139. Winner's average, 14-57. Time, 4 hours 15 minutes.

[Advertisement.]

MARRIAGE.—A Pleasant Courtship and a Jewish Wedding—Customs in India and in Lapland—Married Belles. See October No. *Phrenological Journal*. 20 cts. FOWLER & WELLS, No. 389 Broadway. Newsmen have it.

MR. LINCOLN.—See his Phrenology and Physiognomy, in October *Phrenological Journal*. Newsmen have it.

OUR NEW TREASURER, MR. FESSENDEN.—For Portrait and Analysis of Character, see October *Phrenological Journal*.

STAMMERING—Its Causes and its Cure. See *Phrenological Journal* for October. Newsmen have it. 20 cts. FOWLER & WELLS, No. 389 Broadway.

OUR TEETH.—Are they large, small, long, short, regular or irregular? For PHYSIOGNOMY, or "signs of character," see *Phrenological Journal* for October.

A TALK AMONG THE ORGANS.—Natural Language of the Faculties. See "DEBATE IN CRANIA," in October *Phrenological Journal*. Now ready.

THE "SOUL AND SPIRIT."—Are we immortal? The Story of Adam and Eve—in October *Phrenological Journal*.

"THE HUMAN FACE DIVINE."—See October No. *Phrenological Journal*. Newsmen have it.

FOWLER & WELLS, 389 Broadway, N. Y.

[Advertisement.]

DANNVILLE, Penn., June 2, 1862.

DR. WM. H. GREGG—*Dear Sir:* In February, 1861, I was afflicted with sugar diabetes, and for five months I passed more than two gallons of water in twenty-four hours. I was obliged to get up as often as ten or twelve times during the night, and in five months I lost about fifty pounds in weight. During the month of July, 1861, I procured two bottles of Constitution Water, and after taking two bottles I was entirely cured, soon after regaining my usual good health. Yours, truly,

J. V. L. DEWITT.

Sold wholesale by MORGAN & ALLEN, No. 46 Cliff-street, and all druggists.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING's Patent Champion Fire proof Safes, and HERRING's new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD's Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

KNOX's Fall Hats for gentlemen are ready, at No. 212 Fulton-st., corner of Broadway.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Creole, from New-Orleans—Capt. C. H. Sweeting and wife, Mrs. R. Woodruff, A. C. Hill and wife, Miss Saraqueta, Mr. Hoffman, W. C. Holt, C. B. Skinner, B. F. M. Sakas, L. Asher, John Lane, S. M. Westmore, J. C. Smith, K. E. Terry and servant, Capt. L. S. Lumley, Capt. T. Tileston, Lieut. V. B. M. Bergen, T. Wells, Charles Padey, James Girandon, A. C. Waugh, H. W. Knoche and wife, C. Victor and child, Mrs. Daly and daughter, P. Hickey, wife and 4 children, E. Welsch, Chas. Brown, M. Maguire, T. C. Jackson, P. Stacy and wife, and 31 in the steerage.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.... 5 41 | Sun sets..... 6 08 | Moon rises.. 6 26

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 7 38 | Gov. Island.. 8 27 | Hell Gate.... 9 49

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....THURSDAY, Sept. 15.

Cleared.

Steamship Baltimore, Lewis, Washington, Jas. Hand.

Steamer Thames, Arey, Washington.

Ships Europa, (Brem.,) Von Hagen, Genoa, C. Luling & Co.; Ocean Eagle, Collins, Boston, Thayer & Peabody; A. & E. Lovett, (Br.,) Chipman, Havre, Boyd & Hincken; Fair Wind, Taylor, San Francisco, Seth Taylor.

Bark Alacrity, Gooch, London, Napier & Welsford.

Brigs Sitka, Browne, Lingan, F. Talbot & Co.; Victoria, (Br.,) Davison, St. John, N. F., J. F. Whitney & Co.; Lily, (Br.,) Edsall, Cork, H. J. & C. A. De Wolf.

Schooners J. W. Drisco, Drisco, Philadelphia, Simpson & Clapp; Evelyn, Palmer, Stamford; S. A. Middleton, Ames, Washington, L. Kenny; Lion, Hawes, Boston, S. W. Lewis & Co.; Martha Nichols, Small, Lingan, G. B. Swain; R. Fowler, Oliver, Baltimore, J. W. McKee; Gazelle, (Br.,) Swain, Halifax, B. F. Small & Co.; E. H. Atwood, Rich, Philadelphia, C. B. Swain; Sahwa, Jasper, Lingan, F. Talbot & Co.; Coral, Kent, Bangor, R. P. Buck & Co.; Four Brothers, (Br.,) Bassett, Fredericton, N. B., P. I. Nevius & Son; Gem, Morris, Norwalk.

Arrived.

Steamship Varuna, Whitehurst, City Point, via Fortress Monroe 21 hours, to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster. On the afternoon of the 13th, the schr. Mary ——, of Baltimore, when coming down the James River, ran ashore at the mouth of the Chickahominy. The crew (three negroes) left her, and subsequently got on board the steamship Perit. At 11 P. M. she was captured and burned by the rebels and the Captain taken prisoner.

Steamship Creole, Thompson, New-Orleans 7 ds., with mdse. and passengers to Lendlam, Heineker & Co. 8th inst., 6 A. M., signalized steamship E. B. Louder, 130 miles S. E. of Belize. From lat. 32, experienced heavy northerly gales.

Steamship Liberty, Wilson, Havana 4 ds., with mdse. and passengers to Hargous & Co. Experienced head winds and heavy seas during the passage. Left steamship Havana, to sail for New-York.

U. S steam transport City of Richmond, Kelly, New-Orleans Sept. 4, via Fortress Monroe 36 hours, with 350 of the Veteran Reserve Corps to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster. 14th inst., off Chincoteague, boarded the schr. Aquila, of Philadelphia, waterlogged, both masts gone, and abandoned; had been previously boarded and stripped.

Steamship Havana, Greene, Havana 10th inst., with mdse. and passengers to T. Ascenaio.

U. S. steam transport Ranger, ——, Fortress Monroe 40 hours, to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

Steamer Sarah, Jones, Philadelphia, with mdse. to Wm. Kirkpatrick & Co.

Steamer Novelty, Shaw, Philadelphia, with mdse. to Wm. Kirkpatrick & Co.

Steamer Osprey, Aldrich, Providence, with mdse. to E. Bynner.

Steamer Trenton, Wilson, Trenton, with mdse. to C. H. Hoagland.

Bark Rambler, Packard, Miragoane 16 ds., with mdse. to Robert Murray, Jr.

Brig Alice Franklin, (of Yarmouth, N. S.,) Brow Cienfuegos Aug. 10, with sugar and molasses to P. Harmony's Nephews & Co.—vessel to Sturges & Co. Has been 16 ds. N. of Hatteras with N. & N. E. winds. Sept. 5, 8 miles E. by S. from Barnegat, took a heavy gale from E. N. E., and was blown off to the lat. of 37 and lon. 75; lost sails and started deck-load.

Brig Levant, (of London,) Smith, Padang May 14, Mauritius June 8, and St. Helena July 19, with coffee, etc. to master.

Brig A. J. Ross, (of Searsport,) Small, Remedios 15 ds., with sugar, etc., to R. P. Buck & Co.

Brig Cosmos, Talbot, Cienfuegos 8 ds., with sugar to Simpson & Clapp.

Brig Startled Fawn, Shaw, Aux Cayes 20 ds., with logwood, etc., to Brett, Son & Co.

Brig Oroeus, Anthon, Washington, D. C., 10 ds., to master.

Schr. Wm. Cousens, (of Prince Edward Island,) Bell, St. John, P. R., with molasses to B. F. Small & Co.

Schr. Loring, Webb, Pedro Keys 33 ds., with guano to Thompson & Hunter.

Schr. Lilly, Francis, Fernandina, Fla., 18 ds., in ballast to N. L. McCready & Co.

Schr. Carrie Wells, Sanford, Philadelphia, for Providence.

Schr. Mayflower, Henderson, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Cyprus, Cole, Elizabethport, for Calais.

Schr. New Globe, Strang, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Golden Rule, West, Elizabethport, for Salem.

Schr. Thos. Hix, Hall, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. J. & N. Steelman, Nickerson, Providence.

Schr. Isabella, Allen, Providence.

Schr. Galota, Lovell, Boston, for Albany.

Schr. Joseph, Norton, Port Jefferson.

Schr. Andrew Peters, Lord, Rondout, for Boston.

Schr. Forest, Strout, Rondout, for Boston.

Schr. Maria & Elizabeth, Baker, Maryland, wood.

Schr. Arlington, Weaver, Washington, in ballast.

Schr. M. A. Predmore, Weaver, Baltimore, in ballast.

Schr. Wm. Crocker, Hodgson, Virginia, with wood.

Schr. Moderator, Letts, Fortress Monroe.

Schr. M. Van Name, Van Name, Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. N. & T. Cramer, Mathias, Virginia, with wood.

Miscellaneous.

The new steamship Moro Castle, of Spofford, Tileston & Co.'s line to Havana, was launched this morning from the Messrs. Westervelt's yard, foot of Houston-st.

BOSTON, Sept. 15.—The bark Alonzo, from Boston for Halifax, and the steamtug N. B. Starbuck, ashore on the Spit, got off last night without damage. The bark proceeded on her way.

NORTH SYDNEY, C. B., Sept. 14—Three vessels at Bellone's and one at Archibald's Mines, were badly wrecked yesterday. The brig Annie Grieve is the only one of the four whose name has been learned.

Spoken, &c.

Denmark—brig, from Remedios for Boston, Sept. 9, lat. 37, lon. 74 10.

Hattie Bradford—brig, strg. S., was seen, Sept. 3, lat. 30 38, lon. 69 15.

Vincent—brig, of Bath, for New-Orleans, Sept. 8, lat. 37 20, lon. 75 05.

Foreign Ports.

At Miragoane, Aug. 30, bark Wilhelmine, for New-York in 6 ds.; brig Alice, for Boston Sept. 4.

PEREGO'S

PATENT BOSOM

SHIRT.

Perfect Fitting

AND

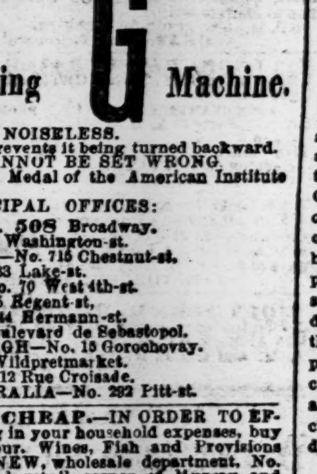
MORE DURABLE

Than any Other.

READY MADE

OR

TO ORDER.



IRA PEREGO & SONS

NO. 175 BROADWAY—NO. 85 NASSAU-ST., N. Y.

WILLCOX & GIBBS

Sewing Machine.

IT IS ENTIRELY NOISELESS.

A patented device prevents it being turned backward.

THE NEEDLE CANNOT BE SET WRONG.

It received the Gold Medal of the American Institute in 1863.

PRINCIPAL OFFICES:

NEW-YORK—No. 508 Broadway.
BOSTON—No. 282 Washington-st.
PHILADELPHIA—No. 715 Chestnut-st.
CHICAGO—No. 133 Lake-st.
CINCINNATI—No. 70 West 4th-st.
LONDON—No. 135 Regent-st.
HAMBURG—No. 44 Hermann-st.
PARIS—No. 82 Boulevard de Sebastopol.
ST. PETERSBURGH—No. 15 Gorochovay.
VIENNA—No. 9 Wildpretmarket.
BRUSSELS—No. 12 Rue Croisade.
SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA—No. 292 Pitt-st.

HOW TO LIVE CHEAP.—IN ORDER TO EFfect a great saving in your household expenses, buy your Teas, Coffees, Flour, Wines, Fish and Provisions from THOMAS R. AGNEW, wholesale department, No. 262 Greenwich-st., and retail corner of Murray and Greenwich sts. One price cash house.

POLITICAL.

SEND TO HEADQUARTERS FOR CAMPAIGN GOODS.

30 VARIETIES, ELEGANT DESIGNS, NOW READY, CAMPAIGN MEDALS AND CAMPAIGN PINS, embracing all the candidates.

Also, Campaign Envelopes, Campaign Song Books, Campaign Text Books, &c. Descriptive Catalogue of Campaign Goods sent, post paid, on application. Address

B. W. HITCHCOCK,
Campaign Headquarters,
No. 14 Chambers-st., N. Y.

TWENTY-FIRST WARD UNION ASSOCIATION.

A meeting of this association will be held at their headquarters, XXIst Ward, Union Reading Rooms, No. 435 4th-av., THIS (Friday) EVENING, Sept. 16, at 7½ o'clock.

THOMAS MURPHY, President.

ROBERT DUNCAN, Secretary.

THE NEW CAMPAIGN LANTERNS. (patented,) with fine illuminated portraits and mottoes of the Presidential candidates, candles, rockets, bombs, batteries, flags, &c. Excelsior Fire-work Depot, FUNSTON & SCOFIELD, No. 9 Dey-st., near Broadway, New-York.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

FASHION COURSE, L. I.—TROTTING.—$3,000

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 21, and WEDNESDAY, Sept. 28,

THE TWO GREATEST CONTESTS

that ever took place on Long Island, in which the following renowned champions will contend for the supremacy of the trotting turf, viz.:

GENERAL BUTLER,
GEORGE WILKES (late ROBT. FILLINGHAM,)
JOHN MORGAN,
LADY EMMA and
PRINCE.

FIRST DAY.

Purse of $1,000, with an inside stake of $250 each, play or pay; mile heats; best 3 in 5, in harness.

SECOND DAY.

Purse of $1,000, with an inside stake of $250 each, play or pay; mile heats; best 3 in 5, to wagons.

ALL FIVE ARE SURE TO START,

and two of the most exciting contests ever witnessed will inevitably ensue. They will start at 2 o'clock each day.

Boats will leave 34th-st. ferry every five minutes, and James slip every quarter of an hour, throughout the forenoon, for Hunter's Point, in connection with the trains of the Flushing Railroad Company, who will run extra trains throughout the morning.

A GUARANTEED SPECIAL TRAIN

will leave Hunter's Point at 1½ P. M., reaching the course in ample time for the trot, which will remain at the station to convey the passengers back when the trot is concluded. There will also be a train from Hunter's Point at 2½ P. M.

Pools will be sold by Somerndyke & Armstrong, at Lafayette Hall, on MONDAY and TUESDAY EVENINGS, at 8 P. M., and at the course at 12 M., on the day of the trot.

JOSEPH CROCHERON, Manager.

SAMUEL SMITH

has opened his office at No. 32 Grand-st., Williamsburgh, L. I. The highest prices paid to volunteers and for substitutes to fill the quota of Queens County, L. I.

OFFICE OF SHELDEN AND COLUMBIAN COPPER CO., No. 21 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN assessment of Three Dollars Per Share has been levied upon the Capital Stock of the Shelden and Columbian Copper Company, payable on the 26th September instant, at the office of the Company. No transfers of stock will be allowed after the above date unless the assessment shall have been paid thereon. By order.

JAMES H. STEBBINS, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 15, 1864.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY a single man, German, who thoroughly understands greenhouse, grapery, flowers, vegetables, and all that is necessary for a first-class place. Apply, for a few days, to A. F. H., Box No. 187 *Times* Office. Best of references given.

FURNITURE.—WANTED TO HIRE, SUFFIcient furniture to furnish two large floors, four rooms on each. Address GEORGE AUGUSTUS SCRIVEN, Brooklyn Post-office.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—HANDSOME suites of apartments and single rooms, unfurnished, will be let, with full board, in a large brown-stone house, No. 111 Montague-place, opposite the Academy of Music.

WANTED—A NURSE, TO TAKE CARE OF TWO little girls; must be a Protestant and understand plain sewing; none others need apply at 42 East 11th-st.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE

CURES DYSPEPSIA WITHOUT FAIL.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

CURES NAUSEA AT STOMACH.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

CURES CRAMPS AND COLIC PAINS.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

CURES CHOLERA MORBUS EVERY TIME.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

CURES INDIGESTION AS SURE AS YOU TAKE IT.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

CURES HEARTBURN AND HEADACHE.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

REGULATES AND TONES THE STOMACH.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

Is a sovereign remedy for all diseases of the STOMACH and BOWELS.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

Cures FEVER and AGUE—let those afflicted with this malady try it.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

Cures instantaneously—and you do not have to wait a week to see its affect.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

Is the greatest appetizer ever known—it not only creates the appetite, but enables you to easily digest your food.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

Is recommended by all the leading physicians.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

Is an invaluable friend to all who are weak, debilitated, and in a low state of normal action.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE

Is warranted to do all we have claimed for it, and we will furnish you certificates of our best citizens and clergymen to back up our statement.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE

Is indispensable to the portmanteau of every traveler, as it at once prevents dizziness or sea-sickness, either in steamers or cars, and is a never-failing preventive of danger from change of water and climate. Do not do without it.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE

Does not exhilarate and excite the patient sufferer like alcoholic bitters and beverages, all advertised to cure dyspepsia, but it is a medicine most wonderfully adapted to all diseases of the stomach and bowels.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE

Will relieve distress from food or purify a foul stomach, in less time than it takes to write this line.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE

Has no equal in the world as a remedial agent. There is not a preparation now known that is as certain, speedy and infallible in its action—relieving and curing at once. We say this, positively.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE

Is prepared by the originator of the justly celebrated Coe's Cough Balsam. Mr. Coe has never prepared a medicinal article for public and general use but what has stood the strongest tests, and has always borne the palm of victory over every disease it has been certified to cure.

Will you who are suffering from Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nausea, Heartburn, Sick-Headache, Cramp and Pains in the Stomach and Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery and General Debility and weakness of the whole system, try but a single bottle, we will never urge you again, if we fail in this case. Our own knowledge of its merits, the united testimony of all who have ever tried it, the encomiums of hundreds of our own neighbors, your duty to yourself, and the beneficial result, as certain as the sunshine, all earnestly, persistently, urge you to just try one bottle. If what we say is not correct, if our statements concerning its wonderful virtues are not found to be true, if you do not see that the operation of the medicine is instantaneous and perfectly wonderful, we will renounce our profession as caterers to the public health, and retire from the field, admitting that we are incompetent to compound a medicinal preparation which would be entitled to your confidence.

Sold by druggists everywhere. Price $1 per bottle.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

C. G. CLARK & CO., Proprietors,
New-Haven, Conn.

DEMAS BARNES & CO., No. 21 Park-row, New-York.
F. C. WELLS & CO., Franklin-st., General Agents.

TO THE LADIES OF AMERICA,

LYON'S PERIODICAL DROPS,
LYON'S PERIODICAL DROPS,
THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY
THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY.

LYON'S PERIODICAL DROPS cure all complaints incident to the sex, and remove all obstructions of nature, from whatever cause, producing health, vigor and strength.

LYON'S PERIODICAL DROPS are better than all pills, powders and nostrums; being a fluid preparation their action is direct and positive, and it needs nothing but good common sense to see and understand the reason why they cure all those ills to which the female system is subjected, with dispatch and a degree of certainty which nothing but a scientifically compounded fluid preparation could reach. They are, in the most obstinate cases,

RELIABLE, AND SURE TO DO GOOD!
RELIABLE, AND SURE TO DO GOOD!
AND CANNOT DO HARM.
AND CANNOT DO HARM.

To the most delicate constitutions.

LYON'S PERIODICAL DROPS will certainly produce the regular return of nature, if taken a day or two before the expected period, and it is a maxim in the profession, that prevention is better than cure.

LYON'S PERIODICAL DROPS have been used by over twenty-five thousand ladies, within the past six months, and the testimony of all is, "It surely cures."

CAUTION!! CAUTION!!!

Bear in mind that I guarantee my DROPS TO CURE Suppression of the Menses, from whatever cause, though care should be taken to ascertain if pregnancy be the cause, as these DROPS would be sure to produce miscarriage, if taken whilst in that situation, and all are cautioned against using them, as I wish it distinctly understood that I do not hold myself responsible when used under such circumstances.

TO MARRIED LADIES

They are peculiarly adapted, as they bring the monthly period with such perfect regularity.

I could furnish any quantity of testimonials of its efficacy from my own patients, but the practice of parading bought and fictitious ones before the public is so prevalent, that I do not deem it advisable.

Do not suffer from these irregularities when an investment of one dollar in Lyon's Periodical Drops will regulate and restore nature to its healthy course; and

DO NOT BE IMPOSED UPON
DO NOT BE IMPOSED UPON

by those who have other preparations, which they desire to palm off upon the strength of the popularity of my Drops. But when the druggist you apply to has not got them, either make him buy them for you, or else inclose one dollar to the nearest general wholesale agent, who will return you a bottle by return express.

See that the name of Jno. L. Lyon is written upon the directions which are wrapped around each bottle. None others are genuine. Therefore, beware of counterfeits. They are for sale by every druggist in city and country, at one dollar ($1) per bottle. If you wish relief, take no other.

DR. JNO. L. LYON,
Practicing Physician, New-Haven, Conn.

Who can be consulted concerning all diseases, either personally or by letter.

C. G. CLARK & CO., New-Haven, Conn.,
General Agents for the United States and Canadas.
DEMAS BARNES & CO., No. 21 Park-row.
F. C. WELLS & CO., Franklin-st.,
General Agents.

I have the above preparation in large or small quantities.

H. B. HELMBOLD,
No. 594 Broadway.